How to Set Up Your Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan

To assist you with setting up your Premiere Select® Retirement Plan – Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, we've provided a checklist of the forms and documents needed to establish and administer your plan.

Applicable Form/Document	Employer Instructions	Send to your investment representative	Keep in your files
Qualified Retirement Plan Standardized Adoption Agreement – Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan	Complete this Adoption Agreement in its entirety.	1	(A copy)
Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan Account Application	Each participant of the plan (including the employer) must complete an application. Make out separate checks for each participant for deposit into the investment vehicle selected as the core account investment vehicle.	1	(A copy)
Customer Agreement	This Agreements governs your relationship with your Broker/Dealer and National Financial Services LLC (NFS) in connection with your brokerage account.		/
Qualified Retirement Plan and Trust – Defined Contribution Basic Plan Document 04	This is a copy of the document that describes the rules, terms, conditions, and provisions of your Plan. The prototype sponsor of the Plan is generally responsible for keeping this document up-to-date and will notify you of any amendments to the Plan.		1

- Self-employed individuals and owner-only businesses and partnerships are eligible to establish and participate in an Individual 401(k). The business owner's employee-spouse may also participate.
- Certain provisions in the Qualified Plan and Trust document do not apply as reflected in the Adoption Agreement.
- If you wish to transfer your current Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan to the Premiere Select Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, call your investment representative to obtain a Transfer of Assets form. Once completed, this form will be sent to the financial institution where your current retirement plan assets are held. You should consult legal counsel to determine if you are required to file Form 5310-A with the IRS 30 days before plan assets (or liabilities) are merged, consolidated, or transferred. The IRS will impose a penalty on plan sponsors or administrators for failing to file this form in a timely manner.
- If you wish to take a distribution, a separate distribution form can be obtained through your investment representative.

Standardized Adoption Agreement Instructions

All applicable sections of the Adoption Agreement must be completed. These are instructions for certain sections based on the options that are available to you.

Note: This is not the Adoption Agreement. Do not return these Instructions.

Instructions for Completing Section Three: Contributions

Roth Elective Deferrals are not available. If selecting Option 1 in this section, check Suboption (b), No.		
Part A.	Elective Deferrals	
	Authorization of Elective Deferrals	
	Will Elective Deferrals be permitted under this Plan (select one)?	
	Option 1: Yes. (Complete the following.)	
	Will Roth Elective Deferrals be permitted under this Plan in addition to Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals?	
	Suboption (a): Yes.	
	Suboption (b): No.	
	NOTE: If no suboption is selected, Suboption (a) will apply.	
	Option 2: No.	
	NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 1 will apply. A Contributing Participant's combined Pre-Tax and Roth Elective Deferrals during their taxable year will not exceed the limit contained in Code section 402(g) in effect at the beginning of such taxable year.	

Instructions for Completing Section Five: Distributions and Loans

Loans are not available. Leave this section blank or check Option 2, No.				
Loans				
Will a Participant be entitled to request a loan pursuant to Plan Section 5.14 (select one)?				
Option 1: Yes.				
Option 2: V No.				
NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 2 will apply.				

Instructions for Completing Section Seven: Miscellaneous

Life Insurance is not available. Leave this section blank or check Option 2, No.				
Life Insurance				
Will life insurance investments be permitted under the Plan (select one)?				
Option 1: Yes.				
Option 2: V No.				
NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 2 will apply.				

Instructions for Completing Section Eight: Trustee and Custodian

Fidelity Management Trust Company will serve as Directed Trustee. As illustrated below, complete this section as follows:

- Select Financial Organization as Trustee and Directed Trustee.
- Include Name of Trustee, **Fidelity Management Trust Company**, address and telephone number as indicated. Name, Title and Signature are not needed.
- Select Trust Provisions contained in Plan Section Eight.
- Because Fidelity Management Trust Company will serve as Directed Trustee, do not complete Part B to identify a Custodian.

W O _l	ill the T ption 1 ption 2	Trustee Appointment a. Trustee (Select one.) Option 1: Financial Organization as Trustee. Option 2: Individual Trustee. Option 3: Not applicable, a Trustee is not required to be named for this Plan (select one). Trustee Trustee of this Plan be a Directed or Discretionary Trustee (select one)? Example 1: Directed Trustee.
NC Lin Na Ad Te Na	OTE: If mited T ame of T ldress lephone	Erustee Fidelity Management Trust Company 245 Summer Street, Boston, MA 02210 800-801-9942 Title
If O O N us	f a Trust Option 1 Option 2 OTE: A se by th	greement tee is designated in Part A, item 1 above, which trust agreement will apply to the Plan (select one)? Left Trust provisions contained in Plan Section Eight. Separate executed trust agreement attached hereto. If no option is selected, Option 1 will apply. If Option 2 is selected, the attached trust agreement must be on file with the IRS for the Prototype Document Sponsor listed in Section Nine below. If Option 2 is selected and a Limited Trustee is named below, the trust agreement will not replace Plan Section 8.09.
Part B.	<i>Tru</i> 1.	stodian (Both a Custodian and Trustee may be appointed for the Plan. This Part B must be completed if the Plan is exempt from the stee requirements under ERISA section 403 and neither a Trustee nor an Insurer is appointed in Part A, item 1 above.) Custodian Appointment Financial Organization N/A - do not complete Address Name (type or print) Title Signature Custodial Agreement If a Custodian is designated in Part B, item 1 above, which custodial agreement will apply to the Plan (select one)?

Instructions for Completing Section Nine: Employer Signature

National Financial Services LLC is the Prototype Document Sponsor.

Prototype Document Sponsor

Name of Prototype Document Sponsor $\underline{\text{National Financial Services LLC}}$

Address 245 Summer Street, Boston, MA 02210

Telephone 800-801-9942

All applicable sections of the Adoption Agreement must be completed.

These are instructions for certain sections.

Note: This is **not** the Adoption Agreement. Do not return these Instructions.

Premiere Select® Qualified Retirement Plan Standardized Adoption Agreement

Individual 401(k)
Profit Sharing Plan

Premiere Select®

$Individual\ 401 (k)\ Profit\ Sharing\ Plan$

Standardized Adoption Agreement

EMPLOYER INFORMATION
Name of Adopting Employer
Address
City State Zip
Telephone Adopting Employer's Federal Tax Identification Number
Adopting Employer's Tax Year End (specify month and day)
Type of Business (select one) Sole Proprietorship Partnership C Corporation S Corporation LLC
Other (Specify a legal entity recognized under federal income tax laws.)
Name of Plan
Plan Sequence Number Trust Identification Number (if applicable) Account Number
Related Employers – If the Adopting Employer is part of a controlled group of corporations (as defined in Code section 414(b) as modified by Code section 415(h)), a group of commonly controlled trades or businesses (as defined in Code section 414(c) as modified by Code section 415(h)) or an affiliated service group (as defined in Code section 414(m)) of which the Adopting Employer is a part, or any other entity required to be aggregated with the Adopting Employer pursuant to Code section 414(o), then all Related Employers of the Adopting Employer will participate in this Plan.
SECTION ONE: EFFECTIVE DATES Complete Part A or B
Part A. New Plan Effective Date
This is the initial adoption of a 401(k) profit sharing plan by the Adopting Employer.
The Effective Date of this Plan is (Must be on or after January 1, 2007.)
If different from the Effective Date above, Elective Deferrals can be made under this Plan effective (select one):
Option 1: The next payroll date coinciding with or following the later of the date this Adoption Agreement is signed or the Effective Date.
Option 2:(Must be on or after the later of the date this Adoption Agreement is signed or the Effective Date.)
NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 1 will apply.
NOTE: The Effective Date is usually the first day of the Plan Year in which this Adoption Agreement is signed and may not be earlier than such date. Elective Deferrals, however, cannot be made available before the later of the date this Adoption Agreement is signed or the date specified above for Elective Deferrals.
Part B.
This is an amendment or restatement of an existing qualified plan.
The Initial Plan Document was effective on
This Plan is a frozen Plan effective on
If this Plan is a frozen Plan, no Employer Contributions may be made to the Plan with respect to Compensation earned on or after the Effective Date that the Plan is frozen. In addition, no additional contributions (e.g., rollover, transfer) may be accepted by the Plan on or after the date that the Plan is frozen. Depending on the facts and circumstances surrounding the freezing of the Plan, other Plan provisions may be affected (e.g., availability of loans.)
The Effective Date of this amendment or restatement is (Must be on or after January 1, 2007.)
NOTE: Specifying an amendment or restatement Effective Date as any day other than the first day of the Plan Year following the Plan Yea in which this Adoption Agreement is signed may result in a reduction or elimination of accrued benefits, violating Code section 411(d)(6). Notwithstanding the foregoing, Effective Dates for certain items (e.g., PPA and other legislative and regulatory guidance) are governed by the terms specified in the Basic Plan Document.

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1.9867504.100 Page 1 of 6 034000001

SECTION TWO: ELIGIBILITY

Complete Parts A and B

Part A.	Age and	Eligibility	DCI VICE

Part A.	Age and Eligibility Service				
	1. Age Requirement. An Employee will be eligible to become a Participant in the Plan for purposes of becoming a Contrib (and thus eligible to make Elective Deferrals) or receiving an allocation of any Employer Profit Sharing Contributions, as made pursuant to Section Three of the Adoption Agreement, after attaining the following age (not more than 21).				
	NOTE: If no age is specified, there will be no age requirement.				
	 Eligibility Service Requirement. An Employee will be eligible to become a Participant in the Plan for purposes of become a Contributing Participant (and thus eligible to make Elective Deferrals) or receiving an allocation of any Employer Profit Contributions, as applicable, made pursuant to Section Three of the Adoption Agreement (select one). Option 1: No eligibility service required. 				
	Option 2: After completing consecutive Months of Eligibility Service (<i>not more than 12</i>) beginning on th date of hire.	e Employee's			
	Option 3: After completing Years of Eligibility Service (enter 0 or 1).				
	NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 1 will apply.				
Part B.	Employees Employed as of a Specified Date				
	Will an Employee listed below (other than an Employee who is part of an excluded class of Employees) and employed on (specify a month, day, and year) who has not otherwise met the age and eligibility service requirements be				
	considered to have met those requirements and be eligible to become a Participant in the Plan for purposes of becoming a Cor Participant (and thus eligible to make Elective Deferrals) or receiving an allocation of any Employer Profit Sharing Contribute applicable, made pursuant to Section Three of the Adoption Agreement (select one)?	ntributing			
	Option 1: Yes.				
	Employees subject to the waiver (define classifications and prior employers):				
	Option 2:				
	NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 2 will apply. If Option 1 is selected but no date is specified, no additional age and eligibility service waivers will apply. If Option 1 is selected but no Employees are specified, all Employees employed on the specified date will be subject to the waiver. This age and eligibility service waiver may be used either when this Plan is adopted or when the Plan is subsequently amended (e.g., to add one or more types of contributions, to add a previously excluded group of Employees).				
	SECTION THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Complete Parts A and B				
Part A.	Elective Deferrals				
	Authorization of Elective Deferrals				
	Will Elective Deferrals be permitted under this Plan (select one)?				
	Option 1: Yes. (Complete the following.)				
	Will Roth Elective Deferrals be permitted under this Plan in addition to Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals?				
	Suboption (a): Yes.				
	Suboption (b): No.				
	NOTE: If no suboption is selected, Suboption (a) will apply.				
	Option 2: No.				
	NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 1 will apply. A Contributing Participant's combined Pre-Tax and Roth Elective Defer taxable year will not exceed the limit contained in Code section 402(g) in effect at the beginning of such taxable year.	rals during their			
Part B.	Employer Profit Sharing Contributions				
	Employer Profit Sharing Contributions, if any, will be allocated to all Qualifying Participants pursuant to the pro rata allocated described in Plan Section 3.04(B)(1).	on formula			
	SECTION FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES				
	There are no elections required for Section Four				

There are no elections required for Section 4. Refer to the Basic Plan Document for information regarding this Section.

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1.9867504.100 Page 2 of 6 034000002



SECTION FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS				
Loans				
Will a Participant be entitled to request a loan pursuant to Plan Section 5.14 (select one)?				
Option 1: Yes.				
Option 2: No.				
NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 2 will apply.				
SECTION SIX: DEFINITIONS There are no elections required for Section Six.				
There are no elections required for Section 6. Refer to the Basic Plan Document for information regarding this Section.				
SECTION SEVEN: MISCELLANEOUS				
Life Insurance				
Will life insurance investments be permitted under the Plan (select one)?				
Option 1: Yes.				
Option 2: No.				
NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 2 will apply.				

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1.9867504.100 Page 3 of 6 034000003

SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN

Complete Parts A and B (as applicable)

Part A. Trustee

1.	ru	istee Appointmen					
	a.	Trustee (Select o	ne.)				
		Option 1:	Financial Organization as Trustee.				
		Option 2:	Individual Trustee.				
		Option 3:	Not applicable, a Trustee is not required to be named for this Plan (select one).				
			Suboption (a): Plan assets are invested solely in annuity contracts or insurance policies provided b	y an Insurer.			
			Name of Insurer				
			Address				
			Telephone Title				
			Signature				
			Suboption (b): This Plan is exempt from the trust requirements under ERISA section 403 (e.g., t covers one or more self-employed individuals as defined in Code section 401(c)(
			NOTE: If Suboption (b) is selected, a Custodian must be named in Part B below.				
	b.	Type of Trustee					
		Will the Trustee	of this Plan be a Directed or Discretionary Trustee (select one)?				
		Option 1:	Directed Trustee.				
		Option 2:	Discretionary Trustee.				
		Option 3:	Not applicable, Option 3 was selected in Part 1(a) above.				
	c.	. Trustee Signature					
		NOTE: If you are an individual Trustee and no Limited Trustee is named in Part A, item 3 below you will also be deemed to be a Limited Trustee.					
		Name of Trustee					
		Address					
		Telephone					
		Name	Title rint name if different from name of Trustee above)				
		(type or p.	ini name ij aljjereni from name of Trusiee above)				
		Signature					
2.		ıst Agreement					
	If a	Trustee is designate	ed in Part A, item 1 above, which trust agreement will apply to the Plan (select one)?				
	Opt	tion 1: Trus	provisions contained in Plan Section Eight.				
	Opt	tion 2: Sepa	rate executed trust agreement attached hereto.				
			selected, Option 1 will apply. If Option 2 is selected, the attached trust agreement must be on file with ocument Sponsor listed in Section Nine below. If Option 2 is selected and a Limited Trustee is named b				

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separate trust agreement will not replace Plan Section 8.09.

1.9867504.100 Page 4 of 6 034000004

	3.	Limited Trustee		
		The Limited Trustee appointed solely for the purposes of ensuring the timely collection and deposit of Employer Contributions will be:		
		Option 1: The individual Trustee named above.		
		Option 2: The party named below.		
		Name of Limited Trustee		
		Address		
		Telephone		
		Name Title		
		(type or print name if different from name of Limited Trustee above)		
		Signature		
		TE: A Trustee, including a Limited Trustee, must be an individual or corporation. A corporate Trustee must be a bank, trust company, ker, dealer, or clearing agency as defined in Labor Regulation section 2550.403(a)-1(b).		
Part B.	Custodian (Both a Custodian and Trustee may be appointed for the Plan. This Part B must be completed if the Plan is exempt from the Trustee requirements under ERISA section 403 and neither a Trustee nor an Insurer is appointed in Part A, item 1 above.)			
	1.	Custodian Appointment		
		Financial Organization		
		Address		
		Name (type or print) Title		
		Signature		
	2.	Custodial Agreement		
		If a Custodian is designated in Part B, item 1 above, which custodial agreement will apply to the Plan (select one)?		
		Option 1: Custodial provisions contained in Plan Section Eight.		
		Option 2:		
		NOTE: If no option is selected, Option 1 will apply. If Option 2 is selected and the separate custodial agreement is being used in place of a trust agreement under Code section 401(f), the attached custodial agreement must be on file with the IRS for use by the Prototype Document Sponsor listed in Section Nine below.		

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1.9867504.100 Page 5 of 6 034000005

SECTION NINE: EMPLOYER SIGNATURE		
Prototype Document Sponsor		
Name of Prototype Document Sponsor		
Address		
Telephone		
Check the applicable box if there is an attachment(s) that applies to this Protected Benefits and Prior Plan Document Provisions Attachment Other Plan Information Attachment. (If this box is checked, please	nt.	
Authorized Employer Signature I am an authorized representative of the Adopting Employer named	l above and I state the following:	
1. I acknowledge that I have relied upon my own advisors regard of adopting this Plan;	ing the completion of this Adoption Agreement and the legal tax implications	
2. I understand that my failure to properly complete this Adoptio	n Agreement may result in disqualification of the Plan; n me of any amendments made to the Plan and will notify me should it	
,	onding Basic Plan Document and, if applicable, any separate trust or custodial ained in the Basic Plan Document.	
Signature of Adopting Employer	Date Signed	
Type Name	Title	

NOTE: The Adopting Employer may rely on an opinion letter issued by the Internal Revenue Service as evidence that the Plan is qualified under Code section 401 except to the extent provided in Revenue Procedure 2011-49. An Employer who has ever maintained or who later adopts any plan (including a welfare benefit fund, as defined in Code section 419(e), which provides post-retirement medical benefits allocated to separate accounts for key employees, as defined in Code section 419A(d)(3), or an individual medical account, as defined in Code section 415(l)(2) in addition to this Plan may not rely on the opinion letter issued by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the requirements of Code sections 415 and 416.

If the Employer who adopts or maintains multiple plans wishes to obtain reliance with respect to the requirements of Code sections 415 and 416, application for a determination letter must be made to Employee Plans Determinations of the Internal Revenue Service. The Employer may not rely on the opinion letter in certain other circumstances, which are specified in the opinion letter issued with respect to the Plan or in Revenue Procedure 2011-49. This Adoption Agreement may be used only in conjunction with Basic Plan Document #04.

National Financial Services LLC, Member NYSE, SIPC #4312 (4/2014)

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1.9867504.100 Page 6 of 6 034000006

OTHER PLAN INFORMATION ATTACHMENT

This attachment may be used by the Plan to specify additional information to be included in the Plan's Adoption Agreement (e.g., to provide more information than can be included on an "other" selection line).

	ADOPTING EMPLOYER PLAN INFORM	MATION
Name of Adopting Employer_		
Name of Plan		
	Trust Identification Number (if applicable)	Account Number
	OTHER PLAN INFORMATION	

1.9867504.100 034000007

Account Number							
Account Number		RR	RR2				
Agency							
Is account owner an employee of your B/D? No Yes							
	employee of your B/D?	employee of your B/D?	employee of your B/D?				

NFS, FAD: F

Premiere Select® Retirement Plan - Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan Account Application

"Individual 401(k) account" or	ish a Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan acc r "account") with your Broker/Dealer to be held at National Financial Services I d black ink. If you need more room for information or signatures, use a copy of the	LLC ("NFS"). Type on screen or
Is th	nis a new account for an existing Premiere Select Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Pla	ın?
	Yes If Yes, note that only the business owner and his or her spouse may participate	
	No If No, attach the Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Individual 401(k) Profit Shar	
1. Retirement P	lan Information	
	Are you amending from an existing Premiere Select Retirement Plan? Yes fYes, provide your existing account number.	No
	te: To establish a Premiere Select Individual 401(k), you must provide NFS with a coption Agreement.	ompleted Individual 401(k)
 	Are you adding an additional "owner" Participant to an existing Individual 401(k) Pl If Yes, indicate the business owner's (Employer's) account number. Business Owner's (Employer's) Account Number	an? 🗌 Yes 🔲 No
	Complete the following information:	5 T 10 N +
Busi	iness Name	Employer Taxpayer ID Number*
	* Do	not use a Social Security number.
	forms must contain your Employer Tax ID number. Do not use your Social Security r ID number, call the IRS at 800-829-1040.	number. If you need to obtain a
Nan	ne of Plan Administrator The Plan Administrator can be the Employer or a person designated by the Employer	r.
Plan	n Administrator Address	
City	State/Province	Zip/Postal Code
En NB IS	mployer Signature Date MM - DD -	YYYY

2. Account Owner Information

	First Name			e Name	La	Last Name				
Enter full name as					L					
evidenced by a	Date of Birth MM DD YYYY Email									
government-issued,										
unexpired document (e.g., driver's license, passport,	Daytime Phone		Evenin	g Phone			Single	e/Divord	ed/Widowed	# of Dependents
permanent resident card).						1.	☐ Marri			
	Country of Citizenship					Country of Tax Resider	icy			
	SSN TIN	ocial Security/Taxpa	yer ID N	Number	Туре	e of Government-Issued	ID	ID Numb	er	
	State/Country of ID Issuance	ID Issuance Date	е		ID E	Expiration Date				
	Legal Address									
	Address Line 1					Address Line 2				
Cannot be a P.O. Box	Address Ellie 1					Address Ene 2				
or Mail Drop.	City			State/Province		Zip/Postal Code			Country	
	City			State/Frovince		Zip/Fostai Code			Country	
				ļ						
	Mailing Address									
	- Address									
Complete only if	☐ Same as Legal Addre	SS								
different from Legal Address above.	Address Line 1					Address Line 2				
Address above.										
	City			State/Province		Zip/Postal Code			Country	
								,		
		I A ((*))		ļ						
	Employer Information and Affiliations									
	Employer Name Contact Name									
	Address Line 1					Address Line 2				
				la 12 :		7. (0. +10. 1				
	City			State/Province		Zip/Postal Code Country		Country		
								,		
	Employer Tax ID Number									
	Employer lax to Number									
Check all that apply and	You are, or an immed	liate family/ho	useho	ld member	is, a	a senior foreign po	olitical fig	jure.		
provide information.	You are, or an immediate family/household member is, a control person or affiliate of a publicly traded company									
	under SEC Rule 144. This would include, but is not limited to, a director, 10% shareholder, policy-making officer, and members of the board of directors.									
		board of direc	tors.							
	Company Name							CUSIP or	Symbol	
	Check this box if any of these scenarios apply to you. You are registered with or employed by a Financial Industry									
	Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") member firm ("associated person"), you are the spouse of an associated person, you are a child who resides in the same household or is financially dependent on the associated person, you are									
	related to an associat	ed person wh	o has	control over	yo	ur account or an a	ssociate	d perso	n materially c	ontributes
	financial support to your other self-regulatory of the self-regulato	ou and has co	ntrol o	over your ac	cou	ınt, or you are affil	iated wit	h or em	nployed by FII	NRA, any
	☐ Same as employe	above. II dili	ierent,	, provide trie	2 111					
	Company Name									
						I a i i a				
	Address Line 1					Address Line 2				
	Cit			C		7: (0 : 10 :				
	City			State/Province		Zip/Postal Code			Country	

3. Suitability

Financial Position Choose to	the range th	hat best des	cribes your	situation or prov	de the dollar amount	i.	
Annual Income From all sources		i ted Net V ng primary r			/Liquid Assets sh and securities	Federal Tax Brad	ket Account Funding Source Check all that apply.
\$0-\$25,000 \$25,000-\$50,000 \$50,000-\$100,000 Over \$100,000	\$50 \$10	-\$50,000 0,000-\$100, 00,000-\$500 er \$500,000	,000)—\$100,000)0—\$500,000	☐ 0%–15% ☐ 25%–27½% ☐ Over 27½%	Asset appreciation Business revenue Inheritance Legal/insurance settlement Sale of assets
Annual Expenses Recurring		I Expense		Timeframe Required fo	e r Special Expenses		Savings from earnings Other:
\$0-\$50,000 \$50,000-\$100,000 \$100,000-\$250,000 \$250,000-\$500,000 Over \$500,000	\$0- \$50 \$10	-\$50,000 0,000-\$100, 00,000-\$250 er \$250,000	000	Within : 3–5 yea 6–10 yea	2 years rs		
Investment Profile							
Investment Purpose Save for education Save for retirement Save for short-term goal(s) Generate income Accumulate wealth Preserve wealth Market speculation Other: Product Knowledge Investment Product Know	t // // // // // // // // // // // // //	account in o the highest). Agreement i nvestment c applicable o nvestment p Prese Incon Capit Specu Tradii	vestment of rder of important Review the for important objectives. So bjectives (co professional rvation of c	bjectives for this ortance (1 being attached Custor it information on Select only the onsult with your for more information apital cion	Modera Modera Aggress Combin Investmen Very Sh Short Interme Long	vative stely Conservative stely Aggressive sive nation: t Time Horizon erm ort	General Investment Knowledge Limited Good Extensive
	•	or Extensiv	e based o	n your knowled	ge of the following	g, OR provide your n	umber of years of experience:
	None	Limited	Good	Extensive C	R Number of Ye	ars	Transactions per Year
Stocks						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Bonds						□ 0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Short Term						□ 0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Mutual Funds						□ 0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Options						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Limited Partnerships						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Variable Contracts						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Futures						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Annuities						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Alternative Investments						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Margin						□ 0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Foreign Currency						□ 0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Foreign Securities						0–5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Life Insurance						□ 0 – 5	☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15
Other							☐ 6–15 ☐ Over 15

continued on next page

1.9866539.101 Page 3 of 8 033770103

\$ % % % % Foreign Currency % % % % % % Short Term Limited Partnerships Annuities Foreign Security % W % % % Life Insurance Other Other explain 4. Account Characteristics								mation	dditional Suitability Inforn
Total Value of Assets Held Away: Stocks Mutual Funds Wariable Contracts Alternative Investments Security Futures Foreign Currency Manuities Foreign Security Foreign Security Annuities Foreign Security Foreign Security Annuities Foreign Currency Annuities Foreign Security Foreign Security Annuities Foreign Currency Foreign Currency Annuities Foreign Currency Foreign Curren	equal 100	ercentages must 6	tal of all pe	h type of asset. Tot:			☐ No ☐ No	Yes Yes	Check all that apply: consult with my broker. make my own decisions. consult with my family/frien
\$ % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	·		•						
% % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	%		%		%		%		•
Short Term		Foreign Currency		Security Futures		Options		Bonds	
## Account Characteristics ## Account Characteristics Dividend, Interest, Capital Gains Instructions Check one. ## Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash and credit the core investment vehicle. ## Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; reinvest dividends and interest from all eligible securities. ## Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash and credit the core account investment vehicle; reinvest dividends and interest eligible securities. ## Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash; credit the core	%		%		%		%		
Life Insurance When the securities in cash and credit the core investment vehicle. Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash and credit the core investment vehicle. Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; reinvest dividends and interest from all eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash and credit the core account investment vehicle; reinvest dividends and interest eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash; credit the core		Foreign Security		Annuities		Limited Partnerships		Short Term	
## Account Characteristics Dividend, Interest, Capital Gains Instructions Check one. Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash and credit the core investment vehicle. Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; reinvest dividends and interest from all eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash and credit the core account investment vehicle; reinvest dividends and interest eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash; credit the core	%		%		%		<u></u> %		
4. Account Characteristics Dividend, Interest, Capital Gains Instructions Check one. Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash and credit the core investment vehicle. Reinvest all mutual fund dividends and capital gains; reinvest dividends and interest from all eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash and credit the core account investment vehicle; reinvest dividends and interest eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund dividends and capital gains in cash; pay dividends and interest from all eligible securities in cash; credit the core		Other explain	0/	Other	0/	Lite Insurance			
	est from a	lividends and inter	ecurities. ; reinvest d	t from all eligible sec investment vehicle;	nd interest e account ir	einvest dividends ar and credit the core	pital gains; re	dividends and capit lends and capital ga	investment vehicle. Reinvest all mutual fund of Pay all mutual fund divide eligible securities. Pay all mutual fund divide
Core Account Investment Vehicle								/ehicle	ore Account Investment V
Consult your Broker/Dealer for a list of available core account investment vehicles. Indicating no choice will be considered your authorize your Broker/Dealer to use its default option as the core account investment vehicle. This will be a specific money market mutual fund, in event your Broker/Dealer will have provided the prospectus for that fund. You authorize your Broker/Dealer and/or NFS to change the invehicle for your core account at its discretion. Ensure that you have read the money market mutual fund prospectus before making a decided appropriate core account investment vehicle selection.			money ma	is will be a specific n	vehicle. This u authorize	count investment ve is for that fund. You	s the core ac	s default option as t Il have provided the t at its discretion. En	our Broker/Dealer to use its
Investment Vehicle Name Investment Vehicle Symbol	n which investme			arket mutual fund pro	money mar	you have read the r	cle selection.	it investment vehicle	ehicle for your core account ne appropriate core accoun
Options Agreement	n which investme		rospectus k		money mar		cle selection.	nt investment vehicle	ne appropriate core accoun

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1.9866539.101 Page 4 of 8 033770104

4. Account Characteristics continued

Duplicate Information							
Completing this section v	vill be considered your r ty or parties indicated b	equest to your Broker/Dealer elow. Attach an additional sh	to instruct NFS to send t eet if necessary.	he type(s) of duplicate docu	ments you		
Check all that apply. Trade Confirmations Statements							
	Name						
	Address						
	Address						
	City	State/Provin	ce Zip/Postal Code	Country			
eDelivery							
Paper delivery of according electronically when the	ount statements, trade c ey are ready to be view	onfirmations and/or eligible l ed online. Selecting this optic	etters can be suppressed on indicates your interest	and a reminder delivered to in this optional feature. A fo	o you ollow-up email		

5. Beneficiary Designation

will be sent to you with instructions on how to complete the enrollment process.

Share percentages must total 100% for primary and 100% for contingent. Use percentages only, not dollar amounts.

- If you are married, and you designate anyone other than your spouse as beneficiary, you must provide a notarized signature of your spouse in the Spousal Consent section of this application.
- If your account contains community property and you do not designate your spouse as your primary beneficiary for at least 50% of the value of your account, you may want to consult with your attorney or tax advisor to determine the impact of community property laws on your beneficiary designations.
- If more than one beneficiary is named and no share percentages are indicated, payment shall be made in equal shares to your primary beneficiary(ies) who
- survives you. If a percentage is indicated and a primary beneficiary(ies) does not survive you, unless you have checked the per stirpes box, the percentage of that beneficiary's(ies') designated shares shall be divided equally among the surviving primary beneficiary(ies). If there is no primary beneficiary living at the time of your death, payment shall be made to your contingent beneficiary(ies). Payment to your contingent beneficiaries will be made according to the rules of succession described for primary beneficiary(ies).
- Upon transfer of assets to multiple beneficiaries, all residual income paid to your account and any fractional shares that cannot be divided equally among the beneficiaries will be systematically allocated to the beneficiary receiving the largest share proportion of the assets. If the account is

- transferred evenly, or at different intervals, the income and/or fractional shares will be systematically allocated to the last beneficiary paid.
- To change your beneficiary designation in the future, you must complete a Premiere Select Retirement Plan Beneficiary Designation form, which can be obtained from your investment representative.
- Before making a per stirpes designation, consult with an estate-planning attorney.
 By checking the per stirpes box, you are agreeing that if the specified beneficiary(ies) predeceases you, his or her share of the account will pass through to his or her descendents. Per stirpes will be construed and defined according to the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in force at the time of death of the depositor.

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1.9866539.101 Page 5 of 8 033770105



5. Beneficiary Designation continued

	Pri	mary Benefici	aries			
For each beneficiary, check one and provide	· 🔲	Spouse	Beneficiary Name			☐ Per Stirpes
information. Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number or Date of Birth/		Non-Spouse Trust	□ SSN □ TIN	Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number	Date of Birth/Trust MM DD YYYY	Share Percentage %
Trust is required for each beneficiary.	Ш	Entity	Country of Citizens	hip/Organization	Name of Trustees if applicable	
If beneficiary is a trust, provide trust name and date trust was established.		Spouse Non-Spouse	Beneficiary Name			☐ Per Stirpes
To designate additional beneficiaries, attach instructions with the necessary beneficiary		Trust Entity	SSN TIN	Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number	Date of Birth/Trust MM DD YYYY Name of Trustees if applicable	Share Percentage %
information.		Spouse Non-Spouse	Beneficiary Name		1	☐ Per Stirpes
		Trust	SSN TIN	Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number	Date of Birth/Trust MM DD YYYY	Share Percentage %
☐ Entity		Littly	Country of Citizens	hip/Organization	Name of Trustees if applicable	
Primary beneficiary percentages must total 100%.				this sheet plus any additional 00% in the Grand Total field.	Total Share Percentage this sheet . %	GRAND TOTAL %
	Со	ntingent Ben	eficiaries			
For each beneficiary, check one and provide information. Social	· 🗆	Spouse Non-Spouse	Beneficiary Name			☐ Per Stirpes
Security/Taxpayer ID Number or Date of Birth/ Trust is required for each		☐ Trust ☐ Entity	SSN TIN	Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number	Date of Birth/Trust MM DD YYYY Name of Trustees if applicable	Share Percentage %
beneficiary.			, 			
If beneficiary is a trust, provide trust name and date trust was established.		Spouse Non-Spouse	Beneficiary Name			Per Stirpes
To designate additional beneficiaries, attach		Trust Entity	SSN TIN	Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number	Date of Birth/Trust MM DD YYYY	Share Percentage %
instructions with the necessary beneficiary information.			Country of Citizens	mp/ Organization	Name of Trustees if applicable	
		Spouse Non-Spouse	Beneficiary Name			☐ Per Stirpes
		Trust Entity	SSN TIN	Social Security/Taxpayer ID Number	Date of Birth/Trust MM DD YYYY Name of Trustees if applicable	Share Percentage %
	_	,	Country of Citizens	nip Organization	Traine of Trustees II applicable	
Contingent beneficiary percentages must total 100%.				this sheet plus any additional 00% in the Grand Total field.	Total Share Percentage this sheet . %	GRAND TOTAL %

1.9866539.101 Page 6 of 8 033770106

6. Signatures and Dates Form cannot be processed without signatures and dates.

USA PATRIOT Act Notice: To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering, federal law and contractual obligations between your Broker/Dealer and us require us to obtain your name, date of birth, address and a government-issued ID number before opening your account, and to verify the information. In certain circumstances, we may obtain and verify comparable information for any person authorized to make transactions in an account or beneficial owners of certain entities. Additional documentation is required for certain entities, such as trusts, estates, corporations, partnerships, and other organizations. Your account may be restricted if we or your Broker/Dealer cannot obtain and verify this information. We or your Broker/Dealer will not be responsible for any losses or damages (including, but not limited to, lost opportunities) that may result if your account is restricted or closed.

In the section below, "NFS," "us," and "we" refer to National Financial Services LLC ("NFS") and its officers, directors, employees, agents, affiliates, shareholders, successors, assigns, and representatives as the context may require; "you" refers to the account owner/plan participant indicated on the account form and any authorized individuals; "Plan Administrator" refers to the authorized individual named in the Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan Adoption Agreement and who is responsible for the administration of the plan; "your Broker/Dealer" refers to the correspondent managing your account.

By signing below, you:

- Hereby request to establish a Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Individual 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan account ("Individual 401(k) account" or "account"), for which Fidelity Management Trust Company ("FMTC") serves as directed Trustee, and NFS as the carrying Broker/Dealer to perform certain administrative services and act as agent of FMTC.
- Understand that the beneficiary of your account established with this Application will be your surviving spouse or, if none exists, your estate, unless you have completed the Beneficiary Designation section above or until a completed Beneficiary Designation form is received and accepted by NFS.
- Acknowledge that payment to beneficiaries will be made in accordance with plan rules, as described in the Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Defined Contribution Basic Plan Document 04 and as otherwise described herein.
- Understand and acknowledge that there are fees associated with your account. The fees are more fully described in the Premiere Select Retirement Account Customer Agreement ("Customer Agreement").
- Affirm you have reviewed the fees with your Broker/Dealer and/or investment professional, and you have determined the fees are reasonable for the services provided to you in connection with your account.

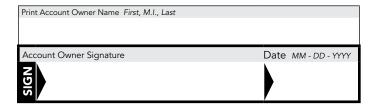
- Understand that unless you provide written notice to the contrary, NFS and your Broker/ Dealer may supply your name and other information (including your Social Security/ tax identification number) to issuers of securities held in your account so you can receive important information and participate in corporate actions regarding such securities.
- Affirm that you are at least 18 years old and legally authorized to enter into this Agreement in the state in which you reside.
- Affirm that, if you have not checked the box for Affiliations, you represent and warrant that you are not affiliated with or employed by a stock exchange or a Broker/Dealer or you are not a control person or affiliate of a public company under SEC Rule 144 (such as a director, 10% shareholder, or a policymaking officer), or an immediate family or household member of such a person.
- Understand that all communications with your Broker/Dealer and NFS may be monitored or recorded, and you consent to such monitoring or recording.
- Indemnify and hold harmless your Broker/ Dealer, NFS, FMTC, their officers, directors, employees, agents, affiliates, shareholders, successors, assigns, and representatives from any claims or losses that may occur in the event that you fail to meet any IRS requirements concerning your account.

- Represent that you have received and read the Customer Agreement and the Premiere Select Retirement Plan – Defined Contribution Basic Plan Document 04 governing this account and agree to be bound by such Agreements as are currently in effect and as may be amended from time to time. These Agreements shall be construed, administered, and enforced according to the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, except as superseded by federal law or statute.
- Affirm that you have also read, understand, and agree to the terms of the applicable prospectus for any mutual fund that you purchase or exchange into, including any mutual fund that you choose for your core account investment vehicle, and that you agree to future amendments to these terms.
- Agree that if you do not choose a core account investment vehicle for your account, you authorize your Broker/ Dealer to select a default core account investment vehicle for you, and you shall hold your Broker/Dealer and us harmless for such default selection and any resulting consequences.
- If you are not a U.S. person, state that you are submitting IRS Form W-8BEN with this application to certify your foreign status and, if applicable, to claim tax treaty benefits

Understand this account is governed by a Pre-Dispute Arbitration Agreement, which appears on the last page of the Customer Agreement. You acknowledge receipt of the pre-dispute arbitration clause.

Check this box if you are both the Account Owner and Plan Administrator. If you check this box, a single signature will be deemed as your consent as the Account Owner, and your approval as the Plan Administrator to the opening of this account.

Signature and Date are required.





National Financial Services LLC, Member NYSE, SIPC

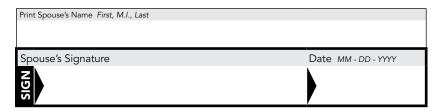
1.9866539.101 - 734314.2.0 (03/17)

1.9866539.101 Page 7 of 8 033770107

7. Spousal Consent

In this section, "you" refers to the spouse of the account owner.

By signing below, you consent to the designation of the primary beneficiaries listed above and understand that this allows these beneficiaries to be paid amounts otherwise payable to you.



Statement of Notary Public In this section, "You" and "you" refer to the Notary Public.

You certify that the individual signing above appeared before you on the date indicated below, that they are known to you to be the individual they claim to be, and that they represented to you that they made the certifications above their signature of their own free will.

State	County	Identification	
Print Notary Name	nt Notary Name Commission Expires MM - DD - Y		
Notary Signat	otary Signature Date MM - DD - YY		
SIGN			

9				
	NOTARY	SEAL	STAMP	

For Broker/Dealer Use Only Account accepted in accordance with firm policies.						
Registered Rep. Number/Name	Signature	Date MM - DD - YYYY				
Principal Name	Signature	Date MM - DD - YYYY				
	1					

NFS, FAD: F

National Financial Services LLC, Member NYSE, SIPC

1.9866539.101 - 734314.2.0 (03/17)

1.9866539.101 Page 8 of 8 033770108



Premiere Select®

Retirement Account Customer Agreement

To my Broker/Dealer ("You") and National Financial Services LLC ("NFS"), a Fidelity Investments company.

In this document, "NFS" includes its officers, directors, employees, agents, affiliates, shareholders, successors, assigns and representatives as the context may require.

In consideration of You and NFS opening one or more brokerage accounts as part of my Premiere Select Traditional IRA, Premiere Select Rollover IRA, Premiere Select SEP-IRA, Premiere Select SIMPLE IRA, Premiere Select Roth IRA, Premiere Select IRA Beneficiary Distribution Account, Premiere Select Roth IRA Beneficiary Distribution Account, Premiere Select Retirement Plan, and/or Premiere Select Retirement Plan Beneficiary Distribution Account (each of which is referred to herein as "account" or "retirement account") on my behalf, I represent and agree as follows:

- 1. I appoint You as my agent for the purpose of carrying out my directions to You in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement with respect to the purchase or sale of securities in my account. To carry out Your duties, You are authorized to place and withdraw orders and take such other steps to carry out my directions.
- **2.** I understand that You will have access to informational tax reporting with regard to my retirement account, including IRS Form 1099-R and IRS Form 5498 reporting information, as applicable, unless I notify NFS otherwise.
- **3.** I understand that You have entered into an Agreement with NFS (a NYSE member firm) to execute and clear all brokerage transactions.
- **4.** I understand that FMTC, Custodian of my Premiere Select IRA or the Trustee of my Premiere Select Retirement Plan, as applicable, and NFS do not provide any investment advice as defined under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), the Internal Revenue Code, and/or any applicable Securities regulations, in connection with this account, nor does NFS give any advice or offer any opinion with respect to the suitability of any security or order. All transactions will be done only on my order or the order of my authorized representative, except as otherwise described herein.
- **5. IRA for a Minor** If this is a Premiere Select Traditional, Roth, Rollover, or SEP-IRA or IRA BDA for a minor, I understand NFS will maintain an account established under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (UGMA/UTMA) for which I act as UGMA/UTMA Custodian. I understand that I represent and warrant the assets in the account belong to the minor, and all such assets, whether or not transferred out of the minor's IRA, will only be used by me for the benefit of the minor. As used herein, "I" or "my" shall refer to the UGMA/UTMA Custodian. I acknowledge agreement with the following additional terms and conditions:
 - The minor has earned income to contribute to an IRA (excluding IRA BDAs).
 - The maximum amount that may be contributed to the minor's IRA (excluding IRA BDAs) for any year is equal to the lesser of 100% of the minor's compensation or the annual IRA contribution limit. (Refer to the **Premiere Select IRA Contribution Guide** for information on annual IRA contribution limits.)
 - I, the UGMA/UTMA Custodian, have read, understand, and agree to the terms and conditions set forth in the Premiere Select IRA Application, the Premiere Select Retirement Account Customer Agreement ("Customer Agreement"), the Premiere Select IRA Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement, or the Premiere Select Roth IRA Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement, as applicable.
 - The UGMA/UTMA Custodian will exercise the powers and duties of the Depositor as described in the Agreements.
 - The beneficiary of the IRA will be the minor's estate or as otherwise determined in accordance with the applicable state Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, as indicated in Article 8, Section 8(b)(2) of the Premiere Select IRA Custodial Agreement.

- The minor's IRA will contain the UGMA/UTMA Custodian designation in the IRA registration. NFS and FMTC shall have no responsibility to determine when the minor reaches the age of account termination or for determining whether any such notification is proper or valid under state or federal law.
- Upon reaching the age of account termination in the state
 under which the account was first established, the UGMA/UTMA
 Custodian must advise the IRA Custodian in writing (accompanied
 by such supporting documentation as the IRA Custodian may
 require) that the minor is assuming sole responsibility to exercise
 all powers and duties associated with the administration of the IRA.
 Absent such written notice by the UGMA/UTMA Custodian, the IRA
 Custodian shall have no responsibility to acknowledge the minor's
 exercise of such powers and duties of administration.
- Acceptance by the IRA Custodian of the contribution to this IRA
 is expressly conditioned upon the UGMA/UTMA Custodian's
 agreement to be responsible for all requirements and to exercise
 the powers and duties of the Depositor with respect to the
 operation of the IRA.
- I understand that the minor will have access to information that I provide to You on this Application.
- **6.** Although FMTC is a limited purposes trust company, I recognize that any investment company (e.g., any mutual fund/money market fund) in which this retirement account may be invested is not a bank and is not backed or guaranteed by any bank or insured by the FDIC.
- 7. Account Protection. Securities in accounts carried by NFS are protected in accordance with the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") up to \$500,000. The \$500,000 total amount of SIPC protection is inclusive of up to \$250,000 protection for claims for cash, subject to periodic adjustments for inflation in accordance with terms of the SIPC statute and approval by SIPC's Board of Directors. NFS also has arranged for coverage above these limits. Neither coverage protects against a decline in the market value of securities, nor does either coverage extend to certain securities that are considered ineligible for coverage. For more details on SIPC, or to request a SIPC brochure, visit www.sipc.org or call 202-371-8300.
- 8. Equity Dividend Reinvestment Service (the "Service") Provision of Equity Dividend Reinvestment Plan. My enrollment in the Service will be activated on the day I notify You by telephone, or within 24 hours after receipt of my written notification, that I wish to enroll an eligible security. Upon activation of my enrollment, I agree to be bound by this Agreement as well as any other agreements between us that apply to my brokerage account.

This service is subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section, and I understand that my dividend reinvestment options might be different if I were to hold securities directly with certain types of issuers, such as mutual funds, instead of through my IRA.

I may direct You to add the Service to either all eligible securities in my account or selected eligible individual securities. My enrollment authorizes You to automatically reinvest cash dividends and capital gain distributions paid on such eligible securities held in my account (collectively, "dividends") in additional shares of the same security.

To add or remove the Service with respect to securities in my account, I must notify You of my election on or before 9:00 p.m. Eastern Time (ET) on the dividend record date for such security. If the dividend record date falls on a nonbusiness day, then I must notify You on or before 9:00 p.m. ET one business day prior to the dividend record date for such security. Dividends will be reinvested on any shares of all enrolled securities provided that I own such shares on both the dividend record date and the dividend payable date.

Dividend reinvestment does not assure profits on my investments and does not protect against loss in declining markets.

I understand that You reserve the right to terminate or amend the Service and reinvestment plan described in this section at any time, without notice, including instituting commissions or transaction fees.

Eligible Accounts. The Program is available to brokerage customers who maintain cash, margin, or retirement brokerage accounts.

Eligible Securities. To be eligible for the Service, the enrolled security must be a closed-end fund or domestic common stock (including ADRs) that is margin eligible (as defined by NFS). In order for my enrollment to be in effect for a given security, my position in that security must be settled on or before the dividend record date. Foreign securities and short positions are not eligible for the Service. Eligible securities must be held in street name by NFS or at a securities depository on behalf of NFS.

If I attempt to enroll a security for which I have placed a buy limit order that has not been filled, my enrollment election will be held for five (5) consecutive business days, at which point I must notify You of my desire to re-enroll the security for another five (5) consecutive business days.

If I am holding a security in my account that is ineligible for enrollment, and the security subsequently becomes eligible, any existing account-level reinvestment instructions will take effect for that security.

The reinvestment of dividends may be delayed in certain circumstances. NFS reserves the right to suspend or completely remove securities from participation in dividend reinvestment and credit such dividends in cash at any time without notice.

Eligible Cash Distributions for Reinvestment. Most cash distributions from eligible securities selected for participation in the Service may be reinvested in additional shares of such securities, including cash dividends and capital gain distributions. Cash-in-lieu payments, late ex-dividend payments, and special dividend payments, however, may not be automatically reinvested. If I enroll a security in the Service, I must reinvest all of its eligible cash distributions. I understand that I cannot partially reinvest cash distributions. I also understand that I cannot use any other funds in my brokerage account or any other account to make automatic reinvestment purchases.

Dividend Reinvestment Transactions in Eligible Securities. On the dividend payable date for each security participating in the Service, You will credit my account in the amount of the cash dividend to be paid (less any amounts required by law or agreement to be withheld or debited). Three (3) business days prior to the dividend payable date, NFS will combine cash distributions from my account with those from other customers requesting dividend reinvestment in the same security and use these funds to purchase securities for me and the other customers on a best-efforts basis. My account will be credited with the number of shares equal to the amount of my funds to be reinvested in a particular security divided by the purchase price per share. If several purchase transactions are required in order to reinvest my and other customers' eligible cash distributions in a particular security, the purchase price per share will be the weighted average price per share for all such shares purchased.

Under certain conditions a dividend may be put on hold by the issuing company. If a dividend is on hold on the payable date, reinvestment will not be performed. If a dividend is released from hold status after dividend payable date, dividend reinvestment will be performed on the date the dividend is actually paid.

If I liquidate shares of an enrolled security between the dividend record date and the business day prior to the dividend payable date, such shares will not participate in the Service and I will receive the dividend as cash in my core account investment vehicle ("core account"). (See below for more information on your core account.) If I liquidate shares of an enrolled security on dividend payable date, such shares will participate in the Service.

I will be entitled to receive proxy voting materials and voting rights for an enrolled security based on my proportionate shares. For mandatory reorganizations, I will receive cash in lieu of my partial shares. For voluntary reorganizations, instructions I give You will be applied to my whole shares and the partial shares will be liquidated at market price.

Partial Shares. Automatic reinvestment of my eligible cash distributions may give me interests in partial shares of securities, which will be calculated to three decimal places. I will be entitled to receive dividend payments proportionate to my partial share holdings. If my account is transferred, if a stock undergoes a reorganization, or if stock certificates are ordered out of an account, partial share positions, which cannot be transferred, reorganized, or issued in certificate form, will be liquidated at the closing price on the settlement date. The partial share liquidation transaction will be posted to my account on the day following the settlement date. I may not liquidate partial shares at my discretion. If I enter an order to sell my entire whole share position, any remaining

partial share position will be liquidated at the execution price of the sell and will be posted to my account on the settlement day. No commission will be charged for the liquidation of the partial share position.

Confirmations and Monthly Statements. In lieu of separate immediate trade confirmation statements, all transactions made through the Service will be confirmed on my regular monthly brokerage account statement. I may obtain immediate information regarding a dividend reinvestment transaction on the day after the reinvestment date by calling You.

Continuing Effect of Authorization; Termination. I authorize You to purchase for my account shares of the securities I have selected for the Service. Authorizations under this section will remain in effect until I give You notice to the contrary on or before 9 p.m. ET on the dividend record date. If the dividend record date falls on a non-business day, then notice must be given on or before 9 p.m. ET at least one business day prior to the dividend record date. Such notice will not affect any obligaions resulting from transactions initiated prior to Your receipt of the notice. I may withdraw completely or selectively from the program. If I transfer my account, I must re-enroll my securities for reinvestment. Enrollment elections for securities that become ineligible for the Service will be canceled after 90 days of continuous ineligibility.

Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Transactions through the Depository Trust Company. I understand that if I elect to participate in the Service, reinvestment for certain securities may occur through the Depository Trust Company's dividend reinvestment service (the "DTC program"). DTC and the issuer determine which securities participate in the DTC program. Only certain eligible DTC program securities will participate in the Service, and such eligibility is determined by NFS. I can obtain immediate information regarding DTC-eligible securities by telephoning You.

Securities eligible for reinvestment through the DTC program portion of the Service cannot participate in the cash reinvestment portion of the Service. If a DTC program-eligible security subsequently becomes DTC program-ineligible and I have elected dividend reinvestment for that security, I will automatically continue to participate in the cash reinvestment portion of the Service. If a DTC program-ineligible security subsequently becomes DTC program-eligible and I have elected dividend reinvestment for that security, then I will continue to participate in the Service through the DTC program portion of the Service for that security. No communication regarding these changes will be provided to me.

You will post the DTC program transaction to my account when the details, including determination of any discount, are made available to You by DTC. Such transactions, although not posted to my account on the dividend payable date, will be effective as of such date. If I liquidate my shares after the dividend record date, but before the DTC program reinvestment is posted to my account, then I will receive the dividend in cash.

- **9.** I understand that if I have elected to convert an IRA, other than a Premiere Select IRA, to a Premiere Select Roth IRA, then all parts of this Agreement, including the Application and the information herein, will apply to both my Premiere Select IRA established to facilitate the conversion and to my Premiere Select Roth IRA. I understand that I cannot convert assets in my SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA until after the expiration of the two-year period, beginning on the date I first participated in a SIMPLE IRA Plan maintained by my employer.
- **10.** If I am opening an account with a distribution from an employer-sponsored retirement plan, I certify that such a distribution is a qualified total or partial distribution, which qualifies for rollover treatment, and I irrevocably elect to treat this contribution as a rollover contribution.
- **11.** If I am opening a Roth IRA or Roth IRA BDA with a rollover from an employer-sponsored retirement plan, I certify the rollover is from an eligible employer-sponsored retirement plan and the rollover contribution meets applicable Internal Revenue Code requirements.
- 12. In the event that any securities in my account become non-transferable, NFS may remove them from my account without further notice. Non-transferable securities are those where transfer agent services have not been available for six or more years. A lack of transfer agent services may be due to a number of reasons, including that the issuer of such securities may no longer be in business and may even be insolvent.

Note the following:

- There are no known markets for these securities.
- NFS is unable to deliver certificates to me representing these positions.

- These transactions will not appear on Form 1099 or any other taxreporting form.
- The removal of the position will not be reported as a taxable distribution and any reinstatement of the position will not be reported as a contribution.
- If transfer agent services become available sometime in the future, NFS will use its best efforts to have the position reinstated in my account.
- Positions removed from my account will appear on my next available account statement following such removal as an "Expired" transaction

By opening and maintaining an account with NFS, I consent to the actions as described above, and I waive any claims against You or NFS arising out of such actions. I also understand that You do not provide tax advice concerning my account or any securities that may be the subject of removal from or reinstatement into my account and I agree to consult with my tax advisor concerning any tax implications that may arise as a result of any of these circumstances.

13. In the event I become indebted to You or NFS in the course of operation of this account, I agree that I will repay such indebtedness upon demand. All securities and other property now or hereafter held, carried, or maintained by NFS for any of my brokerage accounts, now or hereafter opened, including brokerage accounts in which I may have an interest, including, but not limited to, assets held in a bank sweep product, shall be subject to a lien for the discharge of all of my indebtedness and other obligations of the undersigned to You or NFS and are held by NFS as security for the payment of any of my liability or indebtedness to You or NFS in any of the said brokerage accounts. You and NFS shall have the right to sell, assign, or transfer securities, withdraw any funds from a bank sweep product, and apply, as appropriate, or any other property so held by You or NFS, from or to any other of my brokerage accounts whenever in Your judgment You or NFS consider such a transfer necessary for Your protection in enforcing Your lien. You or NFS shall have the discretion to determine which securities and property are to be sold or withdrawn, and which contracts are to be closed. No provision of this Agreement concerning liens or security interests shall apply to the extent such application would be in conflict with any provisions of ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code or any related rules, regulations, or guidance.

When street name or bearer securities held for me are subject to a partial call or partial redemption by the issuer, NFS may or may not receive an allocation of called/redeemed securities by the issuer, transfer agent and/or depository. If NFS is allocated a portion of the called/redeemed securities, NFS utilizes an impartial lottery allocation system (the "Lottery Process"), in accordance with applicable rules, that randomly selects the securities within customer accounts that will be called/redeemed. NFS' allocations are not made on a pro rata basis and it is possible for me to receive a full or partial allocation, or no allocation. I have the right to withdraw uncalled fully paid securities at any time prior to the cutoff date and time established by the issuer, transfer agent and/or depository with respect to the partial call, and also to withdraw excess margin securities provided that my account is not subject to restriction under Regulation T or such withdrawal will not cause an under-margined condition.

- **14.** All transactions are subject to the constitution, rules, regulations, customs, and usages of the exchange, market, or clearinghouse where executed, as well as to any applicable federal or state laws, rules, and regulations.
- 15. To the extent that any part of this Customer Agreement, the related Application, Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement, or Premiere Select Retirement Plan and Trust Agreement ("the Documents"), as applicable, were obtained online by me, I represent to the best of my knowledge that the terms of the Documents have not changed and are identical to the terms as originally set forth by FMTC or its successors, NFS, and You. I acknowledge that any alteration of the Documents' original terms shall be null and void, and I shall be bound by the terms of the original Documents as set forth by FMTC, NFS, and You. I also understand and acknowledge that any Agreements established by the above-referenced Documents may be terminated in the event that FMTC, its agents, affiliates, or its successors have reasonable grounds to believe the Document(s) has/have been altered.

- 16. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement shall be deemed a waiver of any other provision, nor a continuing waiver to the provision so waived. No provision of this Agreement can be amended or waived, except by an authorized representative of NFS.
- 17. I understand that sufficient funds must be in my account by the settlement date of any order I place, including transaction costs and any applicable commissions or fees in addition to other amounts FMTC, NFS, or You may deem necessary.

NFS may offset regulatory transaction or activity fees that are assessed by certain self-regulatory organizations or regulatory authorities against NFS ("Activity Assessment Fees"). I acknowledge that NFS has the right to determine such offset of Activity Assessment Fees in its sole and exclusive discretion and that such offset of Activity Assessment Fees may differ from or exceed the regulatory transaction or activity fees in connection with your transactions. Such differences may be caused by various factors including, among other things, the rounding methodology used by NFS, the use of allocation accounts, transactions or settlement movements for which a regulatory transaction or activity fee may not be assessed, differences between the dates of fee rate changes and various other reasons. I acknowledge that NFS has made no representation that Activity Assessment Fees assessed to my account will equal the regulatory transaction fees assessed against NFS in respect of or resulting from my transactions.

- 18. I understand I could lose money by investing in a money market fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of my investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the fund, and I should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.
- Fidelity's government and U.S. Treasury money market funds will not impose a fee upon the sale of my shares, nor temporarily suspend my ability to sell shares if the fund's weekly liquid assets fall below 30% of its total assets because of market conditions or other factors.
- 19. I understand that my account includes a core account that is used for settling transactions and holding credit balances. Amounts credited to my core account will be invested in the core account investment vehicle I indicate on my account application. I understand that if I do not select a core account investment vehicle, or I am or become a non-U.S. customer who then returns to the U.S., I authorize my Broker/Dealer or NFS to use the default option as the core account investment vehicle. This will either be a specific money market mutual fund, in which event my Broker/Dealer will provide the prospectus for that fund, or a bank sweep product, in which event my Broker/Dealer will provide a disclosure document describing that product in detail. If I am or become a non-U.S. customer, the core will be a money market fund that is eligible for purchase by non-U.S. customers or my uninvested cash will remain in a free credit balance. Different core accounts may have different rates of return and different terms and conditions, such as FDIC insurance or SIPC protection. I understand that if I do not select a core account, my Broker/Dealer may not consider these differences when selecting a default core account for me.
- 20. I understand that if I (or in the event I do not, You) choose a Bank Deposit Sweep Program as my core account investment vehicle, cash balances in my Account will be automatically swept into interest-bearing deposit accounts at one or more federally insured banking institutions that are participating in the Bank Deposit Sweep Program (each, a "Bank") as more fully described in the Disclosure Document. My cash balances held at each Bank will be eligible for FDIC insurance up to \$250,000 (principal plus accrued interest) per depositor in each insurable capacity per Bank, in accordance with applicable FDIC rules. All deposits (for example, deposits I may make at the Bank outside of the Bank Deposit Sweep Program plus the Bank Deposit Sweep Program cash balance) held by an individual in the same right and legal capacity and at the same Bank are insured up to \$250,000 as described above. Special rules apply to insurance of trust deposits. The amount of FDIC coverage will be limited by the number of Banks in the Bank Deposit Sweep Program, the number of Banks in which my money is deposited, and other factors as more fully described in the Bank Deposit Sweep Program disclosure document. All FDIC insurance coverage is in accordance with FDIC rules.

I understand that You and NFS will not monitor the amount of my bank sweep balance to determine whether it exceeds the limit of available FDIC insurance. I understand that I am responsible for monitoring the total amount of my assets on deposit with the Bank (including accounts at the bank held in the same right and legal capacity) in order to determine the extent of deposit insurance coverage available to me on those deposits, including my bank sweep balance held at the Bank. If I am a trustee, I understand that I am responsible for determining the application of FDIC insurance for myself and my beneficiaries.

21. I have received and read the appropriate prospectus or disclosure document for the core account designated in the attached retirement account application(s). I understand that my account statement details all activity in the core account. This statement is provided in lieu of a confirmation that might otherwise be provided to me with respect to those transactions. I understand if I have a money market fund for my core account, all core credits will be automatically swept into that fund. All investments must meet the fund's investment minimums. Money in my core account money market fund earns dividends, as described in the applicable fund's prospectus. If in the future, I have a different money market fund for my core account, these provisions will still apply. I further understand that if I chose a money market mutual fund as my core account, some or all of the funds' distribution and service plans, as allowed under SEC Rule 12b-1, permit the funds to pay fees to broker/ dealers with respect to the distribution of the funds' shares, and that You or NFS may receive such a fee as a result. I understand that You may charge additional fees and that neither NFS nor FMTC shall incur any liability for the payment of any fees to You from assets in my account.

If I have selected a bank sweep product as my core account, my core account credits (which are considered cash balances awaiting reinvestment) will be moved each day to the bank sweep. The rate of any interest paid is determined by the Bank(s) and/or my Broker/Dealer, as indicated in the applicable disclosure document, and may change at any time without notice to me. I understand that if I want to learn more, I may speak with an Investment Representative.

Indicating no choice is my authorization for my Broker/Dealer to use its default option as the core account. This will either be a specific money market mutual fund in which event my Broker/Dealer has provided the prospectus for that fund, or a bank sweep product in which event my Broker/Dealer has provided a disclosure document describing that product in detail.

I further understand that my Broker/Dealer and NFS may receive compensation with respect to amounts invested in my core account and that I should review the appropriate prospectus or disclosure document for additional information. I have been provided a description of these fees and represent that these fees are reasonable in light of the services provided.

If the core account designated in my retirement account becomes unavailable, or if my core account is a money market fund that imposes a fee or gate, my Broker/Dealer may select an alternative core account in accordance with applicable rules and regulations, including the Internal Revenue Code and ERISA. In this event, I understand and agree that any or all credit balances in my account will be placed into the alternative core account. I understand that my Broker/Dealer may change the products available as core account options.

By signing the Account Application, I represent that I have read this Customer Agreement and understand, authorize and consent to my Broker/Dealer changing my core account, if it becomes unavailable due to circumstances beyond the control of my Broker/Dealer, to another money market mutual fund or bank sweep product, if available, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations, including the Internal Revenue Code and ERISA. I agree to hold NFS, my Broker/Dealer and/or their agents harmless for any actions taken in connection with or resulting from changing my core account, including but not limited to any changes in the rate of return offered by the alternative core account.

22. I understand that NFS and FMTC reserve the right not to accept assets in my account until such time as NFS has received my completed paperwork, determined the same to be in good order, and accepts my retirement account on behalf of FMTC, as indicated by a letter of acceptance. I agree to indemnify and hold NFS and FMTC (and their affiliates, successors, and employees) harmless from any loss or liability that they or I may incur as a result of assets in my account not being accepted until such time as NFS has received my completed retirement account paperwork, determined the same to be in good order, and accepts my retirement account on behalf of FMTC.

23. I hereby acknowledge that there are fees associated with my retirement account. I understand that there is a \$35 NFS Annual Maintenance Fee that may be paid separately (if consented to by NFS) or collected from my retirement account. I understand that there is a \$95 NFS Liquidation/Termination fee that will be collected directly from my retirement account when I liquidate or terminate my retirement account. I understand and hereby acknowledge that NFS may change the fees from time to time. I will contact my Broker/Dealer for further fee information.

If the annual fee amount is deducted from my core account, I must ensure that sufficient funds are available; if my core account has insufficient funds to cover the fee amount owed, my account may receive an unpaid fee posting; if an unpaid fee posting exists in my core account, and if I contribute to my IRA, part or all of the contribution will be applied to the unpaid fee posting, however, the full contribution amount will still be reported to the IRS (as applicable); my Broker/Dealer may sell any or all of my IRA assets to satisfy the IRA annual maintenance fee and any associated expenses such as brokerage commissions and/or liquidation charges; if I have an automatic periodic distribution scheduled for November and/or December, I must have an adequate balance in my core account to fund both the distribution amount and the IRA annual maintenance fee, otherwise the distribution may not be processed, and I may not meet minimum distribution annual requirements, if applicable.

If my retirement account is enrolled (or subsequently becomes enrolled) in a managed account program with my Broker/Dealer, I authorize NFS to deduct from my retirement account fees for financial advisory services rendered to me by my Broker, Financial Advisor, or Investment Professional (herein, "Investment Professional") in connection with my retirement account, and as described in my Premiere Select IRA Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement or my Premiere Select Retirement Plan and Trust Agreement, as applicable. I represent that I have reviewed the financial advisory fees with my Investment Professional. I understand that the determination of whether any financial advisory fees paid to my Broker/Dealer and/or Investment Professional are reasonable for the services provided to me by my Broker/Dealer and/ or Investment Professional is my sole responsibility, and that NFS and FMTC are not parties to any written agreements I may have entered into with my Broker/Dealer and Investment Professional which allows for financial advisory fees to be charged by my Investment Professional. I acknowledge and agree that neither NFS nor FMTC will incur any liability for the payment of financial advisory fees to my Investment Professional, and I authorize NFS to accept instructions from my Broker/Dealer or Investment Professional as to the amount and timing of the payment of financial advisory fees and to debit my account to pay such fees to my Investment Professional on my behalf. I understand my Broker/Dealer may charge fees in addition to or in lieu of those described herein, and that it is my obligation to ensure I comply with the IRA contribution, distribution, and prohibited transactions rules.

I understand that the financial advisory fees will be paid from the core account of my retirement account as described in this Customer Agreement. I understand this authorization will remain in effect until it is terminated by me, my Broker/Dealer or by NFS (or its agents, affiliates, or successors) in writing. I acknowledge and agree such termination shall not affect any obligation or liability arising prior to termination. NFS shall be entitled to rely conclusively upon any financial advisory fee instruction or direction received by my Broker/Dealer or Investment Professional and NFS and FMTC shall be indemnified for any action or inaction with respect to honoring such instructions or directions.

Use of Funds Held Overnight

As compensation for services provided with respect to accounts, NFS receives use of: amounts from the sale of securities prior to settlement; amounts that are deposited in the accounts before investment; and disbursement amounts made by check prior to the check being cleared by the bank on which it was drawn. Any above amounts will first be netted against outstanding account obligations. The use of such amounts may generate earnings (or "float") for NFS or instead may be used by NFS to offset its other operational obligations. Information concerning the time frames during which NFS may have use of such amounts and rates at which float earnings are expected to accrue is provided as follows:

(1) Receipts. Amounts that settle from the sale of securities or that are deposited into an account (by wire, check, EFT or other means) will generally be invested in the account's core account by close of business on the business day following NFS's receipt of such

funds. NFS gets the use of such amounts from the time it receives funds until the core account purchase settles on the next business day. Note that amounts disbursed from an account (other than as referenced in Section 2 below) or purchases made in an account will result in a corresponding "cost" to NFS. This occurs because NFS provides funding for these disbursements or purchases one day prior to the receipt of funds from the account's core account. These "costs" may reduce or eliminate any benefit that NFS derived from the receipts described previously.

- (2) Disbursements. NFS gets the use of amounts disbursed by check from accounts from the date the check is issued by NFS until the check is presented and paid.
- (3) **Float Earnings.** To the extent that such amounts generate float earnings, such earnings will generally be realized by NFS at rates approximating the Target Federal Funds Rate.
- **24.** I understand that if I am re-registering a limited partnership, I may be charged a re-registration fee, up to the maximum of \$200, to change my registration to NFS.
- **25.** Neither You nor NFS shall be liable for loss caused directly or indirectly by war, natural disasters, government restrictions, exchange or market rulings, or other conditions beyond Your control, including, but not limited to, extreme market volatility or trading volumes. Neither You nor NFS shall be responsible for any loss or expense relating to removal of assets from, or restrictions on trading in, securities in my account based on the actions of the issuer.
- **26.** Debit items (including checks, securities purchases, electronic transfers of money, levies, court orders or other legal process payments) are paid daily to the extent that sufficient funds are available. Note that debits to resolve securities transactions or the payment of account fees will be given priority over other debits, such as check transactions.

All debits are accumulated daily to my account and are paid to the extent that sufficient funds are available. As an account owner, I am responsible for satisfying all debits on my account, including any debt still owed after all assets have been removed from an account, any interest (at prevailing rates) that has accrued on that debt, any late charges arising from my failure to pay for securities transactions in full by the settlement date, and any costs (such as legal fees) that You or NFS incur in collecting the debt.

When settling debits against my account, it is NFS's policy to turn the following sources (collectively called my "available balance"), in this order.

- Any cash available in my account (i.e., core and free credit balances)
- · Any shares in another eligible money market fund
- Any cash or securities in this or any other account furnished by You in which I have an interest

I authorize You to use cash or securities for this purpose when I sign the application.

If a check issued to me from my account remains uncashed and outstanding for at least six months, I authorize and instruct NFS to cancel the check and return the underlying proceeds to me by depositing the proceeds into my core account.

In the event I hold a money market mutual fund in my core account that is subject to a liquidity fee or redemption gate (as described in more detail in the fund's prospectus), upon notice to NFS by the fund that a liquidity fee or redemption gate has been imposed, NFS will remove the impacted fund from my core account and I will hold that fund as a non-core position in my account. Any future core transaction sweeps to the impacted money market mutual fund will cease and amounts in my account awaiting reinvestment will be held in a free credit balance as described in this agreement. The cash available and running collected balance in my account will be reduced by the amount of the value of the impacted money market mutual fund if the fund had been included in the cash available and running collected balance. Payment of debit items from my account will continue to be paid as described in this agreement, but NFS will only pay items from a money market fund that has imposed a liquidity fee as part of that payment process after the other sources are attempted. NFS and/or You will help facilitate the selection of a different core account.

In the event I hold a money market mutual fund in my account that is held outside of my core account that is subject to a liquidity fee or redemption gate (as described in more detail in the fund's prospectus), upon notice to NFS by the fund that a liquidity fee or redemption gate has been imposed, the cash available and running collective balance in my account will be reduced by the amount of the value of the impacted money market mutual fund. Payment of debit items from my account will continue to be paid as described in this agreement, but NFS will only pay items from a money market fund that has imposed a liquidity fee as part of that payment process after the other sources are attempted.

I acknowledge that if a money market mutual fund held in my account imposes a liquidity fee or redemption gate, the money market mutual fund may not provide NFS with much, if any, advance notice of such liquidity fee or redemption gate. As a result, I may not be notified of such liquidity fee or redemption gate when I submit a trade. However, as instructed by the fund (and disclosed in the fund prospectus), my trade will be subject to such liquidity fee or redemption gate, and it may be applied to my trade retroactively.

- **27.** The reasonable costs of collection of any unpaid deficiency in my retirement account, including attorneys' fees incurred by You or NFS, shall be reimbursed by me to You or NFS.
- 28. To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money-laundering activities, Federal law and contractual obligations to NFS require that You obtain my name, date of birth, address, and a government-issued identification number before opening my account, to verify my identity. In certain circumstances, You may obtain and verify this information with respect to any person(s) authorized to effect transactions in an account. For certain entities, such as trusts, estates, corporations, partnerships, or other organizations, identifying documentation is also required. My account may be restricted and/or closed if You and/or NFS cannot verify this information. Neither You nor NFS will be responsible for any losses or damages (including but not limited to lost opportunity) resulting from any failure to provide this information or from any restriction placed upon, or closing of, my account. NFS does not permit bearer-share entity accounts known to NFS on its platform. If it comes to NFS' attention that an entity account has issued or is permitted to issue bearer shares, NFS will restrict the account to permit liquidations only.

Any information I provide to You may be shared by You and/or NFS with third parties for the purpose of validating my identity and may be shared for other purposes in accordance with Your applicable privacy policy and the National Financial Services LLC Privacy Policy. Any information I give to You may be subject to verification, and I authorize You and/or NFS to obtain a credit report about me at any time. Upon written request, I will be provided the name and address of the credit reporting agency used. You and/or NFS also may monitor or tape-record conversations with me in order to verify data about any transactions I request, and I consent to such monitoring or recording.

- **29.** I understand that my retirement account will be invested in accordance with my instructions as given from time to time to You, and as otherwise described herein.
- **30.** I understand that I am deemed to have received a copy of the Premiere Select Traditional IRA Disclosure Statement and/or Premiere Select Roth IRA Disclosure Statement, as applicable, unless a request for revocation is made to the Custodian within seven (7) calendar days following acceptance of my retirement account by or on behalf of the Custodian, as evidenced by notification.
- **31.** I am aware that various federal and state laws or regulations may be applicable to transactions in my account regarding the re-sale, transfer, delivery or negotiation of securities, including the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and Rules 144, 144A, 145 and 701 thereunder. I agree that it is my responsibility to notify You of the status of such securities and to ensure that any transaction I effect with You will be in conformity with such laws and regulations. I will notify You if I am or become an "affiliate" or "control person" within the meaning of the Securities act with respect to any security held in my account. I will comply with such policies, procedures and documentation requirements with respect to "restricted" and "control" securities (as such terms are contemplated under the Securities Act) as You may require.

In order to induce You to accept orders with respect to the securities in my account, I represent and agree that, unless I notify You otherwise, such securities or transactions therein are not subject to the laws and regulations regarding "restricted" and "control" securities. I will not buy or sell any securities of a corporation of which I am an affiliate or sell any restricted securities except in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and upon notice to You that the securities are restricted.

I understand that if I engage in transactions that are subject to any special conditions under applicable law, there may be a delay in the processing of the transaction pending fulfillment of such conditions. I acknowledge that if I am an employee or "affiliate" of the issuer of a security, any transaction in such security may be governed by the issuer's insider trading policy, and I agree to comply with such policy.

- **32.** This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, except as superseded by federal law or statute; shall cover individually and collectively all retirement accounts which I may open or reopen; shall inure to the benefit of the successors of FMTC, NFS, or You, and assigns, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise; and NFS may transfer my account to the successors and assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon my heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns.
- 33. As applicable, I understand and/or represent that:
 - NFS has the authority to accept orders and other instructions relative to the trust account identified herein from those individuals listed on the application. The trustee(s) may execute any documents on behalf of the trust that You or NFS may require. By signing this form, the trustee(s) hereby certify(ies) that You or NFS are authorized to follow the instructions of any trustee and to deliver funds, securities, or any other assets in the NFS account to any trustee or on any trustee's instructions, including delivering assets to a trustee personally. NFS, in its sole discretion and for its sole protection, may require the written consent of any or all trustees prior to acting upon the instructions of any trustee.
 - There are no other trustee(s) of the trust other than those listed on the Application or identified on a separate piece of paper attached to this Application and as listed on the Trustee Certification of Investment Powers form included with this Application.
 - Should only one person execute this agreement, it shall be a representation that the signer is the sole trustee. Where applicable, plural references in this certification shall be deemed singular.
 - We, the trustees, have the power under the trust and applicable law to enter into the transactions and issue the instructions that we make in this account. We understand that all orders and transactions will be governed by the terms and conditions of all other account agreements applicable to this account.
 - To the extent that the employer-sponsored plan assets inherited by a trust are being directly rolled to an IRA BDA, as trustee for the above-referenced trust, I hereby certify that the trust is a qualifying non-spouse beneficiary for purposes of Section 402(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and is therefore eligible to directly roll over assets to an IRA BDA.
 - We, the trustees, jointly and severally, indemnify You and NFS and hold You and NFS harmless from any claim, loss, expense, or other liability for effecting any transactions, and acting upon any instructions given by the trustees. We, the trustees, certify that any and all transactions effected and instructions given on this account will be in full compliance with the trust.
 - We, the trustees, agree to inform You in writing of any change in the composition of the trustees, or any other event that could alter the certifications made above.
 - We, the trustees, agree that any information we give to NFS on this
 account will be subject to verification, and we authorize You and/or
 NFS to obtain a credit report about me (any of us) individually at any
 time. Upon written request, You or NFS will provide the name and
 address of the credit reporting agency used.
- **34.** Choice of Marketplace. When securities may be traded in more than one marketplace, NFS may use its discretion in selecting the market in which to place my order.
- **35. Receipt of Communications.** Communication by mail, messenger, telegraph, electronic mail or electronic record, or otherwise, sent to me at the address of record listed on the Application or any other address I

may give You in writing are presumed to be delivered to and received by me whether actually received or not. A statement of all transactions will be mailed to the address of record, monthly or quarterly, depending on activity or instead of receiving these documents through the mail I may, if the service is offered by my Broker/Dealer, choose to receive electronic notification that statements and trade confirmations are available for online viewing. There is no fee for this option, and I may switch to or from it at any time. For more information, I understand that I should speak with my investment representative. I understand that I should promptly and carefully review the transaction confirmations and periodic account statements and notify You of any errors. Information contained on transaction confirmations and periodic account statements is conclusive unless I object in writing within five and ten days, respectively, after transmitted to me

36. Purchase of Precious Metals. I understand and acknowledge that precious metals and other collectibles within the meaning of Internal Revenue Code Section 408(m) may not be purchased in retirement accounts except as otherwise permitted by ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code. If I direct You or NFS to purchase eligible gold, silver and platinum coins for me, I understand the following: a) The SIPC does not provide protection for precious metals. However, metals stored through NFS are insured by the depository at market value. b) Precious metals investments can involve substantial risk, as prices can change rapidly and abruptly. Therefore, an advantageous purchase or liquidation cannot be guaranteed. c) If I take delivery of my metals, I am subject to delivery charges and applicable sales and use taxes.

To the extent that collectibles, including precious metals, are held in an underlying trust or other investment vehicle such as an exchange traded fund, it is my responsibility to determine whether or not such an investment is appropriate for an IRA or retirement plan account and whether the acquisition of such investment may result in a taxable distribution from the IRA or retirement plan account under Section 408(m).

37. Termination of Retirement Account. This Agreement may be terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Premiere Select IRA Custodial Agreement, Premiere Select Roth IRA Custodial Agreement, or Premiere Select Retirement Plan and Trust Agreement, as applicable. My final instructions on record with NFS will be applied to any residuals or interest accruals after termination of my account.

My account balance and certain uncashed checks issued from my account may be transferred to a state unclaimed property administrator if no activity occurs in the account or the check remains outstanding within the time period specified by the applicable state law.

NOTICE TO CUSTOMER

38. Payment for Order Flow

If You transmit orders (including those generated by reinvested dividends) through NFS, NFS in turn will send my orders to various exchanges or market centers based on a number of factors. Such factors include size of order, trading characteristics of the security, favorable execution prices (including the opportunity for price improvement), access to reliable market data, speed of execution, liquidity enhancement opportunities, availability of efficient automated transaction processing, and reduced execution costs through price concessions from the market centers. Certain of the market centers may execute orders at prices superior to the publicly quoted market in accordance with their rules or practices. While a customer may specify that an order be directed to a particular market center for execution, the order-routing policies, taking into consideration all of the factors listed above, are designed to result in favorable transaction processing for customers. You will furnish payment for order flow and routing policies to me on an annual basis.

You and NFS receive remuneration, compensation, or other consideration for directing customer orders for equity securities to particular Broker/ Dealers or market centers for execution. Such consideration, if any, takes the form of financial credits, monetary payments, or reciprocal business.

Note: Trades placed through telephone, electronic or on-line trading systems cannot specify a particular market center for execution.

39. Investment Objective Descriptions

The typical investments listed with each objective are only some examples of the kinds of investments that have historically been consistent with the listed objectives. However, neither You nor NFS

can ensure that any investment will achieve my intended objective. I acknowledge that I must make my own investment decisions and determine for myself if the investments I select are appropriate and consistent with my investment objectives.

I acknowledge and agree that neither You nor NFS assume any responsibility to me for determining if the investments I selected are suitable for me.

Preservation of Capital. An investment objective of Preservation of Capital indicates that I seek to maintain the principal value of my investments and I am interested in investments that have historically demonstrated a very low degree of risk of loss of principal value. Some examples of typical investments might include money market funds and high-quality, short-term fixed-income products.

Income. An investment objective of Income indicates that I seek to generate income from investments and I am interested in investments that have historically demonstrated a low degree of risk of loss of principal value. Some examples of typical investments might include high quality, short- and medium-term fixed-income products, short-term bond funds, and covered call options.

Capital Appreciation. An investment objective of Capital Appreciation indicates that I seek to grow the principal value of my investments over time and I am willing to invest in securities that have historically demonstrated a moderate to above-average degree of risk of loss of principal value to pursue this objective. Some examples of typical investments might include common stocks, lower-quality, medium-term fixed income products, equity mutual funds, and index funds.

Speculation. An investment objective of Speculation indicates that I seek a significant increase in the principal value of my investments and I am willing to accept a corresponding greater degree of risk by investing in securities that have historically demonstrated a high degree of risk of loss of principal value to pursue this objective. Some examples of typical investments might include lower-quality, long-term fixed-income products, initial public offerings, volatile or low-priced common stocks, the purchase or sale of put or call options, spreads, straddles and/or combinations on equities or indexes,* and the use of short-term or day trading strategies.

Trading Profits. An investment objective of Trading Profits indicates that I seek to take advantage of short-term trading opportunities, which may involve establishing and liquidating positions quickly. Some examples of typical investments might include short-term purchases and sales of volatile or low-priced common stocks, put or call options, spreads, straddles and/or combinations on equities or indexes.* This is a high-risk strategy.

Growth and Income. An investment objective of Growth and Income indicates that I seek a mix of growing principal value and generating income from investments and I am willing to invest in securities with moderate historical risk of loss of principal while having the potential to pay income. Some examples of typical investments might include common stocks, medium-term fixed-income investments and growth and income mutual funds.

* Retirement accounts may not be approved for margin trading privileges. Margin is required to sell covered puts and uncovered puts and call options, conduct spreads, and to write straddles and combinations on equities or indexes.

40. FINRA Rule 4311

FINRA Rule 4311 requires that You and NFS identify the various functions that You and NFS each agree to perform regarding the administration of my brokerage account. The following is a summary of the allocation services performed by You and NFS. A more complete description is available upon request.

As my Broker/Dealer, You are responsible for (1) obtaining and verifying account information and documentation, (2) opening, approving, and monitoring my brokerage account, (3) transmitting timely and accurate instructions to NFS with respect to my brokerage account, (4) determining the suitability of investment recommendations and advice, (5) operating and supervising my account and its own activities in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including compliance with margin rules pertaining to my margin account (if applicable), and (6) maintaining the required books and records for the services it performs.

NFS shall perform the following tasks at Your direction: (1) execute, clear and settle transactions processed through NFS by You, (2) prepare

and send transaction confirmations and periodic statements of my retirement account (unless You have undertaken to do so). Certain pricing and other information may be provided by You or obtained from third parties, which has not been verified by NFS, (3) act as custodian for funds and securities received by NFS on my behalf, (4) follow Your instructions with respect to transactions and the receipt and delivery of funds and securities for my account, and (5) extend margin credit for purchasing or carrying securities on margin, if applicable. You are responsible for ensuring that my account is in compliance with federal, industry, and NFS margin rules and for advising me of margin requirements. NFS shall maintain the required books and records for the services it performs.

41. Pre-Dispute Arbitration Agreement

This agreement contains a pre-dispute arbitration clause. By signing an arbitration agreement, the parties agree as follows:

- (A All parties to this agreement are giving up the right to sue each other in court, including the right to a trial by jury, except as provided by the rules of the arbitration forum in which a claim is filed.
- (B) Arbitration awards are generally final and binding; a party's ability to have a court reverse or modify an arbitration award is very limited.
- (C) The ability of the parties to obtain documents, witness statements, and other discovery is generally more limited in arbitration than in court proceedings.
- (D) The arbitrators do not have to explain the reason(s) for their award unless, in an eligible case, a joint request for an explained decision has been submitted by all parties to the panel at least 20 days prior to the first scheduled hearing date.
- (E) The panel of arbitrators will typically include a minority of arbitrators who were or are affiliated with the securities industry.
- (F) The rules of some arbitration forums may impose time limits for bringing a claim in arbitration. In some cases, a claim that is ineligible for arbitration may be brought in court.
- (G) The rules of the arbitration forum in which the claim is filed, and any amendments thereto, shall be incorporated into this agreement.

All controversies that may arise between me, You and NFS concerning any subject matter, issue or circumstance whatsoever (including, but not limited to, controversies concerning any account, order or transaction, or the continuation, performance, interpretation or breach of this or any other agreement between me, You and NFS whether entered into or arising before, on or after the date this account is opened) shall be determined by arbitration in accordance with the rules then prevailing of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) or any United States securities self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange of which the person, entity or entities against whom the claim is made is a member, as I may designate. If I designate the rules of a United States self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange and those rules fail to be applied for any reason, then I shall designate the prevailing rules of any other United States securities self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange of which the person, entity or entities against whom the claim is made is a member. If I do not notify You in writing of my designation within five (5) days after such failure or after I receive from You a written demand for arbitration, then I authorize You and/or NFS to make such designation on my behalf. The designation of the rules of a United States self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange is not integral to the underlying agreement to arbitrate. I understand that judgment upon any arbitration award may be entered in any court of competent iurisdiction.

No person shall bring a putative or certified class action to arbitration, nor seek to enforce any pre-dispute arbitration agreement against any person who has initiated in court a putative class action; or who is a member of a putative class who has not opted out of the class with respect to any claims encompassed by the putative class action until: (i) the class certification is denied; or (ii) the class is decertified; or (iii) the customer is excluded from the class by the court. Such forbearance to enforce an agreement to arbitrate shall not constitute a waiver of any rights under this agreement except to the extent stated herein.

National Financial Services LLC. Member NYSE. SIPC

Premiere Select®

Qualified Retirement Plan and Trust

Defined
Contribution
Basic Plan
Document 04

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DEFINITIONS

Actual Deferral Percentage (ADP)	
Adopting Employer	
Adoption Agreement	
Alternate Payee	
Annual Additions	
Annuity Starting Date	
Basic Plan Document	
Beneficiary	
Break in Eligibility Service	
Catch-up Contributions	2
Code	
Compensation	2
Contributing Participant	
Custodian	
Deemed Severance from Employment	
Defined Contribution Dollar Limitation	
Designated Beneficiary	
Determination Date	
Determination Period	
Differential Wage Payment	
Direct Rollover	
Directed Trustee	
Disability	
Discretionary Trustee	
Distribution Calendar Year	
Domestic Relations Order	
Earliest Retirement Age	
Earned Income	
Effective Date	
Election Period	
Elective Deferrals	
Eligibility Computation Period	
Eligible Retirement Plan	
Eligible Rollover Distribution	4
Employee	4
Employer	
Employer Contribution	
Employer Profit Sharing Contribution	
	6
Employment Commencement Date	
Employment Commencement DateEntry Dates	6
Employment Commencement Date	(
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions	(
Employment Commencement Date	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions	
Employment Commencement Date	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD	
Employment Commencement Date	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Find Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Friduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA. Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Friduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA. Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Insurer Insurer Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee Leased Employee	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Initial Plan Document Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Life Expectancy Limitation Year	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Clective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Find Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Life Expectancy Limitation Year. Limited Trustee	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Liffe Expectancy Limitation Year Limitation Year Limitation Trustee Master or Prototype Plan	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Find Key Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Life Expectancy Limitation Year. Limited Trustee Master or Prototype Plan Maximum Permissible Amount	
Employment Commencement Date Entry Dates ERISA Excess Annual Additions Excess Contributions Excess Elective Deferrals Extended 2009 RMD Fiduciary Fund Highly Compensated Employee Hours of Service Indirect Rollover Indirect Rollover Individual Account Initial Plan Document Insurer Investment Fiduciary Investment Fiduciary Investment Fund Key Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Leased Employee Liffe Expectancy Limitation Year Limitation Year Limitation Trustee Master or Prototype Plan	

	ant	
	ant's Benefit	
	ive Aggregation Group	
	lministrator	
	quence Number	
	ar	
	e 35 Waiver	
	Value	
	Beneficiary	
	an Document	
	ed Annual Benefit	
Prototyp	pe Document Sponsor	10
	ed Domestic Relations Order	
	ed Election	
	ed Joint and Survivor Annuity	
	ed Optional Survivor Annuity	
	ed Preretirement Survivor Annuity	
	ing Employer Real Property	
	ing Employer Security(ies)ing Participant	
	ntg r articipantnt	
	Employer	
	d Aggregation Group	
	d Beginning Date	
	ective Deferrals	
Self-Em	nployed Individual	12
Separate	e Fund	12
	ce from Employment	
•		
	ation of Employment	
	avy Plan	
	on Date	
	Eligibility Service	
I car or	Englette	+ -
SECTION	ON ONE: EFFECTIVE DATES	12
	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS	12
SECTIO 2.01	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTSEligibility to Participate	12
SECTI (2.01 2.02	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry	12 12
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class	12 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service	12 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section	12 13 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service	12 13 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment	12 13 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS	12 13 13 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment	12 13 13 13 13
2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals	12 13 13 13 13 13
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions	12 13 13 13 13 13 14 15
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions	12 13 13 13 13 13 14 15
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions	12 13 13 13 13 14 15 16
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. Eligibility to Participate	12121313131314151617
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class. Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Limitation on Allocations	12121313131314151617
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Transfer Contributions Limitation on Allocations Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP) ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES	12
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO SECTIO	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Transfer Contributions Limitation on Allocations Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP) ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES ON FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS	12 13 13 13 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO SECTIO 5.01	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class. Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Transfer Contributions Limitation on Allocations Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP) ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES Distributions Distributions	122
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.02	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class. Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service. Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment. ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS. Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Transfer Contributions Limitation on Allocations. Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP). ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES ON FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS Distributions Form of Distribution to a Participant.	122
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO SECTIO 5.01	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. Eligibility to Participate. Plan Entry	122
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.02 5.03	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class. Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service. Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment. ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS. Elective Deferrals Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Transfer Contributions Limitation on Allocations. Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP). ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES ON FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS Distributions Form of Distribution to a Participant.	122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.02 5.03 5.04	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. Eligibility to Participate	122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.01 5.02 5.03 5.04 5.05	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class. Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS Elective Deferrals. Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Transfer Contributions Transfer Contributions Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP) ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES ON FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS Distributions Form of Distribution to a Participant. Distributions Upon the Death of a Participant. Form of Distribution to Beneficiaries. Required Minimum Distribution Requirements Annuity Contracts. Distributions In-Kind.	122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.02 5.03 5.04 5.05 5.06 5.07 5.08	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate	122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.02 5.03 5.04 5.05 5.06 5.07 5.08 5.09	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. Eligibility to Participate Plan Entry. Transfer to or from an Ineligible Class. Return as a Participant After a Break in Eligibility Service. Determinations Under This Section Terms of Employment. ON THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS. Elective Deferrals. Employer Contributions Rollover Contributions Rollover Contributions. Limitation on Allocations. Actual Deferral Percentage Test (ADP). ON FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES. ON FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS Distributions. Form of Distribution to a Participant. Distributions Upon the Death of a Participant. Form of Distribution to Beneficiaries. Required Minimum Distribution Requirements. Annuity Contracts. Distributions In-Kind Procedure for Missing Participants or Beneficiaries. Claims Procedures.	122 123 125 126 126 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127
SECTIO 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04 2.05 2.06 SECTIO 3.01 3.02 3.03 3.04 3.05 3.06 SECTIO 5.01 5.02 5.03 5.04 5.05 5.06 5.07 5.08	ON TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS Eligibility to Participate	122 133 133 133 133 134 144 155 166 166 177 178 188 188 188 189 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 12

5.13 Distribution of Excess Contributions 28 5.14 Loans to Participants 29 SECTION SIX: DEFINITIONS 30 SECTION SEVEN: MISCELLANEOUS 30 7.01 The Fund. 30 7.02 Individual Accounts. 30 7.03 Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator 31 7.04 Expenses and Compensation 32 7.05 Information from Employer. 32 7.06 Plan Amendments 32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation. 33 7.08 Permanency 33 7.09 Plan Merchanter 32 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 33 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Hadings 34 7.15 Gender and Number. 34 7.16 State Community Property Laws 34 7.16	5.12	Distribution of Excess Elective Deferrals	28
5.14 Loans to Participants 29 SECTION SIX: DEFINITIONS 30 SECTION SEVEN: MISCELLANEOUS 30 7.01 The Fund 30 7.02 Individual Accounts 30 7.03 Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator 31 7.04 Expense and Compensation 32 7.05 Information from Employer 32 7.06 Plan Amendments 32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation 33 7.08 Permanency 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Law 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34	5.13		
SECTION SEVEN: MISCELLANEOUS 30 7.01 The Fund. 30 7.02 Individual Accounts. 30 7.03 Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator 31 7.04 Expenses and Compensation 32 7.05 Information from Employer. 32 7.06 Plan Mendments. 32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation. 33 7.08 Permanency. 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination. 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination. 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer. 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. 34 7.13 Stac Community Property Laws. 34 7.14 Headings. 34 7.15 General Mumber. 34 7.15 General Undertaking of all P	5.14		
7.01 The Fund. 30 7.02 Individual Accounts. 30 7.03 Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator 31 7.04 Expenses and Compensation 32 7.05 Information from Employer 32 7.06 Plan Amendments. 32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation. 33 7.08 Permanency 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination 33 7.00 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.10 Continuance of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Mumber 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc 34 7.20 Inalianeabil	SECT	ION SIX: DEFINITIONS	30
7.02 Individual Accounts. 30 7.03 Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator 31 7.04 Expenses and Compensation 32 7.05 Information from Employer 32 7.06 Plan Amendments. 32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation 33 7.08 Permanency 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21	SECT	TON SEVEN: MISCELLANEOUS	30
7.03 Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator .31 7.04 Expenses and Compensation .32 7.05 Information from Employer .32 7.06 Plan Amendments .32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation .33 7.08 Permanency .33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination .33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer .34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification .34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions .34 7.13 State Community Property Laws .34 7.14 Headings .34 7.15 Gender and Number .34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct .34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties .34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties .34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status .34 7.21 Bonding .35 7.21 Indigenability of Benefits .35 7.22 Investment Authority .36 7.23 <	7.01	The Fund	30
7.04 Expenses and Compensation 32 7.05 Information from Employer. 32 7.06 Plan Amendments 32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation. 33 7.08 Permanency 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number. 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 35 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.25	7.02	Individual Accounts	30
7.05 Information from Employer. .32 7.06 Plan Amendments. .32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation. .33 7.08 Permanency. .33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination. .33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer. .34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification .34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. .34 7.13 State Community Property Laws. .34 7.14 Headings. .34 7.15 Gender and Number. .34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct. .34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties .34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. .34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status .34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits .35 7.21 Bonding .35 7.22 Investment Authority .36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders .39 <t< td=""><td>7.03</td><td>Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator</td><td>31</td></t<>	7.03	Powers and Duties of the Plan Administrator	31
7.06 Plan Mendenters .32 7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation .33 7.08 Permanency .33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination .33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer .34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification .34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions .34 7.13 State Community Property Laws .34 7.14 Headings .34 7.15 Gender and Number .34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct .34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties .34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. .34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits .35 7.21 Bonding .35 7.22 Investment Authority .36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders .39 7.25 Military Service .39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN .40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian .40 8.02 <td< td=""><td>7.04</td><td>Expenses and Compensation</td><td>32</td></td<>	7.04	Expenses and Compensation	32
7.07 Plan Merger or Consolidation. 33 7.08 Permanency. 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination. 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer. 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification. 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws. 34 7.14 Headings. 34 7.15 Gender and Number. 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status. 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02	7.05		
7.08 Permanency 33 7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03	7.06	Plan Amendments	32
7.09 Method and Procedure for Termination 33 7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 42 8.04 No Oblig	7.07	Plan Merger or Consolidation	33
7.10 Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer. 34 7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws. 34 7.14 Headings. 34 7.15 Gender and Number. 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct. 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status. 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04	7.08	Permanency	33
7.11 Failure of Plan Qualification 34 7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 34 7.21 Bonding 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45	7.09		
7.12 Governing Laws and Provisions. 34 7.13 State Community Property Laws. 34 7.14 Headings. 34 7.15 Gender and Number. 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct. 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limit	7.10	Continuance of Plan by Successor Employer	34
7.13 State Community Property Laws 34 7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 801 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 <	7.11	Failure of Plan Qualification	34
7.14 Headings 34 7.15 Gender and Number 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Misc	7.12	Governing Laws and Provisions	34
7.15 Gender and Number. 34 7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct 34 7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 </td <td>7.13</td> <td>State Community Property Laws</td> <td>34</td>	7.13	State Community Property Laws	34
7.16 Standard of Fiduciary Conduct	7.14	Headings	34
7.17 General Undertaking of all Parties 34 7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 42 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.15		
7.18 Agreement Binds Heirs, Etc. 34 7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status. 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits. 35 7.21 Bonding. 35 7.22 Investment Authority. 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service. 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.16		
7.19 Determination of Top-Heavy Status 34 7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.17		
7.20 Inalienability of Benefits 35 7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.18		
7.21 Bonding 35 7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.19		
7.22 Investment Authority 36 7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.20		
7.23 Procedures and Other Matters Regarding Domestic Relations Orders 39 7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.21		
7.24 Indemnification of Prototype Document Sponsor 39 7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.22		
7.25 Military Service 39 SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.23		
SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN 40 8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.24		
8.01 Financial Organization as Custodian 40 8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	7.25	Military Service	39
8.02 Trustee 42 8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	SECT		
8.03 Compensation and Expenses 44 8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	8.01		
8.04 No Obligation to Question Data 44 8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	8.02		
8.05 Resignation 45 8.06 Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability 45 8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian 46 8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47	8.03		
8.06Degree of Care – Limitations of Liability458.07Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian468.08Miscellaneous468.09Limited Trustee47	8.04		
8.07 Indemnification of Trustee and Custodian	8.05		
8.08 Miscellaneous 46 8.09 Limited Trustee 47			
8.09 Limited Trustee			
SECTION NINE: ADOPTING EMPLOYER SIGNATURE	8.09	Limited Trustee	47
	SECT	TON NINE: ADOPTING EMPLOYER SIGNATURE	48

QUALIFIED RETIREMENT PLAN AND TRUST

Defined Contribution Basic Plan Document 04

DEFINITIONS

When used in the Plan with initial capital letters, the following words and phrases will have the meanings set forth below unless the context indicates that other meanings are intended.

2009 RMD

Means a required minimum distribution that would have been distributed to a Participant or Beneficiary for 2009 but for the enactment of Code section 401(a)(9)(H).

ACTUAL DEFERRAL PERCENTAGE (ADP)

Means, for a specified group of Participants (either Highly Compensated Employees or non-Highly Compensated Employees) for a Plan Year, the average of the ratios (calculated separately for each Participant in such group) of 1) the amount of Employer Contributions actually paid to the Fund on behalf of such Participant for the Plan Year to 2) the Participant's Compensation for such Plan Year. For purposes of calculating the ADP, Employer Contributions on behalf of any Participant will include: 1) any Elective Deferrals (other than Catch-up Contributions) made pursuant to the Participant's salary deferral election or pursuant to automatic Elective Deferral enrollment, if applicable (including Excess Elective Deferrals of Highly Compensated Employees), but excluding Excess Elective Deferrals of Participants who are non-Highly Compensated Employees that arise solely from Elective Deferrals made under the Plan or plans of this Employer. For purposes of computing Actual Deferral Percentages, an Employee who would be a Participant but for the failure to make Elective Deferrals will be treated as a Participant on whose behalf no Elective Deferrals are made.

ADOPTING EMPLOYER

Means any corporation, sole proprietor, or other entity named in the Adoption Agreement and any successor who by merger, consolidation, purchase, or otherwise assumes the obligations of the Plan. The Adopting Employer will be a named fiduciary for purposes of ERISA section 402(a).

ADOPTION AGREEMENT

Means the document executed by the Adopting Employer through which it adopts the Plan and trust and thereby agrees to be bound by all terms and conditions of the Plan and trust.

ALTERNATE PAYEE

Means any Spouse, former Spouse, child, or other dependent of a Participant who is recognized by a Domestic Relations Order as having a right to receive all, or a portion of, the benefits payable under the Plan with respect to such Participant.

ANNUAL ADDITIONS

Means the sum of the following amounts credited to a Participant for the Limitation Year:

- a. Employer Contributions;
- b. nondeductible employee contributions;
- c. amounts allocated to an individual medical account, as defined in Code section 415(l)(2), that is part of a pension or annuity plan maintained by the Employer, and amounts derived from contributions paid or accrued that are attributable to post-retirement medical benefits, allocated to the separate account of a key employee (as defined in Code section 419A(d)(3)), under a welfare benefit fund (as defined in Code section 419(e)), maintained by the Employer;
- d. amounts allocated under a simplified employee pension plan; and
- e. Excess Contributions (including amounts recharacterized).

ANNUITY STARTING DATE

Means the first day of the first period for which an amount is paid as an annuity or in any other form.

BASIC PLAN DOCUMENT

Means this prototype Plan and trust document.

BENEFICIARY

Means the individual(s) or entity(ies) designated pursuant to Plan Section Five.

BREAK IN ELIGIBILITY SERVICE

Means a 12-consecutive month period that coincides with an Eligibility Computation Period during which an Employee fails to complete more than 500 Hours of Service.

CATCH-UP CONTRIBUTIONS

Means Elective Deferrals made pursuant to Plan Section Three that are in excess of an otherwise applicable Plan limit and that are made by Participants who are age 50 or older by the end of their taxable year. An otherwise applicable Plan limit is a limit in the Plan that applies to Elective Deferrals without regard to Catch-up Contributions, such as the limits on Annual Additions, the dollar limitation on Elective Deferrals under Code section 402(g) (not counting Catch-up Contributions), the limit imposed by the Actual Deferral Percentage (ADP) test under Code section 401(k)(3), or any other allowable limit imposed by the Employer. Catch-up Contributions for a Participant for a taxable year may not exceed (1) the dollar limit on Catch-up Contributions under Code section 414(v)(2)(B)(i) for the taxable year or (2) when added to other Elective Deferrals, an amount that would enable the Employer to satisfy other statutory or regulatory requirements (e.g., income tax withholding, FICA and FUTA withholding). The dollar limit on Catch-up Contributions in Code section 414(v)(2)(B)(i) is \$1,000 for taxable years beginning in 2002, increasing by \$1,000 for each year thereafter up to \$5,000 for taxable years beginning in 2006 and later years. After 2006, the \$5,000 limit will be adjusted by the Secretary of the Treasury for cost-of-living increases under Code section 414(v)(2)(C). Any such adjustments will be in multiples of \$500.

CODE

Means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended from time to time.

COMPENSATION

A. General Definition – The following definition of Compensation will apply.

W-2 wages. Compensation is defined as information required to be reported under Code sections 6041, 6051, and 6052 (wages, tips, and other compensation as reported on Form W-2). Compensation is further defined as wages within the meaning of Code section 3401(a) and all other payments of compensation to an Employee by the Employer (in the course of the Employer's trade or business) for which the Employer is required to furnish the Employee a written statement under Code sections 6041(d), 6051(a)(3), and 6052. Compensation must be determined without regard to any rules in Code section 3401(a) that limit the remuneration included in wages based on the nature or location of the employment or the services performed (such as the exception for agricultural labor in Code section 3401(a)(2)).

For any Self-Employed Individual covered under the Plan, Compensation will mean Earned Income.

B. Determination Period And Other Rules – Where an Employee becomes an eligible Participant on any date subsequent to the first day of the applicable Determination Period, Compensation shall include that Compensation paid to the Employee during the entire Determination Period, unless otherwise required by either the Code or ERISA. Compensation received by an Employee during a Determination Period in which the Employee does not perform services for the Employer will be disregarded.

Compensation will include any amount that is contributed by the Employer pursuant to a salary reduction agreement and that is not includible in the gross income of the Employee under Code sections 125, 132(f)(4), 402(e)(3), 402(h)(1)(B), or 403(b).

For purposes of applying the limitations of Plan Section 3.05, Compensation for a Limitation Year is the Compensation actually paid or made available in gross income during such Limitation Year. Compensation paid or made available during such Limitation Year will include any elective deferral (as defined in Code section 402(g)(3)) and any amount that is contributed or deferred by the Employer at the election of the Employee and that is not includible in the gross income of the Employee by reason of Code sections 125, 132(f), or 457.

Payments made after Severance from Employment will be included in Compensation within the meaning of Compensation as described in Part A of the definition of Compensation in the Plan's Definition section, if they meet the following requirements:

- 1. Payments described in paragraphs (2), (3), or (4) below will be included in the definition of Compensation (within the meaning of Compensation as described in Part A of this definition of Compensation) provided such payments meet the following requirements:
 - a. Those amounts are paid by the later of 1) 2½ months after Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan or 2) the end of the Limitation Year that includes the date of Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan; and
 - b. Those amounts would have been included in the definition of Compensation if they were paid before the Employee's Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan.

A governmental plan (as defined in Code section 414(d)) may provide for the substitution of the calendar year in which the Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan occurs for the Limitation Year in which the Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan occurs.

- 2. Regular Pay. An amount is described in this paragraph (2) if
 - a. The payment is regular compensation for services during the Employee's regular working hours, or compensation for services outside the Employee's regular working hours (such as overtime or shift differential), commissions, bonuses, or other similar payments; and
 - b. The payment would have been paid to the Employee prior to a Severance from Employment if the Employee had continued in employment with the Employer.
- 3. Leave Cashouts. An amount is described in this paragraph (3) if
 - a. The payment is for unused accrued bona fide sick, vacation, or other leave, but only if the Employee would have been able to use the leave if employment had continued.

- 4. Deferred Compensation. An amount is described in this paragraph (4) if
 - a. The payment is an amount received by an Employee pursuant to a nonqualified unfunded deferred compensation plan, but only if the payment would have been paid to the Employee at the same time if the Employee had continued in employment with the Employer and only to the extent that the payment is includible in the Employee's gross income.
- 5. Other post-severance payments. Any payment that is not described in paragraph (2), (3), or (4) above is not considered Compensation under paragraph (1) above if paid after Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan, even if it is paid within the time period described in paragraph (1) above. Thus, Compensation does not include severance pay, or parachute payments within the meaning of Code section 280G(b)(2), if they are paid after Severance from Employment with the Employer maintaining the Plan, and does not include post-severance payments under a nonqualified unfunded deferred compensation plan unless the payments would have been paid at that time without regard to the Severance from Employment. Any payments not described above are not considered Compensation if paid after Severance from Employment, even if they are paid within 2½ months following Severance from Employment, except for payments to an individual who does not currently perform services for the Employer by reason of qualified military service (within the meaning of Code section 414(u)(1)) to the extent these payments do not exceed the amounts the individual would have received if the individual had continued to perform services for the Employer rather than entering qualified military service.
- C. Compensation for ADP and Code section 401(a)(4) Testing Compensation for purposes of ADP and Code section 401(a)(4) testing will generally be W-2 wages unless another definition is required by law or regulation. Notwithstanding the preceding, a Plan Administrator has the option from year to use a different definition of Compensation for testing purposes provided the definition of Compensation satisfies Code section 414(s) and the corresponding regulations.
- D. Limits On Compensation The annual Compensation of each Participant taken into account in determining allocations will not exceed \$200,000, as adjusted for cost-of-living increases in accordance with Code section 401(a)(17)(B). Annual Compensation means Compensation during the Plan Year or such other consecutive 12-month period over which Compensation is otherwise determined under the Plan (Determination Period). The cost-of-living adjustment in effect for the calendar year applies to annual Compensation for the Determination Period that begins with or within such calendar year.

If a Determination Period consists of fewer than 12 months, the annual Compensation limit is an amount equal to the otherwise applicable annual Compensation limit multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the short Determination Period, and the denominator of which is 12.

If Compensation for any prior Determination Period is taken into account in determining an Employee's allocations or benefits for the current Determination Period, the Compensation for such prior Determination Period is subject to the applicable annual Compensation limit in effect for that prior period.

- E. Elective Deferrals Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, with respect to Compensation that is paid (or would have been paid but for a cash or deferred election) in Plan Years beginning on or after July 1, 2007, a Participant may only make Elective Deferrals from Compensation within the meaning of Compensation as described in Part A of this definition of Compensation.
- F. Differential Wage Payments Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, if the Employer chooses to provide Differential Wage Payments to individuals who are active duty members of the uniformed services, such individuals will be treated as Employees of the Employer making the Differential Wage Payment and the Differential Wage Payment will be treated as Compensation for purposes of applying the Code. Accordingly, Differential Wage Payments must be treated as Compensation as described in Part A of this definition of Compensation. Differential Wage Payments will also be treated as Compensation for contribution, allocation, and other general Plan purposes, unless excluded from the Plan's definition of Compensation on the Adoption Agreement. In addition, the Plan will not be treated as failing to meet the requirements of any provision described in Code section 414(u)(1)(C) by reason of any contribution or benefit that is based on Differential Wage Payments only if all Employees of the Employer (as determined under Code sections 414(b), (c), (m), and (o)) performing service in the uniformed services described in Code section 3401(h)(2)(A) are entitled to receive Differential Wage Payments on reasonably equivalent terms and, if eligible to participate in the Plan, to make contributions based on the payments on reasonably equivalent terms applying the provisions of Code section 410(b)(3), (4), and (5). Such contributions or benefits may be taken into account for purposes of nondiscrimination testing as long as they do not cause the Plan to fail the nondiscrimination requirements.

CONTRIBUTING PARTICIPANT

Means a Participant who has enrolled as a Contributing Participant pursuant to Plan Section 3.01 and on whose behalf the Employer is contributing Elective Deferrals to the Plan.

CUSTODIAN

Means an entity appointed in the Adoption Agreement (or, if applicable, in a separate custodial agreement) by the Adopting Employer to hold the assets of the trust as Custodian or any duly appointed successor as provided in Plan Section 8.05.

DEEMED SEVERANCE FROM EMPLOYMENT

Means an individual is deemed to cease to be an Employee for purposes of Code section 414(u)(12)(B) during any period the individual is performing service in the uniformed services as defined in Code section 3401(h)(2)(A).

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION DOLLAR LIMITATION

Means \$40,000, as adjusted under Code section 415(d).

DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY

Means the individual who is designated by the Participant (or the Participant's surviving Spouse) as the Beneficiary of the Participant's interest under the Plan and who is the designated Beneficiary under Code section 401(a)(9) and Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(9)-4.

DETERMINATION DATE

Means for any Plan Year after the first Plan Year, the last day of the preceding Plan Year. For the first Plan Year of the Plan, Determination Date means the last day of that year.

DETERMINATION PERIOD

Means, except as provided elsewhere in this Plan, the Plan Year.

DIFFERENTIAL WAGE PAYMENT

Means a payment defined in Code section 3401(h)(2) that is made by the Employer to an individual performing service in the uniformed services.

DIRECT ROLLOVER

Means a payment by the Plan to the Eligible Retirement Plan specified by the Recipient (or, if necessary pursuant to Plan Section 5.01(B)(1), an individual retirement account (IRA) under Code sections 408(a), 408(b), or 408A (for Roth Elective Deferrals).

DIRECTED TRUSTEE

Means the Trustee that is designated as the Directed Trustee in the Adoption Agreement. The Directed Trustee will be responsible for investing the Fund and performing the responsibilities of the Trustee set forth in the Plan in accordance with specific instructions provided by the Adopting Employer or the Plan Administrator (or Participant or Beneficiary) in accordance with instructions (either in writing or in any other form permitted by rules promulgated by the IRS or DOL) from one of the foregoing.

DISABILITY

Unless otherwise provided in the Plan, Disability means the inability to engage in any substantial, gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. The permanence and degree of such impairment will be supported by medical evidence satisfactory to the Plan Administrator.

DISCRETIONARY TRUSTEE

Means a Trustee that is designated as a Discretionary Trustee in the Adoption Agreement and enters into an agreement with the Adopting Employer whereby the Trustee and not the Adopting Employer will select the appropriate investments for the Fund in accordance with the Plan's funding policy statement or will perform such other tasks identified in such agreement between the Trustee and Adopting Employer.

DISTRIBUTION CALENDAR YEAR

Means a calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the Participant's death, the first Distribution Calendar Year is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year that contains the Participant's Required Beginning Date. For distributions beginning after the Participant's death, the first Distribution Calendar Year is the calendar year in which distributions are required to begin pursuant to Plan Section 5.05(D). The required minimum distribution for the Participant's first Distribution Calendar Year will be made on or before the Participant's Required Beginning Date. The required minimum distribution for other Distribution Calendar Years, including the required minimum distribution for the Distribution Calendar Year in which the Participant's Required Beginning Date occurs, will be made on or before December 31 of that Distribution Calendar Year.

DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDER

Means any judgment, decree, or order (including approval of a property settlement agreement) that:

- a. relates to the provision of child support, alimony payments, or marital property rights to a spouse, former spouse, child, or other dependent of a Participant, and
- b. is made pursuant to state domestic relations law (including applicable community property laws).

EARLIEST RETIREMENT AGE

Means, for purposes of the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity provisions of the Plan, the earliest date on which, under the Plan, the Participant could elect to receive retirement benefits.

EARNED INCOME

Means the net earnings from self-employment in the trade or business with respect to which the Plan is established, for which personal services of the individual are a material income-producing factor. Net earnings will be determined without regard to items not included in gross income and the deductions allocable to such items. Net earnings are reduced by contributions by the Employer to a qualified plan to the extent deductible under Code section 404.

Net earnings will be determined with regard to the deduction allowed to the Employer by Code section 164(f).

For purposes of applying the limitations of Code section 415, in the case of an Employee who is an Employee within the meaning of Code section 401(c)(1) and regulations promulgated under Code section 401(c)(1), the Employee's earned income (as described in Code section 401(c)(2)) and regulations promulgated under Code section 401(c)(2)), will include amounts deferred at the election of the Employee that would be includible in gross income but for the rules of Code sections 402(e)(3), 402(h)(1)(B), 402(k), or 457(b).

EFFECTIVE DATE

Means the date the Plan (or amendment or restatement of the Plan) becomes effective as indicated in the Adoption Agreement. Notwithstanding the preceding, unless otherwise provided in this Basic Plan Document, the Effective Date of mandatory Plan changes resulting from the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA) and other legislative and regulatory guidance not previously included in the Plan will be the later of the original Effective Date of the Plan or the first day the legislative or regulatory change became effective. For optional changes made available by PPA and other legislative and regulatory guidance, the Effective Date will be the date the Plan began to operate in accordance with such optional change, as indicated by a Plan amendment if a written amendment was required for such change.

ELECTION PERIOD

Means the period that begins on the first day of the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age 35 and ends on the date of the Participant's death. If a Participant separates from service before the first day of the Plan Year in which age 35 is attained, with respect to the account balance as of the date of separation, the Election Period will begin on the date of separation.

ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

Means any Employer Contributions made either as a Pre-Tax Elective Deferral or, effective on or after January 1, 2006, as a Roth Elective Deferral to the Plan at the election of the Participant or pursuant to automatic Elective Deferral enrollment, in lieu of cash compensation, and will include contributions made pursuant to a salary reduction agreement. With respect to any taxable year, a Participant's Elective Deferrals are the sum of all Employer contributions made on behalf of such Participant pursuant to an election to defer under any qualified cash or deferred arrangement as described in Code section 401(k), any simplified employee pension plan cash or deferred arrangement as described in Code section 408(k)(6), any SIMPLE IRA Plan described in Code section 408(p), any plan as described under Code section 501(c)(18), or any Employer contributions made on the behalf of a Participant for the purchase of an annuity contract under Code section 403(b) pursuant to a salary reduction agreement. Elective Deferrals will not include any deferrals properly distributed as Excess Annual Additions.

No Participant will be permitted to have Elective Deferrals made under this Plan, or any other qualified plan maintained by the Employer, during any taxable year of the Participant, in excess of the dollar limitation contained in Code section 402(g) in effect at the beginning of such taxable year. In the case of a Participant age 50 or over by the end of the taxable year, the dollar limitation described in the preceding sentence is increased by the amount of Elective Deferrals that can be Catch-up Contributions. The dollar limitation contained in Code section 402(g) is \$10,500 for taxable years beginning in 2000 and 2001, increasing to \$11,000 for taxable years beginning in 2002, and increasing by \$1,000 for each year thereafter up to \$15,000 for taxable years beginning in 2006 and later years. After 2006, the \$15,000 limit will be adjusted by the Secretary of the Treasury for cost-of-living increases under Code section 402(g)(4). Any adjustments will be in multiples of \$500.

ELIGIBILITY COMPUTATION PERIOD

Means, with respect to an Employee's initial Eligibility Computation Period, the 12-consecutive month period commencing on the Employee's Employment Commencement Date. The Employee's subsequent Eligibility Computation Periods will be the Plan Year commencing with the Plan Year beginning during the Employee's initial Eligibility Computation Period. An Employee will not be credited with a Year of Eligibility Service before the end of the 12-consecutive month period regardless of when during such period the Employee completes the required number of Hours of Service.

ELIGIBLE RETIREMENT PLAN

Means, for purposes of the Direct Rollover provisions of the Plan, an individual retirement account described in Code sections 408(a) or 408A, an individual retirement annuity described in Code section 408(b), an annuity plan described in Code section 403(a), an annuity contract described in Code section 403(b), an eligible plan under Code section 457(b) that is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or an agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state (and that agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this Plan), or a qualified plan described in Code section 401(a) that accepts the Recipient's Eligible Rollover Distribution. The definition of Eligible Retirement Plan will also apply in the case of a distribution to a surviving Spouse, or to a Spouse or former Spouse who is the Alternate Payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, as defined in Code section 414(p).

If any portion of an Eligible Rollover Distribution is attributable to payments or distributions from a designated Roth account, an Eligible Retirement Plan with respect to such portion will include only another designated Roth account of the individual from whose account the payments or distributions were made, or a Roth IRA of such individual.

ELIGIBLE ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTION

Means any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the Recipient, except that an Eligible Rollover Distribution does not include

- a. any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (paid at least annually) made for the life (or Life Expectancy) of the Recipient or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the Recipient and the Recipient's Designated Beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten years or more;
- b. any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under Code section 401(a)(9);
- c. the portion of any other distribution that is not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net unrealized appreciation with respect to employer securities);
- d. any hardship distribution described in Plan Section 5.01(C)(2); and
- e. any other distribution(s) that is reasonably expected to total less than \$200 during a year.

For distributions made after December 31, 2001, a portion of a distribution will not fail to be an Eligible Rollover Distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includible in gross income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Code section 408(a) or (b), or a Roth individual retirement account or annuity described in Code Section 408A (a Roth IRA), or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Code section 401(a) or 403(a) that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution that is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution that is not so includible.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, solely for purposes of applying the Direct Rollover distribution provisions of the Plan, 2009 RMDs and Extended 2009 RMDs distributed for 2009 were treated as Eligible Rollover Distributions.

EMPLOYEE

Means any person employed by an Employer maintaining the Plan or by any other employer required to be aggregated with such Employer under Code sections 414(b), (c), (m), or (o).

The term Employee will also include any Leased Employee deemed to be an Employee of any Employer described in the previous paragraph as provided in Code sections 414(n) or (o).

The term Employee will also include individuals providing qualified military service who are treated as reemployed for purposes of applying the rules under Code sections 401(a)(37) and 414(u).

EMPLOYER

Means the Adopting Employer and all Related Employers of the Adopting Employer. A partnership is considered to be the Employer of each of the partners and a sole proprietorship is considered to be the Employer of a sole proprietor.

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION

Means the amount contributed by the Employer each year as determined under this Plan. The term Employer Contribution will include Elective Deferrals made to the Plan unless such contributions are intended to be excluded for purposes of either the Plan or any act under the Code, ERISA, or any additional rules, regulations, or other pronouncements promulgated by either the IRS or DOL.

EMPLOYER PROFIT SHARING CONTRIBUTION

Means an Employer Contribution made pursuant to the Adoption Agreement Section titled "Employer Profit Sharing Contributions." The Employer may make Employer Profit Sharing Contributions without regard to current or accumulated earnings or profits.

EMPLOYMENT COMMENCEMENT DATE

Means, with respect to an Employee, the date such Employee first performs an Hour of Service for the Employer.

ENTRY DATES

Means the first day of the Plan Year and the first day of the seventh month of the Plan Year coinciding with or following the date the Employee satisfies the eligibility requirements of Plan Section 2.01 for the applicable contribution source or as such other times established by the Plan Administrator in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner. Additionally, if this is an initial adoption of the Plan by the Employer, the initial Effective Date will also be considered an Entry Date.

ERISA

Means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 as amended from time to time.

EXCESS ANNUAL ADDITIONS

Means the excess of the Participant's Annual Additions for the Limitation Year over the Maximum Permissible Amount.

EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS

Means, with respect to any Plan Year, the excess of

- a. the aggregate amount of Employer Contributions actually taken into account in computing the ADP of Highly Compensated Employees for such Plan Year, over
- b. the maximum amount of such contributions permitted by the ADP test (determined by hypothetically reducing contributions made on behalf of Highly Compensated Employees in order of the ADPs, beginning with the highest of such percentages).

EXCESS ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

Means those Elective Deferrals that either 1) are made during the Participant's taxable year and exceed the dollar limitation under Code section 402(g) (increased, if applicable, by the dollar limitation on Catch-up Contributions defined in Code section 414(v)) for such year; or 2) are made during a calendar year and exceed the dollar limitation under Code section 402(g) (increased, if applicable, by the dollar limitation on Catch-up Contributions defined in Code section 414(v)) for the Participant's taxable year beginning in such calendar year, counting only Elective Deferrals made under this Plan and any other plan, contract, or arrangement maintained by the Employer. Excess Elective Deferrals will be treated as Annual Additions under the Plan, unless such amounts are distributed no later than the first April 15 following the close of the Participant's taxable year.

EXTENDED 2009 RMD

Means one or more payments in a series of substantially equal distributions (that include the 2009 RMD) made at least annually and expected to last for the life (or life expectancy) of the Participant and the Participant's Designated Beneficiary, or for a period of at least 10 years.

FIDUCIARY

Means a person who exercises any discretionary authority or control with respect to management of the Plan, renders investment advice as defined in ERISA section 3(21), or has any discretionary authority or responsibility regarding the administration of the Plan. The Employer and such other individuals either appointed by the Employer or deemed to be fiduciaries as a result of their actions shall serve as Fiduciaries under this Plan and fulfill the fiduciary responsibilities described in Part 4, Title I of ERISA including discharging their duties with respect to the Plan solely in the interest of the Participants and Beneficiaries and with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent man acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims.

FUND

Means the Plan assets held by the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) for the Participants' exclusive benefit.

HIGHLY COMPENSATED EMPLOYEE

Means any Employee who 1) was a five-percent owner at any time during the year or the preceding year, or 2) for the preceding year had Compensation from the Employer in excess of \$80,000. The \$80,000 amount is adjusted at the same time and in the same manner as under Code section 415(d), except that the base period is the calendar quarter ending September 30, 1996.

For this purpose the applicable year of the Plan for which a determination is being made is called a determination year and the preceding 12-month period is called a look-back year.

A highly compensated former employee is based on the rules applicable to determining Highly Compensated Employee status as in effect for that determination year, in accordance with Treasury Regulation section 1.414(q)-1T, A-4, Notice 97-45 and any subsequent guidance issued by the IRS.

The determination of who is a Highly Compensated Employee, including but not limited to the determinations of the number and identity of Employees in the top-paid group and the Compensation that is considered, will be made in accordance with Code section 414(q) and the corresponding regulations. Adoption Agreement elections to include or exclude items from Compensation that are inconsistent with Code section 414(q) will be disregarded for purposes of determining who is a Highly Compensated Employee.

HOURS OF SERVICE - Means

- 1. Each hour for which an Employee is paid, or entitled to payment, for the performance of duties for the Employer. These hours will be credited to the Employee for the computation period in which the duties are performed
- 2. Each hour for which an Employee is paid, or entitled to payment, by the Employer on account of a period of time during which no duties are performed (irrespective of whether the employment relationship has terminated) due to vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity (including Disability), layoff, jury duty, military duty, or leave of absence. No more than 501 Hours of Service will be credited under this paragraph for any single continuous period (whether or not such period occurs in a single computation period). Hours under this paragraph will be calculated and credited pursuant to Labor Regulation Section 2530.200b-2, that is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 3. Each hour for which back pay, irrespective of mitigation of damages, is either awarded or agreed to by the Employer. The same Hours of Service will not be credited both under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2), as the case may be, and under this paragraph (3). These hours will be credited to the Employee for the computation period or periods to which the award or agreement pertains rather than the computation period in which the award, agreement, or payment is made.
- 4. Solely for purposes of determining whether a Break in Eligibility Service has occurred in a computation period, an individual who is absent from work for maternity or paternity reasons will receive credit for the Hours of Service that would otherwise have been credited to such individual but for such absence, or in any case in which such hours cannot be determined, eight Hours of Service per day of such absence. For purposes of this paragraph, an absence from work for maternity or paternity reasons means an absence 1) by reason of the pregnancy of the individual, 2) by reason of a birth of a child of the individual, 3) by reason of the placement of a child with the individual in connection with the adoption of such child by such individual, or 4) for purposes of caring for such child for a period beginning immediately following such birth or placement. The Hours of Service credited under this paragraph will be credited 1) in the Eligibility Computation Period or Plan Year in which the absence begins if the crediting is necessary to prevent a Break in Eligibility Service in the applicable period, or 2) in all other cases, in the following Eligibility Computation Period or Plan Year.
- 5. Hours of Service will be credited for employment with other members of an affiliated service group (under Code section 414(m)), a controlled group of corporations (under Code section 414(b)), or a group of trades or businesses under common control (under Code section 414(c)) of which the Adopting Employer is a member, and any other entity required to be aggregated with the Employer pursuant to Code section 414(o) and the corresponding regulations.
 - Hours of Service will also be credited for any individual considered an Employee for purposes of this Plan under Code sections 414(n) or 414(o) and the corresponding regulations.
- 6. Where the Employer maintains the plan of a predecessor employer, service for such predecessor employer will be treated as service for the Employer. If the Employer does not maintain the plan of a predecessor employer, service for such predecessor employer will not be treated as service for the Employer.

INDIRECT ROLLOVER

Means a rollover contribution received by this Plan from an Employee that previously received a distribution from this Plan or another plan rather than having such amount directly rolled over to this Plan from the distributing plan.

INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNT

Means the account established and maintained under this Plan for each Participant in accordance with Plan Section 7.02(A).

INITIAL PLAN DOCUMENT

Means the plan document that initially established the Plan.

INSURER

Means an insurance company that issues one or more annuity contracts or insurance policies under the Plan. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Plan and the terms of an annuity contract or insurance policy issued under the Plan by the Insurer, the terms of the Plan will control. Where appropriate, references to the Trustee throughout the Plan will apply to an Insurer.

INVESTMENT FIDUCIARY

Means the Employer, a Trustee with full trust powers, any Individual Trustee(s), or any investment manager, as applicable, that under the terms of the Plan is vested with the responsibility and authority to select investment options for the Plan and to direct the investment of the assets of the Fund. In no event will a Custodian or a Directed Trustee be an Investment Fiduciary for any purpose whatsoever.

INVESTMENT FUND

Means a subdivision of the Fund established pursuant to Plan Section 7.01(B).

KEY EMPLOYEE

Means, for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2001, any Employee or former Employee (including any deceased Employee) who at any time during the Plan Year that includes the Determination Date is an officer of the Employer and whose annual compensation is greater than \$130,000 (as adjusted under Code section 416(i)(1) for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2002), a five-percent owner of the Employer, or a one-percent owner of the Employer who has annual compensation of more than \$150,000. For Plan Years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, Compensation will also include elective amounts that are not includible in the gross income of the Employee by reason of Code section 132(f)(4).

In determining whether a plan is top-heavy for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2002, Key Employee means any Employee or former Employee (including any deceased Employee) who at any time during the five-year period ending on the Determination Date, is an officer of the Employer having annual compensation that exceeds 50 percent of the dollar limitation under Code section 415(b)(1)(A), an owner (or considered an owner under Code section 318) of one of the ten largest interests in the Employer if such Participant's compensation exceeds 100 percent of the dollar limitation under Code section 415(c)(1)(A), a five-percent owner of the Employer, or a one-percent owner of the Employer who has annual compensation of more than \$150,000. Annual compensation means compensation as defined in Part A of the definition of Compensation in this Definition section, but including amounts contributed by the Employer pursuant to a salary reduction agreement that are excludable from the Employee's gross income in Code sections 125, 402(e)(3), 402(h)(1)(B) or 403(b). The determination period is the Plan Year containing the Determination Date and the four preceding Plan Years.

The determination of who is a Key Employee will be made in accordance with Code section 416(i)(1) and the corresponding regulations.

LEASED EMPLOYEE

Means any person (other than an Employee of the recipient Employer) who, pursuant to an agreement between the recipient Employer and any other person ("leasing organization"), has performed services for the recipient Employer (or for the recipient Employer and related persons determined in accordance with Code section 414(n)(6)) on a substantially full-time basis for a period of at least one year, and such services are performed under primary direction or control by the recipient Employer. Contributions or benefits provided to a Leased Employee by the leasing organization that are attributable to services performed for the recipient Employer will be treated as provided by the recipient Employer.

A Leased Employee will not be considered an Employee of the recipient if 1) such Leased Employee is covered by a money purchase pension plan providing a) a nonintegrated employer contribution rate of at least ten-percent of compensation, as defined in Part A of the definition of Compensation in this Definition section, but including amounts contributed pursuant to a salary reduction agreement, that are excludable from the Leased Employee's gross income under Code sections 125, 402(e)(3), 402(h)(1)(B), or 403(b), b) immediate participation, and c) full and immediate vesting; and 2) Leased Employees do not constitute more than 20 percent of the recipient's non-Highly Compensated Employee work force.

LIFE EXPECTANCY

Means life expectancy as computed by using the Single Life Table in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(9)-9, Q&A 1.

LIMITATION YEAR

Means the Plan Year.

If a Plan is terminated effective as of a date other than the last day of the Plan's Limitation Year, the Plan is treated as if the Plan was amended to change its Limitation Year. As a result of this deemed amendment, the Code section 415(c)(1)(A) dollar limit must be prorated under the short Limitation Year rules.

LIMITED TRUSTEE

Means an individual, individuals, or corporation specified in the Adoption Agreement or any duly appointed successor as provided in the Plan whose powers, rights, duties and responsibilities as a Trustee are strictly limited to ensuring the timely collection and deposit of Employer Contributions. A corporate Limited Trustee must be a bank, trust company, broker, dealer, or clearing agency as defined in Labor Regulations section 2550.403(a)-1(b).

MASTER OR PROTOTYPE PLAN

Means a plan, the form of which is the subject of a favorable opinion letter from the IRS.

MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE AMOUNT

Means the maximum Annual Addition that may be contributed or allocated to a Participant's Individual Account under the Plan for any Limitation Year.

For Limitation Years beginning before January 1, 2002, the Maximum Permissible Amount will not exceed the lesser of

- a. the Defined Contribution Dollar Limitation, or
- b. 25 percent of the Participant's Compensation for the Limitation Year.

For Limitation Years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, except for Catch-up Contributions, the Maximum Permissible Amount will not exceed the lesser of

- a. \$40,000, as adjusted for cost-of-living increases under Code section 415(d), or
- b. 100 percent of the Participant's Compensation (within the meaning of Compensation as described in Part A of the definition of Compensation in this Definition section) for the Limitation Year.

The compensation limitation referred to in (b) will not apply to any contribution for medical benefits after separation from service (within the meaning of Code section 401(h) or 419A(f)(2)) that is otherwise treated as an Annual Addition.

If a short Limitation Year is created because of an amendment changing the Limitation Year to a different 12-consecutive month period, the Maximum Permissible Amount will not exceed the Defined Contribution Dollar Limitation multiplied by the following fraction:

Number of months in the short Limitation Year

12

NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE

Means age 59½.

OWNER-EMPLOYEE

Means an individual who is a sole proprietor, or who is a partner owning more than ten-percent of either the capital or the profits interest of the partnership.

PARTICIPANT

Means any Employee or former Employee of the Employer who has met the Plan's age and service requirements, has entered the Plan, and who is or may become eligible to receive a benefit of any type from this Plan or whose Beneficiary may be eligible to receive any such benefit.

PARTICIPANT'S BENEFIT

Means the Participant's Individual Account as of the last Valuation Date in the calendar year immediately preceding the Distribution Calendar Year (valuation calendar year) increased by the amount of any contributions made and allocated to the Participant's Individual Account as of dates in the valuation calendar year after the Valuation Date and decreased by distributions made in the valuation calendar year after the Valuation Date. The Participant's Benefit for the valuation calendar year includes any amounts rolled over or transferred to the Plan either in the valuation calendar year or in the Distribution Calendar Year if distributed or transferred in the valuation calendar year.

PERMISSIVE AGGREGATION GROUP

Means the Required Aggregation Group of plans plus any other plan or plans of the Employer that, when considered as a group with the Required Aggregation Group, would continue to satisfy the requirements of Code sections 401(a)(4) and 410.

PLAN

Means the prototype defined contribution plan adopted by the Employer that is intended to satisfy the requirements of Code section 401 and ERISA section 501. The Plan consists of this Basic Plan Document, the corresponding Adoption Agreement, and any attachments or amendments, as completed and signed by the Adopting Employer, including any amendment provisions adopted prior to the Effective Date of the Plan that are not superseded by the provisions of this restated Plan.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

The Adopting Employer shall be the Plan Administrator and shall be bonded as may be required by law. The term Plan Administrator shall include any person authorized to perform the duties of the Plan Administrator and properly identified to the Trustee or Custodian as such. The Prototype Document Sponsor will in no case be designated as the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator will be a named Fiduciary of the Plan for purposes of ERISA section 402(a), and the Plan Administrator must ensure that the authority over the portion of the Fund subject to the trust requirements of ERISA section 403(a) is assigned to a Discretionary Trustee, a Directed Trustee (subject to the proper and lawful directions of the Plan Administrator), or an investment manager.

PLAN SEQUENCE NUMBER

Means the three-digit number the Adopting Employer assigned to the Plan in the Adoption Agreement. The Plan Sequence Number identifies the number of qualified retirement plans the Employer maintains or has maintained. The Plan Sequence Number is 001 for the Employer's first qualified retirement plan, 002 for the second, etc.

PLAN YEAR

Means the 12-consecutive month period that coincides with the Adopting Employer's tax year.

PRE-AGE 35 WAIVER

A Participant who will not yet attain age 35 as of the end of any current Plan Year may make a special Qualified Election to waive the Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity for the period beginning on the date of such election and ending on the first day of the Plan Year in which the Participant will attain age 35. Such election will not be valid unless the Participant receives an explanation of the Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity in such terms as are comparable to the explanation required in Plan Section 5.10(D)(1). Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity coverage will be automatically reinstated as of the first day of the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age 35. Any new waiver on or after such date will be subject to the full requirements of Plan Section 5.10.

PRE-TAX ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

Means Elective Deferrals that are not included in a Contributing Participant's gross income at the time deferred. Unless otherwise designated by a Contributing Participant, if the Plan permits Roth Elective Deferrals, Elective Deferrals will be characterized as Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals.

PRESENT VALUE

For purposes of establishing the Present Value of benefits under a defined benefit plan to compute the top-heavy ratio, any benefit will be discounted only for mortality and interest based on the interest rate and mortality table specified for this purpose in the defined benefit plan.

PRIMARY BENEFICIARY

Means an individual named as a Beneficiary under the Plan who has an unconditional right to all or a portion of a Participant's Individual Account upon the Participant's death.

PRIOR PLAN DOCUMENT

Means a plan document that was replaced by adoption of this Plan document as indicated in the Adoption Agreement.

PROJECTED ANNUAL BENEFIT

Means the annual retirement benefit (adjusted to an actuarially equivalent Straight Life Annuity if such benefit is expressed in a form other than a Straight Life Annuity or Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity) to which the Participant would be entitled under the terms of the Plan, assuming that

- a. the Participant will continue employment until Normal Retirement Age under the Plan (or current age, if later), and
- b. the Participant's Compensation for the current Limitation Year and all other relevant factors used to determine benefits under the Plan will remain constant for all future Limitation Years.

PROTOTYPE DOCUMENT SPONSOR

Means the entity specified in the Adoption Agreement that makes this prototype plan document available to employers for adoption.

QUALIFIED DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDER

- A. In General Means a Domestic Relations Order
 - 1. that creates or recognizes the existence of an Alternate Payee's rights to, or assigns to an Alternate Payee the right to, receive all or a portion of the benefits payable with respect to a Participant under the Plan, and
 - 2. with respect to which the requirements described in the remainder of this section are met.
- B. Specification of Facts A Domestic Relations Order will be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order only if the order clearly specifies
 - 1. the name and last known mailing address (if any) of the Participant and the name and mailing address of each Alternate Payee covered by the order,
 - the amount or percentage of the Participant's benefits to be paid by the Plan to each such Alternate Payee, or the manner in which such amount or percentage is to be determined,
 - 3. the number of payments or period to which such order applies, and
 - 4. each plan to which such order applies.
- C. Additional Requirements In addition to paragraph (B) above, a Domestic Relations Order will be considered a Qualified Domestic Relations Order only if such order
 - 1. does not require the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option not otherwise provided under the Plan,
 - 2. does not require the Plan to provide increased benefits, and
 - does not require benefit to an Alternate Payee that are required to be paid to another Alternate Payee under another order previously determined to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.
- **D.** Exception for Certain Payments A Domestic Relations Order will not be treated as failing to meet the requirements above solely because such order requires that payment of benefits be made to an Alternate Payee
 - 1. on or after the date on which the Participant attains (or would have attained) the earliest retirement age as defined in Code section 414(p)(4)(B),
 - 2. as if the Participant had retired on the date on which such payment is to begin under such order, and
 - 3. in any form in which such benefits may be paid under the Plan to the Participant (other than in a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity) with respect to the Alternate Payee and their subsequent spouse.

QUALIFIED ELECTION

Means a waiver of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity or a Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity. Any waiver of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity or a Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity will not be effective unless 1) the Participant's Spouse consents to the election (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL), 2) the election designates a specific Beneficiary, including any class of beneficiaries or any contingent beneficiaries, that may not be changed without spousal consent (or the Spouse expressly permits designations by the Participant without any further spousal consent), 3) the Spouse's consent acknowledges the effect of the election, and d) the Spouse's consent is witnessed by a Plan representative or notary public. Additionally, a Participant's waiver of the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity will not be effective unless the election designates a form of benefit payment that may not be changed without spousal consent (or the Spouse expressly permits designations by the Participant without any further spousal consent). If it is established to the satisfaction of a Plan representative that there is no Spouse or that the Spouse cannot be located, a waiver by the Participant will be deemed a Qualified Election. In addition, if the Spouse is legally incompetent to give consent, the Spouse's legal guardian, even if the guardian is the Participant, may give consent. If the Participant is legally separated or the Participant has been abandoned (within the meaning of local law) and the Participant has a court order to such effect, spousal consent is not required unless a Qualified Domestic Relations Order provides otherwise.

Any consent by a Spouse obtained under this provision (or establishment that the consent of a Spouse may not be obtained) will be effective only with respect to such Spouse. A consent that permits designations by the Participant without any requirement of further consent by such Spouse must acknowledge that the Spouse has the right to limit consent to a specific Beneficiary, and a specific form of benefit where applicable, and that the Spouse voluntarily elects to relinquish either or both of such rights. A revocation of a prior waiver may be made by a Participant without the consent of the Spouse at any time before the commencement of benefits. The number of revocations will not be limited. No consent obtained under this provision will be valid unless the Participant has received notice as provided in Plan Section 5.10(D).

QUALIFIED JOINT AND SURVIVOR ANNUITY

Means an immediate annuity for the life of the Participant with a survivor annuity for the life of the Spouse that is not less than 50 percent and not more than 100 percent of the amount of the annuity that is payable during the joint lives of the Participant and the Spouse and that is the amount of benefit that can be purchased with the Participant's vested account balance. The percentage of the survivor annuity under the Plan will be 50 percent.

QUALIFIED OPTIONAL SURVIVOR ANNUITY

Means an annuity 1) for the life of the Participant with a survivor annuity for the life of the Spouse that is equal to the "applicable percentage" of the amount of the annuity that is payable during the joint lives of the Participant and the Spouse, and 2) that is the actuarial equivalent of a single annuity for the life of the Participant. If the survivor annuity provided by the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity is less than 75 percent of the annuity payable during the joint lives of the Participant and the Spouse, the applicable percentage is 75 percent. If the survivor annuity provided by the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity is greater than or equal to 75 percent, the applicable percentage is 50 percent.

QUALIFIED PRERETIREMENT SURVIVOR ANNUITY

Means a survivor annuity for the life of the surviving Spouse of the Participant if the payments are not less than the amounts that would be payable as a survivor annuity under the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity under the Plan in accordance with Code section 417(c).

QUALIFYING EMPLOYER REAL PROPERTY

Means parcels of Employer real property that are subject to the requirements of ERISA section 407.

QUALIFYING EMPLOYER SECURITY(IES)

Means stock that is issued by the Employer and transferred to this Plan and that is subject to the requirements of ERISA section 407 and meets the requirements of ERISA section 407(d)(5).

QUALIFYING PARTICIPANT

A Participant is a Qualifying Participant and is entitled to share in the Employer Contribution for any Plan Year if the Participant was a Participant on at least one day during the Plan Year and either completes more than 500 Hours of Service during the Plan Year or is employed on the last day of the Plan Year. The determination of whether a Participant is entitled to share in the Employer Contribution will be made as of the last day of each Plan Year.

RECIPIENT

Means an Employee or former Employee. In addition, the Employee's or former Employee's surviving Spouse and the Employee's or former Employee's Spouse or former Spouse who is the Alternate Payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, as defined in Code section 414(p), are Recipients with regard to the interest of the Spouse or former Spouse.

RELATED EMPLOYER

Means an employer who, along with another employer, is a member of 1) a controlled group of corporations (as defined in Code section 414(b) as modified by Code section 415(h)), 2) a commonly controlled trade or business (as defined in Code section 414(c) as modified by Code section 415(h)) or 3) an affiliated service group (as defined in Code section 414(m) (and any other entity required to be aggregated with another employer pursuant to Treasury regulations under Code section 414(o)).

REQUIRED AGGREGATION GROUP

Means 1) each qualified plan of the Employer in which at least one Key Employee participates or participated at any time during the Plan Year containing the Determination Date or any of the four preceding Plan Years (regardless of whether the Plan has terminated), and 2) any other qualified plan of the Employer that enables a plan described in 1) to meet the requirements of Code section 401(a)(4) or 410.

REQUIRED BEGINNING DATE

Means April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Participant attains age 70½ or retires, whichever is later, except that benefit distributions to a five-percent owner must commence by the April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Participant attains age 70½.

A Participant is treated as a five-percent owner for purposes of this section if such Participant is a five-percent owner as defined in Code section 416 at any time during the Plan Year ending with or within the calendar year in which such owner attains age $70\frac{1}{2}$.

Once distributions have begun to a five-percent owner under this section, they must continue to be distributed, even if the Participant ceases to be a five-percent owner in a subsequent year.

If a 2009 RMD or Extended 2009 RMD was not removed from the Plan for any Participant according to Code section 401(a)(9)(H) and the Plan was subject to the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity provisions in 2009, the requirements of IRS Notice 97-75, Q&A 8, must have been satisfied

No new Annuity Starting Date will apply upon recommencement of RMDs for 2010.

ROTH ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

Means Elective Deferrals that are includible in a Contributing Participant's gross income at the time deferred and have been irrevocably designated as Roth Elective Deferrals by the Contributing Participant in their deferral election.

SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL

Means an individual who has Earned Income for the taxable year from the trade or business for which the Plan is established, including an individual who would have had Earned Income but for the fact that the trade or business had no net profits for the taxable year.

SEPARATE FUND

Means a subdivision of the Fund held in the name of a particular Participant or Beneficiary representing certain assets held for that Participant or Beneficiary. The assets that comprise a Participant's Separate Fund are those assets earmarked for the Participant and also those assets subject to the Participant's individual direction pursuant to Plan Section 7.22(B).

SEVERANCE FROM EMPLOYMENT

Means when an Employee ceases to be an Employee of the Employer maintaining the Plan. An Employee does not have a Severance from Employment if, in connection with a change of employment, the employee's new employer maintains such plan with respect to the employee.

SPOUSE

Means the Spouse or surviving Spouse of the Participant, provided that a former Spouse will be treated as the Spouse or surviving Spouse and a current Spouse will not be treated as the Spouse or surviving Spouse to the extent provided under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Means that the employment status of an Employee ceases for any reason other than death. An Employee who does not return to work for the Employer on or before the expiration of an authorized leave of absence from such Employer will be deemed to have incurred a Termination of Employment when such leave ends.

TOP-HEAVY PLAN

Means a Plan determined to be a Top-Heavy Plan for any Plan Year pursuant to Plan Section 7.19.

TRUSTEE

Means, if applicable, an individual, individuals, or corporation specified in the Adoption Agreement as Trustee or any duly appointed successor as provided in Plan Section 8.05. A corporate Trustee must be a bank, trust company, broker, dealer, or clearing agency as defined in Labor Regulation section 2550.403(a)-1(b).

VALUATION DATE

The Valuation Date will be the last day of the Plan Year and each additional date designated by the Plan Administrator that is selected in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner when the assets of the Fund are valued at their then fair market value. Notwithstanding the preceding, for purposes of calculating the top-heavy ratio, the Valuation Date will be the last day of the initial Plan Year and the last day of the preceding Plan Year for each subsequent Plan Year.

YEAR OF ELIGIBILITY SERVICE

Means a 12-consecutive month period that coincides with an Eligibility Computation Period during which an Employee completes at least 1,000 Hours of Service. Employees are not credited with a Year of Eligibility Service until they complete the required number of Hours of Service and reach the end of the 12-consecutive month period.

SECTION ONE: EFFECTIVE DATES

Pursuant to the DEFINITIONS Section of the Plan, the Effective Date means the date the Plan becomes effective as indicated in the Adoption Agreement. However, certain provisions of the Plan may have effective dates different from the Plan Effective Date, if, for example, the Plan is amended after the Effective Date.

SECTION TWO: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

2.01 ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE

Each Employee, except an Employee who belongs to a class of Employees excluded from participation, shall be eligible to participate in this Plan upon satisfying the age and eligibility service requirements specified in the Adoption Agreement. If no age is specified in the Adoption Agreement, there will not be an age requirement. If no option for eligibility service is selected, no eligibility service will be required.

The following Employees will be excluded from participation in the Plan.

A. Union Employees – Employees included in a unit of Employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement between the Employer and Employee representatives, if retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining and if two-percent or less of the Employees who are covered pursuant to that agreement are professionals as defined in Treasury Regulation section 1.410(b)-9. For this purpose, the term "Employee representatives" does not include any organization in which more than half of the members are Employees who are owners, officers, or executives of the Employer.

- **B.** Non-resident Aliens Employees who are non-resident aliens (within the meaning of Code section 7701(b)(1)(B)) who received no earned income (within the meaning of Code section 911(d)(2)) from the Employer that constitutes income from sources within the United States (within the meaning of Code section 861(a)(3)).
- C. Acquired Employees Employees who became Employees as the result of certain acquisitions or dispositions as described under Code section 410(b)(6)(C). Such Employees will be excluded from participation during the transition period beginning on the date of the change in the members of the group and ending on the last day of the first Plan Year that begins after the date of the change. A transaction under Code section 410(b)(6)(C) is an asset or stock acquisition, merger, or similar transaction involving a change in the employer of the employees of a trade or business.

2.02 PLAN ENTRY

- **A.** Plan Restatement If this Plan is an amendment or restatement of a Prior Plan Document, each Employee who was a Participant under the Prior Plan Document before the Effective Date will continue to be a Participant in this Plan.
- **B.** Effective Date If this is an initial adoption of the Plan by the Employer, an Employee will become a Participant in the Plan as of the Effective Date if the Employee has met the eligibility requirements of Plan Section 2.01 as of such date. After the Effective Date, each Employee will become a Participant on the first Entry Date coinciding with or following the date the Employee satisfies the eligibility requirements of Plan Section 2.01 for the applicable contribution source.
- C. Notification The Plan Administrator shall notify each Employee who becomes eligible to be a Participant under this Plan and shall furnish the Employee with the enrollment forms or other documents that are required of Participants. Such notification will be in writing, or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS or DOL. The Employee will execute such forms or documents and make available such information as may be required in the administration of the Plan.

2.03 TRANSFER TO OR FROM AN INELIGIBLE CLASS

If an Employee who had been a Participant becomes ineligible to participate because they are no longer a member of an eligible class of Employees, but has not incurred a Break in Eligibility Service, such Employee will participate immediately following the date of reemployment upon their return to an eligible class of Employees. If such Employee incurs a Break in Eligibility Service, their eligibility to participate will be determined by Plan Section 2.04.

An Employee who is not a member of the eligible class of Employees will become a Participant immediately upon becoming a member of the eligible class, provided such Employee has satisfied the age and eligibility service requirements. If such Employee has not satisfied the age and eligibility service requirements as of the date they become a member of the eligible class, such Employee will become a Participant on the first Entry Date coinciding with or following the date they satisfy those requirements.

2.04 RETURN AS A PARTICIPANT AFTER A BREAK IN ELIGIBILITY SERVICE

- **A.** Employee Not a Participant Before Break If an Employee incurs a Break in Eligibility Service before satisfying the Plan's eligibility requirements, such Employee's eligibility service before such Break in Eligibility Service will not be taken into account.
- **B. Employee a Participant Before Break** If a Participant incurs a Break in Eligibility Service, such Participant will continue to participate in the Plan, or, if terminated, will participate immediately following the date of reemployment.

2.05 DETERMINATIONS UNDER THIS SECTION

The Plan Administrator will determine the eligibility of each Employee to be a Participant. This determination will be conclusive and binding upon all persons except as otherwise provided herein or by law.

2.06 TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT

Nothing with respect to the establishment of the Plan and trust or any action taken with respect to the Plan, nor the fact that a common law Employee has become a Participant will give to that Employee any right to employment or continued employment or to grant any other rights except as specifically set forth in this Plan document, ERISA, or other applicable law; nor will the Plan or trust limit the right of the Employer to discharge an Employee or to otherwise deal with an Employee without regard to the effect such treatment may have upon the Employee's rights under the Plan.

SECTION THREE: CONTRIBUTIONS

3.01 ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

Each Employee who satisfies the eligibility requirements specified in the Adoption Agreement may begin making such Elective Deferrals to the Plan by enrolling as a Contributing Participant.

A. Requirements to Enroll as a Contributing Participant – Each Employee who satisfies the eligibility requirements specified in the Adoption Agreement, may enroll as a Contributing Participant, on the first Entry Date coinciding with or following the date the Employee satisfies the eligibility requirements, or if applicable, the first Entry Date following the date on which the Employee returns to the eligible class of Employees pursuant to Plan Section 2.03. A Participant who wishes to enroll as a Contributing Participant must deliver (either in writing or in any other form permitted by the IRS and the DOL) a salary reduction agreement to the Plan Administrator. Except for occasional, bona fide administrative considerations as set forth in the Treasury Regulations, contributions made pursuant to such election cannot precede the earlier of 1) the date on which services relating to the contribution are performed, and 2) the date on which the Compensation that is subject to the election would be payable to the Employee in the absence of an election to defer.

If a Plan permits both Pre-Tax and Roth Elective Deferrals and the Participant fails to designate whether their Elective Deferrals are Pre-Tax or Roth Elective Deferrals, the Participant will be deemed to have designated the Elective Deferrals as Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals.

The Employer shall deposit Elective Deferrals with the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) as of such time as is required by the IRS and DOL.

- **B.** Ceasing Elective Deferrals A Participant may cease Elective Deferrals and thus withdraw as a Contributing Participant as of any such times established by the Plan Administrator in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner by revoking the authorization to the Employer to make Elective Deferrals on their behalf. A Participant who desires to withdraw as a Contributing Participant will give notice of withdrawal to the Plan Administrator at least 30 days (or such shorter period as the Plan Administrator will permit in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner) before the effective date of withdrawal. A Participant will cease to be a Contributing Participant upon their Termination of Employment or on account of termination of the Plan.
- C. Return as a Contributing Participant After Ceasing Elective Deferrals A Participant who has withdrawn as a Contributing Participant (e.g., pursuant to Plan Section 3.01(B), a suspension due to a hardship distribution, or a suspension due to a distribution on account of a Deemed Severance from Employment) may not again become a Contributing Participant such times established by the Plan Administrator in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner.
- D. Changing Elective Deferral Amounts A Contributing Participant or a Participant who has met the eligibility requirements in the Adoption Agreement, but who has never made an affirmative election regarding Elective Deferrals, may complete a new or modify an existing salary reduction agreement to increase or decrease the amount of their Compensation deferred into the Plan or change the type of their future Elective Deferrals (Roth or Pre-Tax), if applicable. Such modification may be made as of such times established by the Plan Administrator in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner. A modification that results in the amount of the Participant's Compensation being deferred into the Plan being zero (0) will be considered a cessation of deferrals under the Plan. A Contributing Participant who desires to make such a modification will complete and deliver (either in writing or in any other form permitted by the IRS and the DOL) a new salary reduction agreement. The Plan Administrator may prescribe such uniform and nondiscriminatory rules as it deems appropriate to carry out the terms of this Plan Section 3.01(D).
- E. Pre-Tax vs. Roth Elective Deferrals If the Adopting Employer so elects in the Adoption Agreement, each Employee who enrolls as a Contributing Participant may specify whether their Elective Deferrals are to be characterized as Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals, Roth Elective Deferrals, or a specified combination. A Contributing Participant's election will remain in effect until superseded by another election. Elective Deferrals contributed to the Plan as one type, either Roth or Pre-Tax, may not later be reclassified as the other type. A Contributing Participant's Roth Elective Deferrals will be deposited in the Contributing Participant's Roth Elective Deferral subaccount in the Plan. No contributions other than Roth Elective Deferrals and properly attributable earnings will be credited to each Contributing Participant's Roth Elective Deferral account, and gains, losses, and other credits or charges will be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to such subaccount.
- F. Catch-up Contributions All Employees who are eligible to make Elective Deferrals under this Plan and who are age 50 or older by the end of their taxable year will be eligible to make Catch-up Contributions. Catch-up Contributions are not subject to the limits on Annual Additions under Code section 415, are not counted in the ADP test, and are not counted in determining the minimum allocation under Code section 416 (but Catch-up Contributions made in prior years are counted in determining whether the Plan is top-heavy). Provisions in the Plan relating to Catch-up Contributions apply to Elective Deferrals made after 2001.

3.02 EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

- **A. Obligation to Contribute** The Employer may contribute an amount to be determined from year to year. The Employer may, in its sole discretion, make contributions without regard to current or accumulated earnings or profits.
- B. Allocation Formula and the Right to Share in the Employer Contribution
 - General Employer Profit Sharing Contributions will be allocated to all Qualifying Participants using a pro rata allocation formula. Under the pro rata allocation formula, Employer Profit Sharing Contributions will be allocated to the Individual Accounts of Qualifying Participants in the ratio that each Qualifying Participant's Compensation for the Plan Year bears to the total Compensation of all Qualifying Participants for the Plan Year. The Employer Contribution for any Plan Year will be deemed allocated to each Participant's Individual Account as of the last day of that Plan Year.
 - Any Employer Contribution for a Plan Year must satisfy Code section 401(a)(4) and the corresponding Treasury Regulations for such Plan Year.
 - Special Rule for Owner-Employees If this Plan provides contributions or benefits for one or more Owner-Employees, contributions on behalf of any Owner-Employee may be made only with respect to the Earned Income of such Owner-Employee.
 - 3. <u>Inclusion of Ineligible Employees</u> If any Employee who is not a Qualifying Participant is erroneously treated as a Qualifying Participant during a Plan Year, then, except as otherwise provided in Plan Section 3.02(F), the Employer will not be eligible to receive any portion of the contribution erroneously allocated to the Individual Account of the ineligible Employee. The Employer must correct the inclusion of ineligible employees using any method permitted under the Employee Plans Compliance Resolution System (EPCRS) or allowed by the IRS or DOL under regulations or other guidance. EPCRS is currently described in IRS Revenue Procedure 2013-12.

- 4. Exclusion of Eligible Participant If in any Plan Year, any Participant is erroneously excluded and discovery of such exclusion is not made until after the Employer Contribution has been made and allocated, then the Employer must contribute for the excluded Participant the amount, including earnings thereon, that the Employer should have contributed for the Participant. The Employer must correct the exclusion of eligible Participants using any method permitted under EPCRS or allowed by the IRS or DOL under regulations or other guidance. EPCRS is currently described in IRS Revenue Procedure 2013-12.
- C. Allocation of Forfeitures A Participant's Individual Account shall be nonforfeitable and 100 percent vested at all times.
- **D.** Timing of Employer Contribution Unless otherwise specified in the Plan or permitted by law or regulation, the Employer Contribution made by an Employer for each Plan Year will be deposited with the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) not later than the due date for filing the Employer's income tax return for its tax year in which the Plan Year ends, including extensions thereof. Notwithstanding the preceding, Employer Contributions may be deposited during the Plan Year for which they are being made.
- **E. Minimum Allocation for Top-Heavy Plans** The contribution and allocation provisions of this Plan Section 3.02(E) will apply for any Plan Year with respect to which this Plan is a Top-Heavy Plan and will supersede any conflicting provisions in the Plan.
 - 1. Except as otherwise provided in (3) and (4) below, the Employer Contributions allocated on behalf of any Participant who is not a Key Employee will not be less than the lesser of three-percent of such Participant's Compensation or (in the case where the Employer does not maintain a defined benefit plan in addition to this Plan that designates this Plan to satisfy Code section 401 the largest percentage of Employer Contributions, as a percentage of the Key Employee's Compensation, as limited by Code section 401(a)(17), allocated on behalf of any Key Employee for that year. The minimum allocation is determined without regard to any Social Security contribution. Only Participants who are not Key Employees will be entitled to receive the minimum allocation. For purposes of the preceding sentences, the largest percentage of Employer Contributions as a percentage of each Key Employee's Compensation will be determined by treating Elective Deferrals as Employer Contributions. This minimum allocation will be made even though under other Plan provisions, the Participant would not otherwise be entitled to receive an allocation.
 - 2. For purposes of computing the minimum allocation, Compensation will mean compensation as provided in the Definitions Section of the Plan as limited by Code section 401(a)(17) and will include any amounts contributed by the Employer pursuant to a salary reduction agreement and that is not includible in gross income under Code sections 402(g), 125, 132(f)(4), or 457. Compensation for the full Determination Year will be used in calculating the minimum allocation.
 - 3. The provision in (1) above will not apply to any Participant who was not employed by the Employer on the last day of the Plan Year.
 - 4. The minimum allocation required under this Plan Section 3.02(E) (to the extent required to be nonforfeitable under Code section 416(b)) may not be forfeited under Code sections 411(a)(3)(B) or 411(a)(3)(D).
 - 5. Elective Deferrals (and for Plan Years beginning before 2002, Matching Contributions) may be taken into account for purposes of satisfying the minimum allocation requirement applicable to Top-Heavy Plans described in Plan Section 3.02(E)(1).
- **F. Return of the Employer Contribution to the Employer Under Special Circumstances** Any contribution made by the Employer because of a mistake of fact must be returned to the Employer within one year of the contribution.

In the event that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue determines that the Plan is not initially qualified under the Code, any contributions made incident to that initial qualification by the Employer must be returned to the Employer within one year after the date the initial qualification is denied, but only if the application for qualification is made by the time prescribed by law for filing the Employer's return for the taxable year in which the Plan is adopted, or such later date as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

In the event that a contribution made by the Employer under this Plan is conditioned on deductibility and is not deductible under Code section 404, the contribution, to the extent of the amount disallowed, must be returned to the Employer within one year after the deduction is disallowed.

If applicable, no contract will be purchased under the Plan unless such contract or a separate definite written agreement between the Employer and the insurer provides that no value under contracts providing benefits under the Plan or credits determined by the insurer (on account of dividends, earnings, or other experience rating credits, or surrender or cancellation credits) with respect to such contracts may be paid or returned to the Employer or diverted to or used for other than the exclusive benefit of the Participants or their Beneficiaries. However, any contribution made by the Employer because of a mistake of fact must be returned to the Employer within one year of the contribution.

3.03 ROLLOVER CONTRIBUTIONS

An Employee may make Indirect Rollover and Direct Rollover contributions to the Plan from distributions made from plans described in Code sections 401(a), 403(b), 408, and 457(b) (if maintained by a governmental entity) (excluding nondeductible employee contributions) unless an Employee is a member of any excluded class pursuant to Plan Section 2.01. The Plan Administrator may require the Employee to certify, either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL, that the contribution qualifies as a rollover contribution under the applicable provisions of the Code. If it is later determined that all or part of a rollover contribution was ineligible to be contributed to the Plan, the Plan Administrator shall direct that any ineligible amounts, plus earnings or losses attributable thereto (determined in the manner described in Plan Section 7.02(B)), be distributed from the Plan to the Employee as soon as administratively feasible.

A separate account will be maintained by the Plan Administrator for each Employee's rollover contributions, which will be nonforfeitable at all times. Such account will share in the income and gains and losses of the Fund in the manner described in Plan Section 7.02(B). The Employer may, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, allow only Employees who have become Participants in the Plan to make rollover contributions.

2009 RMDs and Extended 2009 RMDs distributed for 2009 were considered Eligible Rollover Distributions and could have been rolled over to the Plan in accordance with this section.

3.04 TRANSFER CONTRIBUTIONS

The Adopting Employer may, subject to uniform and nondiscriminatory rules, permit elective transfers to be delivered to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) in the name of an Employee from the trustee or custodian of another plan qualified under Code section 401(a). Whether any particular elective transfer will be accepted by the Plan will be determined using the uniform and nondiscriminatory rules established by the Plan Administrator, and the procedures for the receipt of such transfers by the Plan must be allowed under Code section 411(d)(6), Treasury Regulation section 1.411(d)-4, and other rules promulgated by the IRS. Nothing in this Plan prohibits the Plan Administrator from permitting (or prohibiting) Participants to transfer their Individual Accounts to other eligible plans, provided such transfers are permitted (or prohibited) in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner. If it is later determined that all or part of an elective transfer was ineligible to be transferred into the Plan, the Plan Administrator shall direct that any ineligible amounts, plus earnings or losses attributable thereto (determined in the manner described in Plan Section 7.02(B)), be distributed from the Plan to the Employee as soon as administratively feasible. Notwithstanding the preceding, the Employer may, at its discretion, also return the amount transferred to the transferor plan or correct the ineligible transfer using any other method permitted by the IRS under regulation or other guidance.

A separate account will be maintained by the Plan Administrator for each Employee's elective transfers, which will, if applicable, be nonforfeitable at all times. Such account will share in the income and gains and losses of the Fund in the manner described in Plan Section 7.02(B). If elective transfers are associated with distributable events and the Employees are eligible to receive single sum distributions consisting entirely of Eligible Rollover Contributions, the elective transfers will be considered Direct Rollovers.

3.05 LIMITATION ON ALLOCATIONS

- A. If the Participant does not participate in, and has never participated in, another qualified plan maintained by the Employer, a welfare benefit fund (as defined in Code section 419(e)) maintained by the Employer, an individual medical account (as defined in Code section 415(l)(2)) maintained by the Employer, or a simplified employee pension plan (as defined in Code section 408(k)) maintained by the Employer, any of which provides an Annual Addition as defined in the Definitions Section of the Plan, the following rules will apply.
 - 1. The amount of Annual Additions that may be credited to the Participant's Individual Account for any Limitation Year will not exceed the lesser of the Maximum Permissible Amount or any other limitation contained in this Plan. If the Employer Contribution that would otherwise be contributed or allocated to the Participant's Individual Account would cause the Annual Additions for the Limitation Year to exceed the Maximum Permissible Amount, the amount contributed or allocated may be reduced so that the Annual Additions for the Limitation Year will equal the Maximum Permissible Amount.
 - 2. Before determining the Participant's actual Compensation for the Limitation Year, the Employer may determine the Maximum Permissible Amount for a Participant on the basis of a reasonable estimate of the Participant's Compensation for the Limitation Year, uniformly determined for all Participants similarly situated.
 - 3. As soon as is administratively feasible after the end of the Limitation Year, the Maximum Permissible Amount for the Limitation Year will be determined on the basis of the Participant's actual Compensation for the Limitation Year.
 - Any Excess Annual Additions allocated to a Participant may be corrected through EPCRS or such other correction method allowed by statute, regulations, or regulatory authorities. EPCRS is currently described in IRS Revenue Procedure 2013-12.
- **B.** If, in addition to this Plan, the Participant is covered under another qualified master or prototype defined contribution plan maintained by the Employer, a welfare benefit fund maintained by the Employer, an individual medical account maintained by the Employer, or a simplified employee pension plan maintained by the Employer any of which provides an Annual Addition as defined in the Definitions Section of the Plan during any Limitation Year, the following rules apply.
 - 1. The Annual Additions that may be credited to a Participant's Individual Account under this Plan for any such Limitation Year will not exceed the Maximum Permissible Amount, reduced by the Annual Additions credited to a Participant under the other qualified Master or Prototype Plans, welfare benefit funds, individual medical account, and simplified employee pension plans for the same Limitation Year. If the Annual Additions with respect to the Participant under other qualified Master or Prototype defined contribution plans, welfare benefit funds, individual medical accounts, and simplified employee pension plans maintained by the Employer are less than the Maximum Permissible Amount, and the Employer Contribution that would otherwise be contributed or allocated to the Participant's Individual Account under this Plan would cause the Annual Additions for the Limitation Year to exceed this limitation, the amount contributed or allocated may be reduced so that the Annual Additions under all such plans and funds for the Limitation Year will equal the Maximum Permissible Amount. If the Annual Additions with respect to the Participant under such other qualified Master or Prototype defined contribution plans, welfare benefit funds, individual medical accounts, and simplified employee pension plans in the aggregate are equal to or greater than the Maximum Permissible Amount, no amount will be contributed or allocated to the Participant's Individual Account under this Plan for the Limitation Year.
 - 2. Before determining the Participant's actual Compensation for the Limitation Year, the Employer may determine the Maximum Permissible Amount for a Participant in the manner described in Plan Section 3.05(A)(2).

- 3. As soon as is administratively feasible after the end of the Limitation Year, the Maximum Permissible Amount for the Limitation Year will be determined on the basis of the Participant's actual Compensation for the Limitation Year.
- 4. Any Excess Annual Additions attributed to this Plan will be disposed of in the manner described in Plan Section 3.05(A)(4).
- C. If the Participant is covered under another qualified defined contribution plan maintained by the Employer, other than a Master or Prototype Plan, the provisions of Plan Section 3.05(B)(1) through 3.05(B)(4) will apply as if the other plan were a Master or Prototype Plan. In the event this method cannot be administered because of conflicting language in the other plan, the Employer must provide, through a written attachment to the Plan, the method under which the plans will limit total Annual Additions to the Maximum Permissible Amount, and will properly reduce any Excess Annual Additions in a manner that precludes Employer discretion.

3.06 ACTUAL DEFERRAL PERCENTAGE TEST (ADP)

- **A.** Limits on Highly Compensated Employees The Actual Deferral Percentage (hereinafter "ADP") for a Plan Year for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees for each Plan Year and the ADP for Participants who are non-Highly Compensated Employees for the same Plan Year must satisfy one of the following tests.
 - 1. The ADP for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees for the Plan Year will not exceed the ADP for Participants who are non-Highly Compensated Employees for the same Plan Year multiplied by 1.25; or
 - 2. The ADP for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees for the Plan Year will not exceed the ADP for Participants who are non-Highly Compensated Employees for the same Plan Year multiplied by 2.0 provided that the ADP for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees does not exceed the ADP for Participants who are non-Highly Compensated Employees by more than two percentage points.

The prior-year testing method described below will apply to this Plan.

- 3. <u>Prior-Year Testing</u> The ADP for a Plan Year for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees for each Plan Year and the prior year's ADP for Participants who were non-Highly Compensated Employees for the prior Plan Year must satisfy one of the following tests.
 - a. The ADP for a Plan Year for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees for the Plan Year will not exceed the prior year's ADP for Participants who were non-Highly Compensated Employees for the prior Plan Year multiplied by 1.25; or
 - b. The ADP for a Plan Year for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees for the Plan Year will not exceed the prior year's ADP for Participants who were non-Highly Compensated Employees for the prior Plan Year multiplied by 2.0, provided that the ADP for Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees does not exceed the ADP for Participants who were non-Highly Compensated Employees in the prior Plan Year by more than two percentage points.

For the first Plan Year that the Plan permits any Participant to make Elective Deferrals and if this is not a successor Plan, for purposes of the preceding tests, the prior year's non-Highly Compensated Employees' ADP will be three-percent.

B. Special Rules

- 1. A Participant is a Highly Compensated Employee for a particular Plan Year if they meet the definition of a Highly Compensated Employee in effect for that Plan Year. Similarly, a Participant is a non-Highly Compensated Employee for a particular Plan Year if they do not meet the definition of a Highly Compensated Employee in effect for that Plan Year.
- 2. The ADP for any Participant who is a Highly Compensated Employee for the Plan Year and who is eligible to have Elective Deferrals allocated to their Individual Accounts under two or more arrangements described in Code section 401(k) that are maintained by the Employer, will be determined as if such Elective Deferrals were made under a single arrangement. If a Highly Compensated Employee participates in two or more cash or deferred arrangements that have different Plan Years, all Elective Deferrals made during the Plan Year under all such arrangements will be aggregated. For Plan Years beginning before 2006, cash or deferred arrangements ending with or within the same calendar year will be treated as a single arrangement. Notwithstanding the preceding, certain plans will be treated as separate if mandatorily disaggregated under the Treasury Regulations under Code section 401(k).
- 3. In the event that this Plan satisfies the requirements of Code sections 401(k), 401(a)(4), or 410(b) only if aggregated with one or more other plans, or if one or more other plans satisfy the requirements of such Code sections only if aggregated with this Plan, then this Plan Section 3.06(B)(3) will be applied by determining the ADP of Participants as if all such plans were a single plan. If more than ten-percent of the Employer's non-Highly Compensated Employees are involved in a plan coverage change as defined in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(k)-2(c)(4), then any adjustments to the non-Highly Compensated Employee ADP for the prior year will be made in accordance with such regulations. Plans may be aggregated in order to satisfy Code section 401(k) only if they have the same Plan Year and use the same ADP testing method.
- 4. For purposes of satisfying the ADP test, Elective Deferrals must be made before the end of the 12-month period immediately following the Plan Year to which contributions relate.
- 5. The Employer shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate satisfaction of the ADP test.

- 6. The determination and treatment of the ADP amounts of any Participant will satisfy such other requirements as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- 7. In the event that the Plan Administrator determines that it is not likely that the ADP test will be satisfied for a particular Plan Year unless certain steps are taken before the end of such Plan Year, the Plan Administrator may require Contributing Participants who are Highly Compensated Employees to reduce or cease future Elective Deferrals for such Plan Year in order to satisfy that requirement. This limitation will be considered a Plan-imposed limit for Catch-up Contribution purposes. If the Plan Administrator requires Contributing Participants to reduce or cease making Elective Deferrals under this paragraph, the reduction or cessation will begin with the Highly Compensated Employee with either the largest amount of Elective Deferrals or the highest Contribution Percentage for the Plan Year (on the date on which it is determined that the ADP test will not likely be satisfied), as elected by the Plan Administrator. All remaining Highly Compensated Employees' Elective Deferrals for the Plan Year will be limited to such amount. Notwithstanding the preceding, if it is later determined that the ADP test for the Plan Year will be satisfied, Highly Compensated Employees will be permitted to enroll again as Contributing Participants in accordance with the terms of the Plan.
- 8. Elective Deferrals that are treated as Catch-up Contributions because they exceed a Plan limit or a statutory limit will be excluded from ADP testing. Amounts which are characterized as Catch-up Contributions as a result of the ADP test will reduce the amount of Excess Contributions distributed.

SECTION FOUR: VESTING AND FORFEITURES

An Employee is 100 percent vested in their Individual Account which shall be nonforfeitable at all times.

SECTION FIVE: DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS

5.01 DISTRIBUTIONS

A. Eligibility for Distributions

- 1. Entitlement to Distribution A Participant's Individual Account shall be distributable to the Participant upon the Participant's Termination of Employment, attainment of Normal Retirement Age, Disability, attainment of age 59½, or the termination of the Plan. If a Participant who is entitled to a distribution is not legally competent to request or consent to a distribution, the Participant's court-appointed guardian, an attorney-in-fact acting under a valid power of attorney, or any other individual or entity authorized under state law to act on behalf of the Participant, may request and accept a distribution of the Vested portion of a Participant's Individual Account under this Plan Section 5.01(A).
- 2. Special Requirements for Certain 401(k) Contributions Elective Deferrals and income allocable are not distributable to a Participant or their Beneficiary or Beneficiaries, in accordance with such Participant's or Beneficiaries' election, earlier than upon the Participant's Severance from Employment, death, or Disability, except as listed below.

Such amounts may also be distributed upon any one of the following events:

- a. termination of the Plan without the establishment of another defined contribution plan, other than an employee stock ownership plan (as defined in Code section 4975(e) or Code section 409), a simplified employee pension plan (as defined in Code section 408(k)), a SIMPLE IRA Plan (as defined in Code section 408(p)), a plan or contract described in Code section 403(b), or a plan described in Code section 457(b) or (f), at any time during the period beginning on the date of Plan termination and ending twelve months after all assets have been distributed from the Plan;
- b. attainment of age 59½ in the case of a profit sharing plan;
- c. existence of a hardship incurred by the Participant as described in Plan Section 5.01(C)(2)(b);
- d. existence of a Deemed Severance from Employment under Code section 414(u)(12)(B) during a period of uniformed services as defined in Code section 3401(h)(2)(A). If an individual receives a distribution due to a Deemed Severance from Employment, the individual may not make an Elective Deferral during the six-month period beginning on the date of the distribution; or
- e. a federally declared disaster as described in Plan Section 5.01(D)(3).

All distributions that may be made pursuant to one or more of the preceding distribution eligibility requirements are subject to the spousal and Participant consent requirements (if applicable) contained in Code section 401(a)(11) and 417. In addition, distributions that are triggered by either a., b., or c. above must be made in a lump sum.

For years beginning after 2005, if both Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals and Roth Elective Deferrals were made for the year, the Plan Administrator, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, may establish operational procedures, including ordering rules as permitted under the law and related regulations, that specify whether distributions, including corrective distributions of Excess Elective Deferrals, or Excess Annual Additions, will consist of a Participant's Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals, Roth Elective Deferrals, or a combination of both, to the extent such type of Elective Deferral was made for the year. The operational procedures may include an option for Participants to designate whether the distribution is being made from Pre-Tax or Roth Elective Deferrals.

3. <u>Distribution Request: When Distributed</u> – A Participant or Beneficiary entitled to a distribution who wishes to receive a distribution must submit a request (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) to the Plan Administrator. If required in writing, such request will be made upon a form provided or approved by the Plan Administrator. Upon a valid request, the Plan Administrator will direct the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) to commence distribution as soon as administratively feasible after the request is received.

Distributions will be made based on the value of the Individual Account available at the time of actual distribution. To the extent the distribution request is for an amount greater than the Individual Account, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be entitled to distribute the entire Individual Account.

B. Distributions Upon Termination of Employment

1. Individual Account Balances Less Than or Equal to Cashout Level – If the value of a Participant's Individual Account does not exceed the cashout level, the following rules will apply. If the value of a Participant's Individual Account does not qualify as an Eligible Rollover Distribution, distribution from the Plan may be made to the Participant in a single lump sum in lieu of all other forms of distribution under the Plan. If the value of a Participant's Individual Account does not exceed \$1,000 and qualifies as an Eligible Rollover Distribution, and the Participant does not elect to have such distribution paid directly to an Eligible Retirement Plan specified by the Participant in a Direct Rollover or to receive the distribution in accordance with this Section Five of the Plan, distribution will be made to the Participant in a single lump sum in lieu of all other forms of distribution under the Plan. If the value of the Vested portion of a Participant's Individual Account exceeds \$1,000 and qualifies as an Eligible Rollover Distribution, and if the Participant does not elect to have such distribution paid directly to an Eligible Retirement Plan specified by the Participant in a Direct Rollover or to receive the distribution in accordance with this Section Five of the Plan, distribution will be paid by the Plan Administrator in a Direct Rollover to an individual retirement arrangement (as described in Code section 408(a), 408(b) or 408A) designated by the Plan Administrator.

Distributions made under this paragraph will occur following the Participant's Termination of Employment in accordance with a uniform and nondiscriminatory schedule established by the Plan Administrator. Notwithstanding the preceding, if the Participant is reemployed by the Employer before the occurrence of the distribution, no distribution will be made under this paragraph.

The value of the Participant's Individual Account for purposes of this paragraph will be determined by including rollover contributions (and earnings allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code sections 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3)(a)(ii), and 457(e)(16).

2. Individual Account Balances Exceeding Cashout Level – If distribution in the form of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity is required with respect to a Participant and either the value of the Participant's Vested Individual Account exceeds the cashout level or there are remaining payments to be made with respect to a particular distribution option that previously commenced, and if the Individual Account is immediately distributable, the Participant must consent to any distribution of such Individual Account.

If distribution in the form of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity is not required with respect to a Participant and the value of such Participant's Vested Individual Account exceeds the cashout level, and if the Individual Account is immediately distributable, the Participant must consent to any distribution of such Individual Account.

The consent of the Participant and the Participant's Spouse will be obtained (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) within the 180-day period ending on the Annuity Starting Date. The Plan Administrator shall notify the Participant and the Participant's Spouse of the right to defer any distribution until the Participant's Individual Account is no longer immediately distributable and, for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2006, the consequences of failing to defer any distribution. Such notification will include a general description of the material features, and an explanation of the relative values of the optional forms of benefit available under the Plan in a manner that would satisfy the notice requirements of Code section 417(a)(3), and a description of the consequences of failing to defer a distribution, and will be provided no less than 30 days and no more than 180 days before the Annuity Starting Date.

If a distribution is one to which Code sections 401(a)(11) and 417 do not apply, such distribution may commence less than 30 days after the notice required in Treasury Regulation section 1.411(a)-11(c) is given, provided that:

- a. the Plan Administrator clearly informs the Participant that the Participant has a right to a period of at least 30 days after receiving the notice to consider the decision of whether or not to elect a distribution (and, if applicable, a particular distribution option), and
- b. the Participant, after receiving the notice, affirmatively elects a distribution.

Notwithstanding the preceding, only the Participant need consent to the commencement of a distribution that is either made in the form of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity or is made from a Plan that meets the Retirement Equity Act safe harbor rules of Plan Section 5.10(E), while the Individual Account is immediately distributable. Neither the consent of the Participant nor the Participant's Spouse will be required to the extent that a distribution is required to satisfy Code section 401(a)(9) or Code section 415. In addition, upon termination of this Plan, if the Plan does not offer an annuity option (purchased from a commercial provider), the Participant's Individual Account may, without the Participant's consent, be distributed to the Participant or transferred to another defined contribution plan (other than an employee stock ownership plan as defined in Code section 4975(e)(7)) within the same controlled group.

An Individual Account is immediately distributable if any part of the Individual Account could be distributed to the Participant (or surviving Spouse) before the Participant attains or would have attained (if not deceased) the later of Normal Retirement Age or age 62.

3. <u>Distribution Before Attainment of Normal Retirement Age</u> – A Participant who has incurred a Termination of Employment before attaining Normal Retirement Age may elect to receive a distribution with regard to Employer Profit Sharing Contributions. A Participant who has incurred a Severance from Employment before attaining Normal Retirement Age may elect to receive a distribution with regard to Elective Deferrals.

C. Distributions During Employment

- In-Service Distributions A Participant may elect to receive an in-service distribution of all or part of their Individual
 Account attributable to Employer Contributions, other than those described in Plan Sections 5.01(A)(2), upon meeting one of
 the following requirements.
 - a. Participant for Five or More Years An Employee who has been a Participant in the Plan for five or more years may withdraw up to the entire Individual Account.
 - b. Participant for Less than Five Years An Employee who has been a Participant in the Plan for less than five years may withdraw only the amount that has been in their Individual Account attributable to Employer Contributions for at least two full Plan Years, measured from the date such contributions were allocated.

A Participant who is not otherwise eligible to receive a distribution of their Individual Account may elect to receive an inservice distribution of all or part of the Vested portion of their Individual Account attributable to transfers of money purchase pension contributions at age 62.

All in-service distributions are subject to the requirements of Plan Section 5.10, as applicable.

2. Hardship Withdrawals

a. Hardship Withdrawals of Employer Profit Sharing Contributions – Notwithstanding Plan Section 5.01(C)(1), an Employee may elect to receive a hardship distribution of all or part of the Vested portion of their Individual Account attributable to Employer Contributions other than those described in Plan Section 5.01(A)(2), subject to the requirements of Plan Section 5.10.

For purposes of this Plan Section 5.01(C)(2)(a), hardship is defined as an immediate and heavy financial need of the Employee where such Employee lacks other available resources. Financial needs considered immediate and heavy include, but are not limited to, 1) expenses incurred or necessary for medical care, described in Code section 213(d), of the Employee, the Employee's Spouse, dependents, or the Employee's Primary Beneficiary, 2) the purchase (excluding mortgage payments) of a principal residence for the Employee, 3) payment of tuition and related educational fees for the next 12 months of post-secondary education for the Employee, the Employee's spouse, children, dependents, or the Employee's Primary Beneficiary, 4) payment to prevent the eviction of the Employee from, or a foreclosure on the mortgage of, the Employee's principal residence, 5), funeral or burial expenses for the Employee's deceased parent, Spouse, child, dependent, or the Employee's Primary Beneficiary, and 6) payment to repair damage to the Employee's principal residence that would qualify for a casualty loss deduction under Code section 165 (determined without regard to whether the loss exceeds ten-percent of adjusted gross income).

A distribution will be considered necessary to satisfy an immediate and heavy financial need of the Employee only if

- the Employee has obtained all distributions, other than hardship distributions, and all nontaxable loans available under all plans maintained by the Employer; and
- ii. the distribution is not in excess of the amount of an immediate and heavy financial need (including amounts necessary to pay any federal, state, or local income taxes or penalties reasonably anticipated to result from the distribution).
- b. Hardship Withdrawals of Elective Deferrals Distribution of Elective Deferrals (including and any earnings credited to an Employee's account as of the later of December 31, 1988, and the end of the last Plan Year ending before July 1, 1989) may be made to an Employee in the event of hardship. For the purposes of this Plan Section 5.01(C)(2)(b), hardship is defined as an immediate and heavy financial need of the Employee where the distribution is needed to satisfy the immediate and heavy financial need of such Employee. Hardship distributions are subject to the spousal consent requirements contained in Code sections 401(a)(11) and 417, if applicable.

For purposes of determining whether an Employee has a hardship, rules similar to those described in Plan Section 5.01(C)(2)(a) will apply except that only the financial needs listed above will be considered. In addition, a distribution will be considered as necessary to satisfy an immediate and heavy financial need of the Employee only if

i. all plans maintained by the Employer provide that the Employee's Elective Deferrals will be suspended for six months (12 months for hardship distributions before 2002) after the receipt of the hardship distribution; and

- ii. for hardship distributions before 2002, all plans maintained by the Employer provide that the Employee may not make Elective Deferrals for the Employee's taxable year immediately following the taxable year of the hardship distribution in excess of the applicable limit under Code section 402(g) for such taxable year less the amount of such Employee's Elective Deferrals for the taxable year of the hardship distribution.
- 3. Qualified Reservist Distributions Participants may take penalty-free qualified reservist distributions from the Plan. A qualified reservist distribution means any distribution to a Participant where 1) such distribution is made from Elective Deferrals, 2) such Participant was ordered or called to active duty for a period in excess of 179 days or for an indefinite period, and 3) such distribution is made during the period beginning on the date of such order or call and ending at the close of the active duty period. The Participant must have been ordered or called to active duty after September 11, 2001.

D. Miscellaneous Distribution Issues

- 1. <u>Distribution of Rollover and Transfer Contributions</u> The following rules will apply with respect to entitlement to distribution of rollover and transfer contributions.
 - a. *Entitlement to Distribution* Rollover contributions (including rollovers of nondeductible employee contributions) and earnings thereon may be distributed at any time upon request. Transfer contributions may be distributed at any time upon request.
 - To the extent that any optional form of benefit under this Plan permits a distribution before the Employee's retirement, death, Disability, attainment of Normal Retirement Age, or Termination of Employment, or before Plan termination, the optional form of benefit is not available with respect to benefits attributable to assets (including the post-transfer earnings thereon) and liabilities that are transferred (within the meaning of Code section 414(l)) to this Plan from a money purchase pension plan or a target benefit pension plan qualified under Code section 401(a) (other than any portion of those assets and liabilities attributable to voluntary employee contributions). In addition, if such transfers consist of Elective Deferrals (including earnings thereon) from a 401(k) plan, the assets transferred will continue to be subject to the distribution restrictions under Code sections 401(k)(2) and 401(k)(10).
 - b. Direct Rollovers of Eligible Rollover Distributions A Recipient may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Plan Administrator, to have any portion of an Eligible Rollover Distribution that is equal to at least \$500 (or such lesser amount if the Plan Administrator permits in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner) paid directly to an Eligible Retirement Plan specified by the Recipient in a Direct Rollover.
- 2. Commencement of Benefits Notwithstanding any other provision, unless the Participant elects otherwise, distribution of benefits will begin no later than the 60th day after the latest of the close of the Plan Year in which
 - a. the Participant attains age 65 (or Normal Retirement Age, if earlier),
 - b. the Participant reaches the 10th anniversary of the year in which the Participant commenced participation in the Plan, or
 - c. the Participant incurs a Termination of Employment.

Notwithstanding the preceding, the failure of a Participant (and Spouse, if applicable) to consent to a distribution while a benefit is immediately distributable, within the meaning of Plan Section 5.01(B)(2), will be deemed to be an election to defer commencement of payment of any benefit sufficient to satisfy this Plan Section 5.01(D)(2).

3. Federally Declared Disaster – If allowed by the Plan Sponsor, Participants may have previously requested or may in the future request a distribution of, or a loan from, the Vested portion of their Individual Account balance related to federally declared disaster area tax relief (e.g., Katrina Emergency Tax Relief Act of 2005, Heartland Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2008), as specified by the Plan Sponsor and as allowed under the Code and any additional rules, regulations, or other pronouncements promulgated by either the IRS or DOL.

5.02 FORM OF DISTRIBUTION TO A PARTICIPANT

If the value of the Participant's Individual Account exceeds \$1,000 and the Participant has properly waived the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity (if applicable), as described in Plan Section 5.10, the Participant may request (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) that the Individual Account be paid to them in one or more of the following forms of payment: 1) in a lump sum, 2) in a non-recurring partial payment, 3) in installment payments (a series of regularly scheduled recurring partial payments), or 4) applied to the purchase of an annuity contract. Notwithstanding the preceding, non-recurring partial payments may be made from the Plan either before Termination of Employment or to satisfy the requirements of Code section 401(a)(9).

5.03 DISTRIBUTIONS UPON THE DEATH OF A PARTICIPANT

A. Designation of Beneficiary – Spousal Consent – Each Participant may designate, in a form or manner approved by and delivered to the Plan Administrator, one or more primary and contingent Beneficiaries to receive all or a specified portion of the Participant's Individual Account in the event of the Participant's death. A Participant may change or revoke such Beneficiary designation by completing and delivering the proper form to the Plan Administrator.

In the event that a Participant wishes to designate a Primary Beneficiary who is not their Spouse, their Spouse must consent (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) to such designation, and the Spouse's consent must acknowledge the effect of such designation and be witnessed by a notary public or plan representative. Notwithstanding this consent requirement, if the Participant establishes to the satisfaction of the Plan Administrator that such consent may not be obtained because there is no Spouse or the Spouse cannot be located, no consent will be required. In addition, if the Spouse is legally incompetent to give consent, the Spouse's legal guardian, even if the guardian is the Participant, may give consent. If the Participant is legally separated or the Participant has been abandoned (within the meaning of local law) and the Participant has a court order to such effect, spousal consent is not required unless a Qualified Domestic Relations Order provides otherwise. Any change of Beneficiary will require a new spousal consent to the extent required by the Code or Treasury Regulations.

- B. Payment to Beneficiary If a Participant dies before the Participant's entire Individual Account has been paid to them, such deceased Participant's Individual Account will be payable to any surviving Beneficiary designated by the Participant, or, if no Beneficiary survives the Participant, to the Participant's Spouse, or, where no Spouse exists, to the Participant's estate. If the Beneficiary is a minor, distribution will be deemed to have been made to such Beneficiary if the portion of the Participant's Individual Account to which the Beneficiary is entitled is paid to their legal guardian or, if applicable, to their custodian under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act. If a Beneficiary is not a minor but is not legally competent to request or consent to a distribution, distributions will be deemed to have been made to such Beneficiary if the portion of the Participant's Individual Account to which the Beneficiary is entitled is paid to the Participant's court-appointed guardian, an attorney-in-fact acting under a valid power of attorney, or any other individual or entity authorized under state law to act on behalf of the Beneficiary. A Beneficiary may disclaim their portion of a Participant's Individual Account by providing the Plan Administrator written notification pursuant to Code section 2518(b).
- C. **Distribution Request When Distributed** A Beneficiary of a deceased Participant entitled to a distribution who wishes to receive a distribution must submit a request (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) to the Plan Administrator. If required in writing, such request will be made on a form provided or approved by the Plan Administrator. Upon a valid request, the Plan Administrator shall direct the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) to commence distribution as soon as administratively feasible after the request is received.

5.04 FORM OF DISTRIBUTION TO BENEFICIARIES

A. Value of Individual Account Does Not Exceed \$5,000 – If the value of the a Participant's Individual Account does not exceed \$5,000, the value of a Participant's Individual Account may be made to the Beneficiary in a single lump sum in lieu of all other forms of distribution under the Plan, as soon as administratively feasible.

The value of the Participant's Individual Account for purposes of this paragraph will be determined by including rollover contributions (and earnings allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code sections 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3)(A)(ii), and 457(e)(16).

B. Value of Individual Account Exceeds \$5,000 – If the value of a Participant's Individual Account exceeds \$5,000, the preretirement survivor annuity requirements of Plan Section 5.10 will apply unless waived in accordance with that Plan Section 5.10 or unless the Retirement Equity Act safe harbor rules of Plan Section 5.10(E) apply. However, a surviving Spouse Beneficiary may elect any form of payment allowable under the Plan in lieu of the preretirement survivor annuity. Any such payment to the surviving Spouse must meet the requirements of Plan Section 5.05.

If the value of the Vested portion of a Participant's Individual Account exceeds \$5,000 and either (1) the preretirement survivor annuity requirements of Plan Section 5.10 have been satisfied or waived in accordance or (2) the Retirement Equity Act safe harbor rules of Plan Section 5.10(E) apply, the value of the Vested portion of a Participant's Individual Account may be made to the Beneficiary in a single lump sum in lieu of all other forms of distribution under the Plan, as soon as administratively feasible.

C. Other Forms of Distribution to Beneficiary – If the value of a Participant's Individual Account exceeds \$5,000 and the Participant has properly waived the preretirement survivor annuity, as described in Plan Section 5.10 (if applicable), or if the Beneficiary is the Participant's surviving Spouse, the Beneficiary may, subject to the requirements of Plan Section 5.05, request (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) that the Participant's Individual Account be paid in any form of distribution permitted to be taken by the Participant under this Plan other than applying the Individual Account toward the purchase of an annuity contract. Notwithstanding the preceding, installment payments to a Beneficiary cannot be made over a period exceeding the Life Expectancy of such Beneficiary.

Notwithstanding the preceding provisions, a Beneficiary is permitted (subject to regulatory guidance) to directly roll over their portion of the Individual Account to an inherited individual retirement arrangement (under Code sections 408 or 408A). Such Direct Rollovers must otherwise qualify as Eligible Rollover Distributions.

5.05 REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

A. General Rules

- 1. Subject to Plan Section 5.10, the requirements of this Plan Section 5.05 will apply to any distribution of a Participant's interest and will take precedence over any inconsistent provisions of this Plan. Unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this Plan Section 5.05 apply to calendar years beginning after December 31, 2002.
- 2. All distributions required under this Plan Section 5.05 will be determined and made in accordance with Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(9), including the minimum distribution incidental benefit requirement of Code section 401(a)(9)(G).

- 3. <u>Limits on Distribution Periods</u> As of the first Distribution Calendar Year, distributions to a Participant, if not made in a single sum, may only be made over one of the following periods (or a combination thereof):
 - a. the life of the Participant,
 - b. the joint lives of the Participant and a Designated Beneficiary,
 - c. a period certain not extending beyond the Life Expectancy of the Participant, or
 - d. a period certain not extending beyond the joint life and last survivor expectancy of the Participant and a Designated Beneficiary.

B. Time and Manner of Distribution

1. <u>Required Beginning Date</u> – The Participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, to the Participant no later than the Participant's Required Beginning Date.

For purposes of this Plan Section 5.05(B) and Plan Section 5.05(D), unless Plan Section 5.05(D)(2)(a)(iii) applies, distributions are considered to begin on the Participant's Required Beginning Date. If Plan Section 5.05(D)(2)(a)(iii) applies, distributions are considered to begin on the date distributions are required to begin to the surviving Spouse under Plan Section 5.05(D)(2)(a)(i). If distributions under an annuity purchased from an insurance company irrevocably commence to the Participant before the Participant's Required Beginning Date (or to the Participant's surviving Spouse before the date distributions are required to begin to the surviving Spouse in Plan Section 5.05(D)(2)(a)(i)), the date distributions are considered to begin is the date distributions actually commence.

Except as provided in a separate IRS model amendment, if applicable, Participants or Beneficiaries may elect on an individual basis whether the five-year rule or the life expectancy rule in Plan Section 5.05(D) applies to distributions after the death of a Participant who has a Designated Beneficiary. The election must be made no later than the earlier of September 30 of the calendar year in which distribution would be required to begin under this Plan Section 5.05(B), or by September 30 of the calendar year that contains the fifth anniversary of the Participant's (or, if applicable, surviving Spouse's) death. If neither the Participant nor the Beneficiary makes an election under this paragraph, distributions will be made in accordance with this Plan Section 5.05(B) and Plan Section 5.05(D) and, if applicable, the election in a separate IRS model amendment, if applicable).

2. <u>Forms of Distribution</u> – Unless the Participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company or in a single sum on or before the Required Beginning Date, as of the first Distribution Calendar Year distributions will be made in accordance with Plan Section 5.05(C) and Plan Section 5.05(D). If the Participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company, distributions thereunder will be made in accordance with the requirements of Code section 401(a)(9) and the corresponding Treasury Regulations.

C. Required Minimum Distributions During Participant's Lifetime

- 1. Amount of Required Minimum Distribution for Each Distribution Calendar Year During the Participant's lifetime, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year is the lesser of:
 - a. the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Benefit by the distribution period in the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(9)-9, Q&A 2, using the Participant's age as of the Participant's birthday in the Distribution Calendar Year; or
 - b. if the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary for the Distribution Calendar Year is the Participant's Spouse, the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Benefit by the number in the Joint and Last Survivor Table set forth in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(9)-9, Q&A 3, using the Participant's and Spouse's attained ages as of the Participant's and Spouse's birthdays in the Distribution Calendar Year.
- 2. <u>Lifetime Required Minimum Distributions Continue Through Year of Participant's Death</u> Required minimum distributions will be determined under this Plan Section 5.05(C) beginning with the first Distribution Calendar Year and up to and including the Distribution Calendar Year that includes the Participant's date of death.

D. Required Minimum Distributions After Participant's Death

- 1. Death On or After Date Distributions Begin
 - a. Participant Survived by Designated Beneficiary If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is a Designated Beneficiary, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's benefit by the longer of the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant or the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant's Designated Beneficiary, determined as follows:
 - i. The Participant's remaining Life Expectancy is calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.

- ii. If the Participant's surviving Spouse is the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, the remaining Life Expectancy of the surviving Spouse is calculated for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death using the surviving Spouse's age as of the Spouse's birthday in that year. For Distribution Calendar Years after the year of the surviving Spouse's death, the remaining Life Expectancy of the surviving Spouse is calculated using the age of the surviving Spouse as of the Spouse's birthday in the calendar year of the Spouse's death, reduced by one for each subsequent calendar year.
- iii. If the Participant's surviving Spouse is not the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, the Designated Beneficiary's remaining Life Expectancy is calculated using the age of the Designated Beneficiary in the year following the year of the Participant's death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.
- b. No Designated Beneficiary If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is no Designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year after the year of the Participant's death, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's benefit by the Participant's remaining Life Expectancy calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.

2. Death Before Date Distributions Begin

- a. Participant Survived by Designated Beneficiary Except as provided in a separate IRS model amendment, if applicable, or as elected by a Designated Beneficiary pursuant to Plan Section 5.05(B)(1), if the Participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is a Designated Beneficiary, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's benefit by the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant's Designated Beneficiary, determined as provided in Plan Section 5.05(D)(1).
 - i. If the Participant's surviving Spouse is the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, then, (except as provided in a separate IRS model amendment, if applicable), distributions to the surviving Spouse will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Participant died, or by December 31 of the calendar year in which the Participant would have attained age 70½, if later.
 - ii. If the Participant's surviving Spouse is not the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, then, (except as provided in a separate IRS model amendment, if applicable), distributions to the Designated Beneficiary will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Participant died.
 - iii. If the Participant's surviving Spouse is the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary and the surviving Spouse dies after the Participant but before distributions to the surviving Spouse are required to begin, this Plan Section 5.05(D)(2), other than Plan Section 5.05(D)(2)(a), will apply as if the surviving Spouse were the Participant.
- b. No Designated Beneficiary If the Participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is no Designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the Participant's death, distribution of the Participant's entire interest will be completed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Participant's death.
- 3. Election to Allow Designated Beneficiary Receiving Distributions Under Five-Year Rule to Elect Life Expectancy Distributions Unless specified otherwise in a separate IRS model amendment, a Designated Beneficiary who is receiving payments under the five-year rule may have made a new election to receive payments under the life expectancy rule until December 31, 2003, provided that all amounts that would have been required to be distributed under the life expectancy rule for all distribution calendar years before 2004 are distributed by the earlier of December 31, 2003 or the end of the five-year period.

E. TEFRA Section 242(b) Elections

- 1. Notwithstanding the other requirements of this Plan Section 5.05 and subject to the requirements of Plan Section 5.10, Joint and Survivor Annuity Requirements, distribution on behalf of any Employee (or former Employee), including a five-percent owner, who has made a designation under the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 Section 242(b)(2) (a "Section 242(b)(2) Election") may be made in accordance with all of the following requirements (regardless of when such distribution commences).
 - a. The distribution by the Fund is one which would not have qualified such Fund under Code section 401(a)(9) as in effect before amendment by the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.
 - b. The distribution is in accordance with a method of distribution designated by the Employee whose interest in the Fund is being distributed or, if the Employee is deceased, by a Beneficiary of such Employee.
 - c. Such designation was in writing, was signed by the Employee or the Beneficiary, and was made before January 1, 1984.
 - d. The Employee had accrued a benefit under the Plan as of December 31, 1983.
 - e. The method of distribution designated by the Employee or the Beneficiary specifies the time at which distribution will commence, the period over which distributions will be made, and in the case of any distribution upon the Employee's death, the Beneficiaries of the Employee listed in order of priority.

- 2. A distribution upon death will not be covered by this transitional rule unless the information in the designation contains the required information described above with respect to the distributions to be made upon the death of the Employee.
- 3. If a designation is revoked, any subsequent distribution must satisfy the requirements of Code section 401(a)(9) and the corresponding regulations. If a designation is revoked subsequent to the date distributions are required to begin, the Plan must distribute, by the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the revocation occurs, the total amount not yet distributed which would have been required to have been distributed to satisfy Code section 401(a)(9) and the corresponding regulations, but for an election made under the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, Section 242(b)(2). For calendar years beginning after December 31, 1988, such distributions must meet the minimum distribution incidental benefit requirements. Any changes in the designation will be considered to be a revocation of the designation. However, the mere substitution or addition of another Beneficiary (one not named in the designation) under the designation will not be considered to be a revocation of the designation, provided such substitution or addition does not alter the period over which distributions are to be made under the designation, directly or indirectly (for example, by altering the relevant measuring life).
- 4. In the case in which an amount is transferred or rolled over from one plan to another plan, the rules in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(9)-8, Q&A 14 and Q&A 15, will apply.
- **F. Transition Rules** For plans in existence before 2003, required minimum distributions before 2003 were made pursuant to Plan Section 5.05(E), if applicable, and Plan Sections 5.05(F)(1) through 5.05(F)(3) below.
 - 2000 and Before Required minimum distributions for calendar years after 1984 and before 2001 were made in accordance with Code section 401(a)(9) and the corresponding Proposed Treasury Regulations published in the Federal Register on July 27, 1987 (the "1987 Proposed Regulations").
 - 2. 2001 Required minimum distributions for calendar year 2001 were made in accordance with Code section 401(a)(9) and the Proposed Treasury Regulations in Section 401(a)(9) as published in the Federal Register on January 17, 2001 (the "2001 Proposed Regulations") unless a prior IRS model amendment provision was adopted that stated that the required minimum distributions for 2001 were made pursuant to the 1987 Proposed Regulations. If distributions were made in 2001 under the 1987 Proposed Regulations before the date in 2001 that the Plan began operating under the 2001 Proposed Regulations, the special transition rule in Announcement 2001-82, 2001-2 C.B. 123, applied.
 - 3. 2002 Required minimum distributions for calendar year 2002 were made in accordance with Code section 401(a)(9) and the 2001 Proposed Regulations unless the prior IRS model amendment, if applicable, provided that either a. or b. below applies.
 - a. Required minimum distributions for 2002 were made pursuant to the 1987 Proposed Regulations.
 - b. Required minimum distributions for 2002 were made pursuant to the Final and Temporary Treasury Regulations under Code section 401(a)(9) published in the Federal Register on April 17, 2002 (the "2002 Final and Temporary Regulations"), which are described in Plan Sections 5.05(B) through 5.05(E). If distributions were made in 2002 under either the 1987 Proposed Regulations or the 2001 Proposed Regulations before the date in 2002 on which the Plan began operating under the 2002 Final and Temporary Regulations, the special transition rule in Section 1.2 of the model amendment in Revenue Procedure 2002-29, 2002-1 C.B. 1176, applied.
- G. Temporary Waiver of Required Minimum Distribution Requirements Notwithstanding anything in the Plan or the definition of Distribution Calendar Year to the contrary, Participants and Beneficiaries who would have been required to receive a 2009 RMD or Extended 2009 RMD but for the enactment of Code section 401(a)(9)(H) were given the choice to receive such distributions for 2009.

If a Participant or Beneficiary described above was allowed to remove their 2009 RMD or Extended 2009 RMD but did not elect to receive such amount, the 2009 RMD or Extended 2009 RMD was retained in the Plan.

In addition, notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, if a Beneficiary's balance was required to be distributed under Code section 401(a)(9)(B)(ii), the five-year period described in such section will be determined without regard to calendar year 2009.

5.06 ANNUITY CONTRACTS

Any annuity contract distributed under the Plan (if permitted or required by this Plan Section Five) must be nontransferable. The terms of any annuity contract purchased and distributed by the Plan to a Participant or Spouse will comply with the requirements of the Plan.

5.07 DISTRIBUTIONS IN-KIND

The Plan Administrator may, but need not, cause any distribution under this Plan to be made either in a form actually held in the Fund, or in cash by converting assets other than cash into cash, or in any combination of the two preceding methods. Assets other than cash, or other assets with a readily ascertainable market value, must be subject to a third-party appraisal before they may be distributed from the Plan.

5.08 PROCEDURE FOR MISSING PARTICIPANTS OR BENEFICIARIES

The Plan Administrator must use all reasonable measures to locate Participants or Beneficiaries who are entitled to distributions from the Plan. Such measures may include using certified mail, checking records of other plans maintained by the Employer, contacting the Participant's Beneficiaries, using a governmental letter-forwarding service, or using internet search tools, commercial locator services, and credit reporting agencies. The Plan Administrator should consider the cost of the measures relative to the Individual Account balance when determining which measures are used.

In the event that the Plan Administrator cannot locate a Participant or Beneficiary who is entitled to a distribution from the Plan after using all reasonable measures, the Plan Administrator may, consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and other pronouncements under the Code and ERISA, use any reasonable procedure to dispose of distributable Plan assets, including any of the following: 1) establish an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), under Code section 408, that complies with the automatic rollover safe harbor regulations, without regard to the amount in the Individual Account, 2) establish a federally insured bank account for and in the name of the Participant or Beneficiary and transfer the assets to such bank account, 3) purchase an annuity contract with the assets in the name of the Participant or Beneficiary (unless an annuity form of distribution is prohibited under the Plan), or 4) transfer the assets to the unclaimed property fund of the state in which the Participant or Beneficiary was last known to reside.

In the event the Plan is terminated, payments must be made in a manner that protects the benefit rights of a Participant or Beneficiary. Benefit rights will be deemed to be protected if the amount in a Participant's or Beneficiary's Individual Account is placed into an IRA, used to purchase an annuity contract, or transferred to another qualified retirement plan. Benefit rights need not, however, be protected if an Individual Account becomes subject to state escheat laws, or if a payment is made to satisfy Code section 401(a)(9), or if such other process is followed that is consistent with applicable statutory or regulatory guidance.

5.09 CLAIMS PROCEDURES

- A. Filing a Claim for Plan Distributions A Participant or Beneficiary who has been denied a request for a distribution or loan and desires to make a claim for the Participant's Individual Account will file a request (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL and acceptable to the Plan Administrator) with the Plan Administrator. If such request is required in writing, such request must be made on a form furnished to them by the Plan Administrator for such purpose. The request will set forth the basis of the claim. The Plan Administrator is authorized to conduct such examinations as may be necessary to facilitate the payment of any benefits to which the Participant or Beneficiary may be entitled under the terms of the Plan.
- B. Denial of a Claim Whenever a claim for a Plan distribution or loan submitted in accordance with this Plan Section 5.09 by any Participant or Beneficiary has been wholly or partially denied, the Plan Administrator must furnish such Participant or Beneficiary notice (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) of the denial within 90 days (45 days for claims involving disability benefits) of the date the original claim was filed. This notice will set forth the specific reasons for the denial, specific reference to pertinent Plan provisions on which the denial is based, a description of any additional information or material needed to perfect the claim, an explanation of why such additional information or material is necessary, and an explanation of the procedures for appeal.
- C. Remedies Available The Participant or Beneficiary will have 60 days from receipt of the denial notice in which to make written application for review by the Plan Administrator. The Participant or Beneficiary may request that the review be in the nature of a hearing. The Participant or Beneficiary will have the right to representation, to review pertinent documents, and to submit comments in writing (or in any other form permitted by the IRS or DOL). The Plan Administrator shall issue a decision on such review within 60 days (45 days for claims involving disability benefits) after receipt of an application for review as provided for in this Plan Section 5.09. Upon a decision unfavorable to the Participant or Beneficiary, such Participant or Beneficiary will be entitled to bring such actions in law or equity as may be necessary or appropriate to protect or clarify their right to benefits under this Plan.

5.10 JOINT AND SURVIVOR ANNUITY REQUIREMENTS

- **A. Application** The provisions of this Plan Section 5.10 will apply to any Participant who is credited with at least one Hour of Service with the Employer on or after August 23, 1984, and such other Participants as provided in Treasury Regulations.
- B. Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity Unless an optional form of benefit is selected pursuant to a Qualified Election within the 180-day period ending on the Annuity Starting Date, a married Participant's Individual Account Balance will be paid in the form of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity and an unmarried Participant's account balance will be paid in the form of a life annuity. The Participant may elect to have such annuity distributed upon attainment of the Earliest Retirement Age under the Plan. In the case of a married Participant, the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity must be at least as valuable as any other optional form of benefit payable under the Plan at the same time.
 - A Plan that is subject to the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity requirements must offer an additional survivor annuity option in the form of a Qualified Optional Survivor Annuity.
- C. Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity Unless an optional form of benefit has been selected within the Election Period pursuant to a Qualified Election, if a Participant dies before the Annuity Starting Date then the Participant's Individual Account shall be applied toward the purchase of an annuity for the life of the surviving Spouse. The surviving Spouse may elect to have such annuity distributed within a reasonable period after the Participant's death.

D. Notice Requirements

1. In the case of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity, the Plan Administrator shall no less than 30 days and not more than 180 days before the Annuity Starting Date provide each Participant an explanation (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) of 1) the terms and conditions of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity, 2) the Participant's right to make and the effect of an election to waive the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity form of benefit, 3) the rights of a Participant's Spouse, and 4) the right to make, and the effect of, a revocation of a previous election to waive the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity. The written explanation shall comply with the requirements of Treasury Regulation section 1.417(a)(3)-1.

The Annuity Starting Date for a distribution in a form other than a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity may be less than 30 days after receipt of the explanation described in the preceding paragraph provided 1) the Participant has been provided with information that clearly indicates that the Participant has at least 30 days to consider whether to waive the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity and elect (with spousal consent) a form of distribution other than a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity, 2) the Participant is permitted to revoke any affirmative distribution election at least until the annuity starting date or, if later, at any time before the expiration of the seven-day period that begins the day after the explanation of the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity is provided to the Participant, and 3) the annuity starting date is a date after the date that the explanation was provided to the Participant.

2. In the case of a Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity as described in Plan Section 5.10(C), the Plan Administrator shall provide each Participant within the applicable period for such Participant an explanation (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) of the Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity in such terms and in such manner as would be comparable to the explanation provided for meeting the requirements of Plan Section 5.10(D)(1) applicable to a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity. The written explanation shall comply with the requirements of Treasury Regulation section 1.417(a)(3)-1.

The applicable period for a Participant is whichever of the following periods ends last: 1) the period beginning with the first day of the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age 32 and ending with the close of the Plan Year preceding the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age 35, 2) a reasonable period ending after the individual becomes a Participant, 3) a reasonable period ending after Plan Section 5.10(D)(3) ceases to apply to the Participant, and 4) a reasonable period ending after this Plan Section 5.10 first applies to the Participant. Notwithstanding the preceding, notice must be provided within a reasonable period ending after separation from service in the case of a Participant who separates from service before attaining age 35.

For purposes of applying the preceding paragraph, a reasonable period ending after the enumerated events described in 2), 3) and 4) is the end of the two-year period beginning one year before the date the applicable event occurs, and ending one year after that date. In the case of a Participant who separates from service before the Plan Year in which age 35 is attained, notice will be provided within the two-year period beginning one year before separation and ending one year after separation. If such a Participant thereafter returns to employment with the Employer, the applicable period for such Participant will be redetermined.

3. Notwithstanding the other requirements of this Plan Section 5.10(D), the respective notices prescribed by this Plan Section 5.10(D) need not be given to a Participant if 1) the Plan "fully subsidizes" the costs of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity or Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity, and 2) the Plan does not allow the Participant to waive the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity or Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity and does not allow a married Participant to designate a non-Spouse Beneficiary. For purposes of this Plan Section 5.10(D)(3), a plan fully subsidizes the costs of a benefit if no increase in cost or decrease in benefits to the Participant may result from the Participant's failure to elect another benefit.

E. Retirement Equity Act Safe Harbor Rules

- 1. The safe harbor provisions of this Plan Section 5.10(E) shall always apply to any distribution made on or after the first day of the first Plan Year beginning after December 31, 1988, from or under a separate account attributable solely to accumulated deductible employee contributions, as defined in Code section 72(o)(5)(B), and maintained on behalf of a Participant in a money purchase pension plan, if the following conditions are satisfied:
 - a. the Participant does not or cannot elect payments in the form of a life annuity; and
 - b. on the death of a Participant, the Participant's account balance will be paid to the Participant's surviving Spouse, but if there is no surviving Spouse, or if the surviving Spouse has consented in a manner conforming to a Qualified Election, then to the Participant's Designated Beneficiary. The surviving Spouse may elect to have distribution of the account balance commence within the 180-day period following the date of the Participant's death. The account balance shall be adjusted for gains or losses occurring after the Participant's death in accordance with the provisions of the Plan governing the adjustment of account balances for other types of distributions. This Plan Section 5.10(E) will not apply to a Participant in a profit sharing plan if the plan is a direct or indirect transferee of a defined benefit plan, money purchase pension plan, a target benefit pension plan, stock bonus, or profit sharing plan that is subject to the survivor annuity requirements of Code sections 401(a)(11) and 417. If this Plan Section 5.10(E) applies, then no other provisions of this Plan Section 5.10 will apply except as provided in Treasury Regulations.
- 2. The Participant may waive the spousal death benefit described in this Plan Section 5.10(E) at any time provided that no such waiver will be effective unless it is a Qualified Election (other than the notification requirement referred to therein) that would apply to the Participant's waiver of the Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity.
- 3. In the event this Plan is a direct or indirect transferee of or a restatement of a plan previously subject to the survivor annuity requirements of Code sections 401(a)(11) and 417 and the Employer has selected to have this Plan Section 5.10(E) apply, the provisions of this Plan Section 5.10(E) will not apply to any benefits accrued (including subsequent adjustments for earnings and losses) before the adoption of these provisions. Such amounts will be separately accounted for in a manner consistent with Plan Section 7.02 and administered in accordance with the general survivor annuity requirements of Plan Section 5.10.

5.11 LIABILITY FOR WITHHOLDING ON DISTRIBUTIONS

The Plan Administrator shall be responsible for withholding federal income taxes from distributions from the Plan, unless the Participant (or Beneficiary, where applicable) elects not to have such taxes withheld. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) or other payor may act as agent for the Plan Administrator to withhold such taxes and to make the appropriate distribution reports, provided the Plan Administrator furnishes all the information to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) or other payor which such payor may need to properly perform withholding and reporting.

5.12 DISTRIBUTION OF EXCESS ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

A. General Rule – A Participant may assign to this Plan any Excess Elective Deferrals made during a taxable year of the Participant by notifying the Plan Administrator of the amount of the Excess Elective Deferrals to be assigned to the Plan. Participants who claim Excess Elective Deferrals for the preceding calendar year must submit their claims (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) to the Plan Administrator by March 1. A Participant is deemed to notify the Plan Administrator of any Excess Elective Deferrals that arise by taking into account only those Elective Deferrals made to this Plan and any other plan, contract, or arrangement of the Employer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, Excess Elective Deferrals, plus any income and minus any loss allocable thereto, will be distributed no later than April 15th to any Participant to whose Individual Account Excess Elective Deferrals were assigned for the preceding year and who claims Excess Elective Deferrals for such taxable year, except to the extent such Excess Elective Deferrals were classified as Catch-up Contributions. For years beginning after 2005, the Plan Administrator, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, will determine whether the distribution of Excess Elective Deferrals for a year will be made first from the Participant's Pre-Tax Elective Deferral account or the Roth Elective Deferral account, or a combination of both, to the extent both Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals and Roth Elective Deferrals were made for the year, or may allow Participants to specify otherwise.

B. Determination of Income or Loss – For taxable years beginning after 2007, Excess Elective Deferrals will be adjusted for any income or loss up to the end of the Plan Year to which such contributions were allocated. The income or loss allocable to Excess Elective Deferrals is the income or loss allocable to the Participant's Elective Deferral account for the taxable year multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is such Participant's Excess Elective Deferrals for the year and the denominator of which is the Participant's Individual Account balance attributable to Elective Deferrals without regard to any income or loss occurring during such taxable year. For taxable years beginning before 2008, income or loss allocable to Excess Elective Deferrals also included ten percent of the amount determined under the preceding sentence multiplied by the number of whole calendar months between the end of the Participant's taxable year and the date of distribution, counting the month of distribution if distribution occurs after the 15th of such month. Notwithstanding the preceding sentences, the Plan Administrator may compute the income or loss allocable to Excess Elective Deferrals in the manner described in Plan Section 7.02(B) (i.e., the usual manner used by the Plan for allocating income or loss to Participants' Individual Accounts or any reasonable method), provided such method is used consistently for all Participants and for all corrective distributions under the Plan for the Plan Year. The Plan will not fail to use a reasonable method for computing the income or loss on Excess Elective Deferrals merely because the income allocable is based on a date that is no more than seven days before the distribution.

5.13 DISTRIBUTION OF EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS

- A. General Rule Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, Excess Contributions, plus any income and minus any loss allocable thereto, will be distributed no later than 12 months after a Plan Year to Participants to whose Individual Accounts such Excess Contributions were allocated for such Plan Year, except to the extent such Excess Contributions were classified as Catch-up Contributions. Excess Contributions are allocated to the Highly Compensated Employees with the largest amounts of Employer Contributions taken into account in calculating the ADP test for the year in which the excess arose, beginning with the Highly Compensated Employee with the largest amount of such Employer Contributions and continuing in descending order until all the Excess Contributions have been allocated. Both the total amount of the Excess Contribution and, for purposes of the preceding sentence, the "largest amount" are determined after distribution of any Excess Deferrals. To the extent a Highly Compensated Employee has not reached their Catch-up Contribution limit under the Plan, Excess Contributions allocated to such Highly Compensated Employees as Catch-up Contributions will not be treated as Excess Contributions. If such Excess Contributions are distributed more than 2½ months after the last day of the Plan Year in which such Contributions were made, a ten-percent excise tax will be imposed on the Employer maintaining the Plan with respect to such amounts. Excess Contributions will be treated as annual additions under the Plan even if distributed.
- B. Determination of Income or Loss For taxable years beginning after 2007, Excess Contributions will be adjusted for any income or loss up to the end of the Plan Year to which such contributions were allocated. The income or loss allocable to Excess Contributions allocated to each Participant is the income or loss allocable to the Participant's Elective Deferral account(s) for the Plan Year multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is such Participant's Excess Contributions for the year and the denominator of which is the Participant's Individual Account balance attributable to Elective Deferrals without regard to any income or loss occurring during such Plan Year. For taxable years beginning before 2008, income or loss allocable to Excess Contributions also included ten percent of the amount determined under the preceding sentence multiplied by the number of whole calendar months between the end of the Participant's taxable year and the date of distribution, counting the month of distribution if distribution occurs after the 15th of such month. Notwithstanding the preceding sentences, the Plan Administrator may compute the income or loss allocable to Excess Contributions in the manner described in Plan Section 7.02(B) (i.e., the usual manner used by the Plan for allocating income or loss to Participants' Individual Accounts or any reasonable method), provided such method is used consistently for all Participants and for all corrective distributions under the Plan for the Plan Year. The Plan will not fail to use a reasonable method for computing the income or loss on Excess Contributions merely because the income allocable is based on a date that is no more than seven days before the distribution.

C. Accounting for Excess Contributions – Excess Contributions allocated to a Participant will be distributed from the Participant's Elective Deferral account(s) in proportion to the Participant's Elective Deferrals for the Plan Year. For years beginning after 2005, the Plan Administrator, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, will either determine whether the distribution of Excess Contributions for a year will be made first from the Participant's Pre-Tax Elective Deferral account or the Roth Elective Deferral account, or a combination of both, to the extent both Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals and Roth Elective Deferrals were made for the year, or may allow Participants to specify otherwise.

5.14 LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS

If the Adoption Agreement so indicates, a Participant may receive a loan from the Fund, subject to the following rules and the Plan's loan policy.

- A. Loans will be made available to all Participants on a reasonably equivalent basis. Notwithstanding the preceding, new loans will not be available to Participants who cease to be employed by the Employer, unless such Participants are parties-in-interest as defined in ERISA section 3(14). In addition, existing loans will be considered due and payable at such time as a Participant ceases to be an Employee, and the loan will be considered in default and the Participant's Individual Account will be reduced by the outstanding amount of the loan unless otherwise specified in the loan policy statement or other loan documentation.
- **B.** Loans will not be made available to Highly Compensated Employees in an amount greater than the amount made available to other Employees.
- **C.** Loans must be adequately secured and bear a reasonable interest rate.
- D. No Participant loan will exceed the Present Value of the Vested portion of a Participant's Individual Account.
- E. A Participant must obtain the consent of their Spouse, if any, to the use of the Individual Account as security for the loan. Spousal consent will be obtained no earlier than the beginning of the 90-day period that ends on the date on which the loan is to be so secured. The consent must be in writing (or any other form permitted by the IRS and DOL), must acknowledge the effect of the loan, and must be witnessed by a notary public or plan representative. Such consent will thereafter be binding with respect to the consenting Spouse or any subsequent Spouse with respect to that loan. A new consent will be required if the Individual Account is used for renegotiation, extension, renewal, or other revision of the loan. Notwithstanding the preceding, no spousal consent is necessary if, at the time the loan is secured, no consent would be required for a distribution under Code section 417(a)(2)(B). In addition, spousal consent is not required if the Plan or the Participant is not subject to Code section 401(a)(11) at the time the Individual Account is used as security, or if the total Individual Account subject to the security is less than or equal to \$5,000.
- **F.** In the event of default, foreclosure on the note and attachment of security will not occur until a distribution eligibility requirement is met under the Plan.
- **G.** For plan loans made before January 1, 2002, no loans will be made to any shareholder-employee or Owner-Employee. For purposes of this requirement, a shareholder-employee means an employee or officer of an electing small business (Subchapter S) corporation who owns (or is considered as owning within the meaning of Code section 318(a)(1)), on any day during the taxable year of such corporation, more than five-percent of the outstanding stock of the corporation.
- H. Loan repayments will be suspended under the Plan as permitted under Code section 414(u)(4) (USERRA).
- I. For years beginning after 2005, if the Participant's Individual Account contains any combination of Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals and Roth Elective Deferrals, the specific rules governing the loan program may also designate the extent to which Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals and Roth Elective Deferrals, or any combination thereof will 1) be used to calculate the maximum amount available for a loan, or 2) be available as a source from which loan proceeds may be taken or which may be used as security for a loan. To the extent permitted by law and related regulations, the rules established by the Plan Sponsor may specify the ordering rules to be applied in the event of a defaulted loan.

If a valid spousal consent has been obtained in accordance with Plan Section 5.14(E), then, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Plan, the portion of the Participant's Individual Account used as a security interest held by the Plan by reason of a loan outstanding to the Participant will be taken into account for purposes of determining the amount of the Individual Account payable at the time of death or distribution, but only if the reduction is used as repayment of the loan. If less than 100 percent of the Participant's Individual Account (determined without regard to the preceding sentence) is payable to the surviving Spouse, then the Individual Account will be adjusted by first reducing the Individual Account by the amount of the security used as repayment of the loan, and then determining the benefit payable to the surviving Spouse.

To avoid taxation to the Participant, unless otherwise permitted by law or regulatory guidance, no loan to any Participant or Beneficiary can be made to the extent that such loan, when added to the outstanding balance of all other loans to the Participant, would exceed the lesser of 1) \$50,000 reduced by the excess (if any) of the highest outstanding balance of loans during the one year period ending on the day before the loan is made, over the outstanding balance of loans from the Plan on the date the loan is made, or 2) 50 percent of the Present Value of the nonforfeitable Individual Account of the Participant. For the purpose of the above limitation, all loans from all plans of the Employer and other members of a group of employers described in Code sections 414(b), 414(c), and 414(m) are aggregated. Furthermore, any loan will by its terms require that repayment (principal and interest) be amortized in level payments, not less frequently than quarterly, over a period not extending beyond five years from the date of the loan, unless such loan is used to acquire a dwelling unit which, within a reasonable time (determined at the time the loan is made), will be used as the principal residence of the Participant. Notwithstanding the preceding, a Participant will suspend their loan repayments under this Plan as permitted under Code section 414(u)(4). An assignment or pledge of any portion of the Participant's interest in the Plan and a loan, pledge, or assignment with respect to any insurance contract purchased under the Plan, will be treated as a loan under this paragraph.

The Plan Administrator shall administer the loan program in accordance with specific rules that are documented either in writing or in such other format as permitted by the IRS and the DOL. Such rules will include, at a minimum, the following: 1) the identity of the person or positions authorized to administer the Participant loan program, 2) the procedure for applying for loans, 3) the basis on which loans will be approved or denied, 4) limitations (if any) on the types and amounts of loans offered, 5) the procedure under the program for determining a reasonable rate of interest, 6) the types of collateral that may secure a Participant loan, and 7) the events constituting default and the steps that will be taken to preserve Plan assets in the event of such default.

SECTION SIX: DEFINITIONS

Words and phrases used in the Plan with initial capital letters will, for the purpose of this Plan, have the meanings set forth in the portion of the Plan entitled "Definitions" unless the context indicates that other meanings are intended.

SECTION SEVEN: MISCELLANEOUS

7.01 THE FUND

A. Establishment and Maintenance – By adopting this Plan, the Employer establishes the Fund, which will consist of the assets of the Plan held by the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) pursuant to Section Eight. Assets within the Fund may be pooled on behalf of all Participants, earmarked on behalf of each Participant, or be a combination of pooled and earmarked assets. To the extent that assets are earmarked for a particular Participant, they will be held in a Separate Fund for that Participant.

No part of the corpus or income of the Fund may be used for, or diverted to, purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of Participants or their Beneficiaries. The Fund will be valued each Valuation Date at fair market value.

B. Division of Fund Into Investment Funds – The Employer may direct the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) to divide and redivide the Fund into one or more Investment Funds. Such Investment Funds may include, but are not limited to, Investment Funds representing the assets under the control of an investment manager pursuant to Plan Section 7.22(C) and Investment Funds representing investment options available for individual direction by Participants pursuant to Plan Section 7.22(B). Upon each division or redivision, the Employer may specify the part of the Fund to be allocated to each such Investment Fund and the terms and conditions, if any, under which the assets in such Investment Fund will be invested.

7.02 INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS

- A. Establishment and Maintenance The Plan Administrator shall establish and maintain an Individual Account in the name of each Participant to reflect the total value of their interest in the Fund (including but not limited to Employer Contributions and earnings thereon). Each Individual Account established hereunder will consist of such subaccounts as may be needed for each Participant, including:
 - 1. a subaccount to reflect Employer Contributions allocated on behalf of a Participant;
 - 2. a subaccount to reflect a Participant's rollover contributions;
 - 3. a subaccount to reflect a Participant's transfer contributions;
 - 4. a subaccount to reflect a Participant's Pre-Tax Elective Deferrals; and
 - 5. a subaccount to reflect a Participant's Roth Elective Deferrals.

The Plan Administrator may establish additional accounts as it may deem necessary for the proper administration of the Plan.

If this Plan is funded by individual contracts that provide a Participant's Benefit under the Plan, such individual contracts will constitute the Participant's Individual Account. If this Plan is funded by group contracts under the group annuity or group insurance contract, premiums or other consideration received by the insurance company must be allocated to Participants' Individual Accounts under the Plan.

B. Valuation of Individual Accounts

- 1. Where all or a portion of the assets of a Participant's Individual Account are invested in a Separate Fund for the Participant, then the value of that portion of such Participant's Individual Account at any relevant time equals the sum of the fair market values of the assets in such Separate Fund, less any applicable charges or penalties.
- 2. The fair market value of the remainder of each Individual Account is determined in the following manner:
 - a. Separate Fund First, the portion of the Individual Account invested in each Investment Fund as of the previous Valuation Date is determined. Each such portion is reduced by any withdrawal made from the applicable Investment Fund to or for the benefit of a Participant or the Participant's Beneficiary, further reduced by any transfer to another Investment Fund since the previous Valuation Date, and is increased by any amount transferred from another Investment Fund since the previous Valuation Date. The resulting amounts are the net Individual Account portions invested in the Investment Funds.

- b. No Separate Fund Second, the net Individual Account portions invested in each Investment Fund are adjusted upwards or downwards, pro rata (i.e., using the ratio of each net Individual Account portion to the sum of all net Individual Account portions) so that the sum of all the net Individual Account portions invested in an Investment Fund will equal the then fair market value of the Investment Fund. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, for the first Plan Year only, the net Individual Account portions will be the sum of all contributions made to each Participant's Individual Account during the first Plan Year.
- c. *Allocations* Third, any contributions to the Plan are allocated in accordance with the appropriate allocation provisions of Plan Section Three. For purposes of this Plan Section Seven, contributions made by the Employer for any Plan Year but after that Plan Year will be considered to have been made on the last day of that Plan Year regardless of when paid to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable).
 - Amounts contributed between Valuation Dates will not be credited with investment gains or losses until the next following Valuation Date.
- d. *Aggregation of Portions* Finally, the portions of the Individual Account invested in each Investment Fund (determined in accordance with (a), (b), and (c) above) are added together.
- C. Modification of Method for Valuing Individual Accounts If necessary or appropriate, the Plan Administrator may establish different or additional procedures (which will be uniform and nondiscriminatory) for determining the fair market value of the Individual Accounts including, but not limited to, valuation on a daily basis pursuant to the number of shares of each permissible investment held on behalf of a Participant.

7.03 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

- **A.** The Plan Administrator will have the authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan. The Plan Administrator shall administer the Plan for the exclusive benefit of the Participants and their Beneficiaries in accordance with the specific terms of the Plan.
- **B.** The Plan Administrator may, by appointment, allocate the duties of the Plan Administrator among several individuals or entities. Such appointments will not be effective until the party designated accepts such appointment in writing.
- C. The Plan Administrator shall be charged with the duties of the general administration of the Plan, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. to determine all questions of interpretation or policy in a manner consistent with the Plan's documents. The Plan Administrator's construction or determination in good faith will be conclusive and binding on all persons except as otherwise provided herein or by law. Any interpretation or construction will be done in a nondiscriminatory manner and will be consistent with the intent that the Plan will continue to be deemed a qualified plan under the terms of Code section 401(a), as amended from time to time, and will comply with the terms of ERISA, as amended from time to time;
 - 2. to determine all questions relating to the eligibility of Employees to become or remain Participants hereunder;
 - 3. to compute the amounts necessary or desirable to be contributed to the Plan;
 - 4. to compute the amount and kind of benefits to which a Participant or Beneficiary will be entitled under the Plan and to direct the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) with respect to all disbursements under the Plan, and, when requested by the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), to furnish the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) with instructions, in writing, on matters pertaining to the Plan on which the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) may rely and act;
 - 5. to maintain all records necessary for the administration of the Plan;
 - 6. to prepare and file such disclosures and tax forms as may be required from time to time by the Secretary of Labor or the Secretary of the Treasury;
 - 7. to furnish each Employee, Participant, or Beneficiary such notices, information, and reports under such circumstances as may be required by law;
 - 8. to periodically review the performance of each Fiduciary and all other relevant parties to ensure such individuals' obligations under the Plan are performed in a manner that is acceptable under the Plan and applicable law; and
 - 9. to furnish a statement to each Participant or Beneficiary no later than 270 days after the close of each Plan Year, indicating the Individual Account balances of such Participant as of the last Valuation Date in such Plan Year.
- **D.** The Plan Administrator will have all of the powers necessary or appropriate to accomplish their duties under the Plan, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. to appoint and retain such persons as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Plan Administrator;
 - 2. to appoint and retain counsel, specialists, or other persons as the Plan Administrator deems necessary or advisable in the administration of the Plan;
 - 3. to resolve all questions of administration of the Plan;

- 4. to establish such uniform and nondiscriminatory rules that it deems necessary to carry out the terms of the Plan;
- 5. to make any adjustments in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner that it deems necessary to correct any arithmetical or accounting errors that may have been made for any Plan Year;
- 6. to correct any defect, supply any omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in such manner and to such extent as will be deemed necessary or advisable to carry out the purpose of the Plan; and
- 7. if the Plan permits a form of distribution other than a lump sum, and a Participant elects such form of distribution, the Plan Administrator may place that Participant's Individual Account into a segregated Investment Fund for the purpose of maintaining the necessary liquidity to provide benefit installments on a periodic basis.

7.04 EXPENSES AND COMPENSATION

All reasonable expenses of administration, including, but not limited to, those involved in retaining necessary professional assistance, may be paid from the assets of the Fund. Alternatively, the Employer may, in its discretion, pay any or all such expenses. Pursuant to uniform and nondiscriminatory rules that the Plan Administrator may establish from time to time, administrative expenses and expenses unique to a particular Participant or group of Participants may be charged to the Individual Account of such Participant or may be assessed against terminated Participants even if not assessed against active Participants (subject to rules promulgated by the IRS and the DOL), or the Plan Administrator may allow Participants to pay such fees outside of the Plan. The Employer shall furnish the Plan Administrator with such clerical and other assistance as the Plan Administrator may need in the performance of their duties.

7.05 INFORMATION FROM EMPLOYER

To enable the Plan Administrator to perform their duties, the Employer shall supply complete, accurate, and timely information to the Plan Administrator (or their designated agents) on all matters relating to the Compensation of all Participants; their regular employment; retirement, death, Disability, Severance from Employment, or Termination of Employment; and such other pertinent facts as the Plan Administrator (or their agents) may require. The Plan Administrator shall advise the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) of such of the preceding facts as may be pertinent to the Trustee's (or Custodian's) duties under the Plan. The Plan Administrator (or their agents) is entitled to rely on such information as is supplied by the Employer and will have no duty or responsibility to verify such information. Such information, including authorizations and directions, may be exchanged among the Employer, the Plan Administrator, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), or their agents through electronic, telephonic, or other means (including, for example, through the internet) pursuant to applicable servicing arrangements in effect for the Plan.

7.06 PLAN AMENDMENTS

A. Right of Prototype Document Sponsor to Amend the Plan or Terminate Sponsorship

1. The Employer, by adopting the Plan, expressly delegates to the Prototype Document Sponsor the power, but not the duty, to amend the Plan without any further action or consent of the Employer as the Prototype Document Sponsor deems either necessary for the purpose of adjusting the Plan to comply with all laws and regulations governing pension or profit sharing plans or desirable to the extent consistent with such laws and regulations. Specifically, it is understood that the amendments may be made unilaterally by the Prototype Document Sponsor. However, it will be understood that the Prototype Document Sponsor will be under no obligation to amend the Plan documents, and the Employer expressly waives any rights or claims against the Prototype Document Sponsor for not exercising this power to amend. For purposes of Prototype Document Sponsor amendments, the mass submitter will generally be recognized as the agent of the Prototype Document Sponsor. If the Prototype Document Sponsor does not adopt IRS model amendments adopted by the mass submitter, the Plan will no longer be identical to or a minor modifier of the mass submitter plan and will be considered an individually designed plan. Notwithstanding the preceding, the adoption of good faith IRS amendments must be accomplished pursuant to the rules for each such amendment as prescribed by the IRS.

However, for purposes of reliance on an opinion letter, the Prototype Document Sponsor will no longer have the authority to amend the Plan on behalf of the Employer as of the date the Employer amends the Plan to incorporate a type of plan that is not permitted under the prototype program, or as of the date the IRS notifies the Employer that the Plan is an individually designed plan due to the nature and extent of the Employer's amendments to the Plan.

- 2. An amendment by the Prototype Document Sponsor will be accomplished by giving notice (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) to the Adopting Employer of the amendment to be made. The notice will set forth the text of such amendment and the date such amendment is to be effective. Such amendment will take effect unless within the 30-day period after such notice is provided, or within such shorter period as the notice may specify, the Adopting Employer gives the Prototype Document Sponsor written notice of refusal to consent to the amendment. Such written notice of refusal will have the effect of withdrawing the Plan as a prototype plan and will cause the Plan to be considered an individually designed plan.
- 3. In addition to the amendment rights described above, the Prototype Document Sponsor will have the right to terminate its sponsorship of this Plan by providing notice (either in writing or in any other form permitted under rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL) to the Adopting Employer of such termination. Such termination of sponsorship will have the effect of withdrawing the Plan as a prototype plan and will cause the Plan to be considered an individually designed plan. The Prototype Document Sponsor will have the right to terminate its sponsorship of this Plan regardless of whether the Prototype Document Sponsor has terminated sponsorship with respect to other employers adopting its prototype Plan.

B. Right of Adopting Employer to Amend the Plan – The Adopting Employer may amend the Plan to

- 1. change options previously selected in the Adoption Agreement;
- 2. add overriding language in the Adoption Agreement when such language is necessary to satisfy Code section 415 or Code section 416 because of the required aggregation of multiple plans;
- amend administrative provisions of the trust or custodial document in the case of a nonstandardized plan and make more limited amendments in the case of a standardized plan, such as the name of the Plan, Employer, Trustee or Custodian, Plan Administrator and other Fiduciaries, the trust year, and the name of pooled trust in which the Plan's trust will participate;
- 4. add certain sample and model amendments published by the IRS or other required good faith amendments, that specifically provide that their adoption will not cause the Plan to be treated as individually designed; and
- 5. add or change provisions permitted under the Plan or specify or change the Effective Date of a provision as permitted under the Plan

An Adopting Employer that amends the Plan for any other reason, including a waiver of the minimum funding requirement under Code section 412(d), will no longer participate in this prototype plan and will be considered to have an individually designed plan.

An Adopting Employer who wishes to amend the Plan shall document the amendment in writing, executed by a duly authorized officer of the Adopting Employer. If the amendment is in the form of a restated Adoption Agreement, the amendment will become effective on the date provided in the Adoption Agreement. Any other amendment will become effective as described therein upon execution by the Adopting Employer and, if appropriate, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable). A copy of a restated Adoption Agreement or other amendment must be provided to the Prototype Document Sponsor and the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) before the effective date of the amendment.

The Adopting Employer further reserves the right to replace the Plan in its entirety by adopting another retirement plan which the Adopting Employer designates as a replacement plan.

C. Limitation on Power to Amend – No amendment to the Plan will be effective to the extent that it has the effect of decreasing a Participant's accrued benefit. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a Participant's Individual Account may be reduced to the extent permitted under Code section 412(d)(2) or to the extent permitted under Treasury Regulations sections 1.411(d)-3 and 1.411(d)-4. For purposes of this paragraph, a Plan amendment that has the effect of decreasing a Participant's Individual Account with respect to benefits attributable to service before the amendment will be treated as reducing an accrued benefit. For purposes of this paragraph, a Participant will not accrue a right to an allocation of an Employer Profit Sharing Contribution or Employer Money Purchase Pension Contribution for the current Plan Year until the last day of such Plan Year and after the application of all amendments required or permitted by the IRS.

No amendment to the Plan will be effective to eliminate or restrict an optional form of benefit. The preceding sentence will not apply to a Plan amendment that eliminates or restricts the ability of a Participant to receive payment of their Individual Account under a particular optional form of benefit if the amendment provides a single-sum distribution form. Where this Plan document is being adopted to amend another plan that contains a protected benefit not provided for in this document, the Employer must complete a "Protected Benefit and Prior Plan Document Provisions Attachment," describing such protected benefit which, will become part of the Plan.

7.07 PLAN MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION

In the case of any merger or consolidation of the Plan with, or transfer of assets or liabilities of such Plan to, any other plan, each Participant will be entitled to receive benefits immediately after the merger, consolidation, or transfer (if the Plan had then terminated) that are equal to or greater than the benefits they would have been entitled to receive immediately before the merger, consolidation, or transfer (if the Plan had then terminated). The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) has the authority to enter into merger agreements or agreements to directly transfer the assets of this Plan, but only if such agreements are made with trustees or custodians of other retirement plans described in Code section 401(a) or such other plans permitted by laws or regulations. If it is later determined that all or part of a non-elective transfer was ineligible to be transferred into the Plan, the Plan Administrator shall direct that any ineligible amounts, plus earnings or losses attributable thereto (determined in the manner described in Plan Section7.02(B)), be returned to the transferor plan or correct the ineligible transfer using any other method permitted by the IRS under regulation or other guidance.

7.08 PERMANENCY

The Employer expects to continue this Plan and make the necessary contributions thereto indefinitely, but such continuance and payment is not assumed as a contractual obligation. Neither the Adoption Agreement nor the Plan nor any amendment or modification thereof nor the making of contributions hereunder will be construed as giving any Participant or any other person any legal or equitable right against the Employer, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), the Plan Administrator, or the Prototype Document Sponsor except as specifically provided herein, or as provided by law.

7.09 METHOD AND PROCEDURE FOR TERMINATION

The Plan may be terminated by the Adopting Employer at any time by appropriate action of its managing body. Such termination will be effective on the date specified by the Adopting Employer. The Plan shall terminate, if required by either the IRS or the DOL, if the Adopting Employer is dissolved or terminated. Written notice of the termination and effective date thereof will be given to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), Plan Administrator, Prototype Document Sponsor, and the Participants and Beneficiaries of deceased Participants. The required filings (such as the Form 5500 series and others) must be made by the Adopting Employer with the IRS and any other regulatory body as required by current laws and regulations. Until all of the assets have been distributed from the Fund, the Adopting Employer must keep the Plan in compliance with current laws and regulations by making appropriate amendments to the Plan and by taking such other

measures as may be required. If the Plan is abandoned by the Adopting Employer, however, a qualified termination administrator (QTA) (or other entity permitted by the IRS or DOL) may terminate the Plan according to rules promulgated by the IRS and DOL.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, a reversion to the Employer of amounts contributed to the Plan that exceed the limitations imposed under Code section 415(c) may occur upon termination of the Plan according to rules promulgated by the IRS.

7.10 CONTINUANCE OF PLAN BY SUCCESSOR EMPLOYER

Notwithstanding the preceding Plan Section 7.09, a successor of the Adopting Employer may continue the Plan and be substituted in the place of the present Adopting Employer. The successor and the present Adopting Employer (or, if deceased, the executor of the estate of a deceased Self-Employed Individual who was the Adopting Employer) must execute a written instrument authorizing such substitution, and the successor shall amend the Plan in accordance with Plan Section 7.06.

7.11 FAILURE OF PLAN QUALIFICATION

If the Plan fails to retain its qualified status, the Plan will no longer be considered to be part of a prototype plan, and such Employer can no longer participate under this prototype. In such event, the Plan will be considered an individually designed plan.

7.12 GOVERNING LAWS AND PROVISIONS

To the extent such laws are not preempted by federal law, the terms and conditions of this Plan will be governed by the laws of the state in which the Prototype Document Sponsor is located, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Prototype Document Sponsor and the Employer.

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Basic Plan Document and provisions of the Adoption Agreement, the summary plan description, or any related documents, the Basic Plan Document will control.

7.13 STATE COMMUNITY PROPERTY LAWS

The terms and conditions of this Plan will be applicable without regard to the community property laws of any state.

7.14 HEADINGS

The headings of the Plan have been inserted for convenience of reference only and are to be ignored in any construction of the provisions hereof.

7.15 GENDER AND NUMBER

Whenever any words are used herein in the masculine gender, they will be construed as though they were also used in the feminine gender in all cases where they would so apply, and whenever any words are used herein in the singular form, they will be construed as though they were also used in the plural form in all cases where they would so apply.

7.16 STANDARD OF FIDUCIARY CONDUCT

The Employer, Plan Administrator, Trustee, and any other Fiduciary under this Plan shall discharge their duties with respect to this Plan solely in the interests of Participants and their Beneficiaries, and with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims. No Fiduciary will cause the Plan to engage in any transaction known as a "non-exempt prohibited transaction" under either the Code or ERISA.

7.17 GENERAL UNDERTAKING OF ALL PARTIES

All parties to this Plan and all persons claiming any interest whatsoever hereunder agree to perform any and all acts and execute any and all documents and papers that may be necessary or desirable for the carrying out of this Plan and any of its provisions.

7.18 AGREEMENT BINDS HEIRS, ETC.

This Plan shall be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns as those terms will apply to any and all parties hereto, present and future.

7.19 DETERMINATION OF TOP-HEAVY STATUS

- A. In General Except as provided in Plan Section 7.19(B), this Plan is a Top-Heavy Plan if any of the following conditions exist:
 - 1. if the top-heavy ratio for this Plan exceeds 60 percent and this Plan is not part of any Required Aggregation Group or Permissive Aggregation Group of plans;
 - 2. if this Plan is part of a Required Aggregation Group of plans but not part of a Permissive Aggregation Group and the top-heavy ratio for the group of plans exceeds 60 percent; or
 - 3. if this Plan is a part of a Required Aggregation Group and part of a Permissive Aggregation Group of plans and the top-heavy ratio for the Permissive Aggregation Group exceeds 60 percent.

B. Top-Heavy Ratio

1. If the Employer maintains one or more defined contribution plans (including any simplified employee pension plan) and the Employer has not maintained any defined benefit plan that during the five-year period ending on the Determination Date(s) has or has had accrued benefits, the top-heavy ratio for this Plan alone or for the Required or Permissive Aggregation Group as appropriate is a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the account balances of all Key Employees as of the Determination Date(s) (including any part of any account balance distributed in the one-year period ending on the Determination Date(s) (five-year period ending on the Determination Date in the case of a distribution made for a reason other than Severance from Employment, death, or Disability and in determining whether the Plan is top-heavy for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2002)) and the denominator of which is the sum of all account balances (including any part of

any account balance distributed in the one-year period ending on the Determination Date(s), (five-year period ending on the Determination Date in the case of a distribution made for a reason other than Severance from Employment, death, or Disability and in determining whether the Plan is top-heavy for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2002)) both computed in accordance with Code section 416 and the corresponding regulations. Both the numerator and the denominator of the top-heavy ratio are increased to reflect any contribution not actually made as of the Determination Date, but that is required to be taken into account on that date under Code section 416 and the corresponding regulations.

- 2. If the Employer maintains one or more defined contribution plans (including any simplified employee pension plan) and the Employer maintains or has maintained one or more defined benefit plans that during the five-year period ending on the Determination Date(s) has or has had any accrued benefits, the top-heavy ratio for any Required or Permissive Aggregation Group, as appropriate, is a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of account balances under the aggregated defined contribution plan or plans for all Key Employees, determined in accordance with 1) above, and the Present Value of accrued benefits under the aggregated defined benefit plan or plans for all Key Employees as of the Determination Date(s), and the denominator of which is the sum of the account balances under the aggregated defined contribution plan or plans for all Participants, determined in accordance with 1) above, and the Present Value of accrued benefits under the defined benefit plan or plans for all Participants as of the Determination Date(s), all determined in accordance with Code section 416 and the corresponding regulations. The accrued benefits under a defined benefit plan in both the numerator and denominator of the top-heavy ratio are increased for any distribution of an accrued benefit made in the one-year period ending on the Determination Date (five-year period ending on the Determination Date in the case of a distribution made for a reason other than Severance from Employment, death, or Disability and in determining whether the Plan is top-heavy for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2002).
- 3. For purposes of (1) and (2) above, the value of account balances and the Present Value of accrued benefits will be determined as of the most recent Valuation Date that falls within or ends with the 12-month period ending on the Determination Date, except as provided in Code section 416 and the corresponding regulations for the first and second plan years of a defined benefit plan. The account balances and accrued benefits of a Participant 1) who is not a Key Employee but who was a Key Employee in a prior year, or 2) who has not been credited with at least one Hour of Service with any employer maintaining the plan at any time during the one-year period (five-year period ending on the Determination Date in the case of a distribution made for a reason other than Severance from Employment, death, or Disability and in determining whether the Plan is top-heavy for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2002) ending on the Determination Date will be disregarded. The calculation of the top-heavy ratio, and the extent to which distributions, rollovers, and transfers are taken into account will be made in accordance with Code section 416 and the corresponding regulations. Deductible employee contributions will not be taken into account for purposes of computing the top-heavy ratio. When aggregating plans, the value of account balances and accrued benefits will be calculated with reference to the Determination Dates that fall within the same calendar year.

The accrued benefit of a Participant other than a Key Employee will be determined under 1) the method, if any, that uniformly applies for accrual purposes under all defined benefit plans maintained by the Employer, or 2) if there is no such method, as if such benefit accrued not more rapidly than the slowest accrual rate permitted under the fractional rule of Code section 411(b)(1)(C).

7.20 INALIENABILITY OF BENEFITS

No benefit or interest available under the Plan will be subject to assignment or alienation, either voluntarily or involuntarily. The preceding sentence will not apply to judgments and settlements described in Code section 401(a)(13)(C) and ERISA section 206(d)(4). Such sentence will, however, apply to the creation, assignment, or recognition of a right to any benefit payable with respect to a Participant pursuant to a Domestic Relations Order, unless such order is determined to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order as defined in the Definitions Section of the Plan.

Generally, a Domestic Relations Order cannot be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order until January 1, 1985. However, in the case of a Domestic Relations Order entered before January 1, 1985, the Plan Administrator:

- shall treat such order as a Qualified Domestic Relations Order if the Plan Administrator is paying benefits pursuant to such order on January 1, 1985; and
- 2. may treat any other such order entered before January 1, 1985, as a Qualified Domestic Relations Order even if such order does not meet the requirements of Code section 414(p).

Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, a distribution to an Alternate Payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order will be permitted even if the Participant affected by such order is not otherwise entitled to a distribution, and even if such Participant has not attained the earliest retirement age as defined in Code section 414(p).

7.21 BONDING

Every Fiduciary and every person who handles funds or other property of the Plan shall be bonded to the extent required by ERISA section 412 and the corresponding regulations for purposes of protecting the Plan against loss by reason of acts of fraud or dishonesty on the part of the person, group, or class, alone or in connivance with others, to be covered by such bond. The amount of the bond will be fixed at the beginning of each Plan Year and will not be less than ten-percent of the amount of funds handled. The amount of funds handled will be determined by the funds handled the previous Plan Year or, if none, the amount of funds estimated, in accordance with rules provided by the Secretary of Labor, to be handled during the current Plan Year. Notwithstanding the preceding, no bond will be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$500,000, except that the Secretary of Labor will have the right to prescribe an amount in excess of \$500,000. In the case of a Plan that holds employer securities (within the meaning of ERISA section 407(d)(1)), the maximum bond amount is \$1,000,000 or such other amount as the Secretary of Labor prescribes.

7.22 INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

- A. Plan Investments Except as provided in Plan Section 7.22(B) (relating to individual direction of investments by Participants), the Adopting Employer, not the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), will have exclusive management and control over the investment of the Fund into any permitted investment. The Adopting Employer will be responsible for establishing a funding policy statement on behalf of the Plan and shall provide a copy of such funding policy statement to the Discretionary Trustee, if any. Notwithstanding the preceding, if the Trustee is designated as a Discretionary Trustee in the Adoption Agreement, such Discretionary Trustee may enter into an agreement with the Adopting Employer whereby the Discretionary Trustee will manage the investment of all or a portion of the Fund. Any such agreement will be in writing and will set forth such matters as the Discretionary Trustee deems necessary or desirable.
- **B.** Direction of Investments by Participants Each Participant will have the responsibility for directing the Trustee (or Custodian, if provided for under a separate agreement between the Adopting Employer and the Custodian), regarding the investment of all or part of their Individual Account. If all of the requirements pertaining to Participant direction of investment in ERISA section 404(c)(1) are satisfied, then to the extent so directed, the Adopting Employer, Plan Administrator, Trustee, Custodian (if applicable), and all other Fiduciaries are relieved of Fiduciary liability under ERISA section 404.

The Plan Administrator shall direct that a Separate Fund be established in the name of each Participant who directs the investment of part or all of their Individual Account. Each Separate Fund will be charged or credited (as appropriate) with the earnings, gains, losses, or expenses attributable to such Separate Fund. No Fiduciary will be liable for any loss that results from a Participant's individual direction. The assets subject to individual direction will not be invested in collectibles as that term is defined in Code section 408(m).

The Plan Administrator shall establish such uniform and nondiscriminatory rules relating to individual direction as it deems necessary or advisable including, but not limited to, rules describing 1) which portions of Participants' Individual Accounts can be individually directed, 2) the frequency of investment changes, 3) the forms and procedures for making investment changes, and 4) the effect of a Participant's failure to make a valid direction.

The Plan Administrator may, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, limit the available investments for Participants' individual direction to certain specified investment options (including, but not limited to, certain mutual funds, investment contracts, deposit accounts, and group trusts). The Plan Administrator may permit, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, a Beneficiary of a deceased Participant or the Alternate Payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order to individually direct investments in accordance with this Plan Section 7.22(B).

Notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, if the Adoption Agreement names a Directed Trustee, such Participants will furnish investment instruction to the Plan Administrator under procedures adopted by the Adopting Employer and/or the Plan Administrator consistent with the Plan, and it will be the responsibility of the Plan Administrator to provide direction to the Directed Trustee regarding the investment of such amounts. If a Participant who has the right to direct investments under the terms of the Plan fails to provide such direction to the Plan Administrator, the Plan Administrator shall direct the investment of such Participant's Individual Accounts. The Plan Administrator shall maintain records showing the interest of each Participant and/or Beneficiary in the Fund unless the Directed Trustee enters into a written agreement with the Adopting Employer to keep separate accounts for each such Participant or Beneficiary.

C. Investment Managers

- Definition of Investment Manager The Adopting Employer may appoint one or more investment managers to make
 investment decisions with respect to all or a portion of the Fund. The investment manager will be any firm or individual
 registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, a bank as defined in said Act, or an insurance
 company qualified under the laws of more than one state to perform services consisting of the management, acquisition, or
 disposition of any assets of the Plan.
- 2. <u>Investment Manager's Authority</u> A separate Investment Fund will be established representing the assets of the Fund invested at the direction of the investment manager. The investment manager so appointed shall direct the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) with respect to the investment of such Investment Fund. The investments that may be acquired at the direction of the investment manager are those described in Plan Section 7.22(D).
- 3. Written Agreement The appointment of any investment manager will be by written agreement between the Adopting Employer and the investment manager, and a copy of such agreement (and any modification or termination thereof) must be given to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable). The agreement will set forth, among other matters, the effective date of the investment manager's appointment and an acknowledgment by the investment manager that it is a Fiduciary of the Plan under ERISA.
- 4. Concerning the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) Written notice of each appointment of an investment manager will be given to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) at least 30 days in advance of the effective date of such appointment. Such notice will specify which portion of the Fund will constitute the Investment Fund subject to the investment manager's direction. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will comply with the investment direction given to it by the investment manager and will not be liable for any loss which may result by reason of any action (or inaction) it takes at the direction of the investment manager.

D. Permissible Investments – The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) may invest the assets of the Plan in property of any character, real or personal, including, but not limited to, the following: stocks, including Qualifying Employer Securities, and including shares of open-end investment companies (mutual funds); bonds; notes; debentures; proprietary mutual funds; deposit accounts; options; limited partnership interests; mortgages; real estate or any interests therein (including Qualifying Employer Real Property); unit investment trusts; Treasury Bills, and other U.S. Government obligations; common trust funds, combined investment trusts, collective trust funds or commingled funds maintained by a bank or similar financial organization (whether or not the Trustee hereunder); savings accounts, certificates of deposit, demand or time deposits or money market accounts of a bank or similar financial organization (whether or not the Trustee hereunder); annuity contracts that are "guaranteed benefit policies," as defined in ERISA section 401(b)(2)(B); life insurance policies; or in such other investments as is deemed proper without regard to investments authorized by statute or rule of law governing the investment of trust funds but with regard to ERISA and this Plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Prototype Document Sponsor may, as a condition of making the Plan available to the Adopting Employer, limit the types of property in which the assets of the Plan may be invested. The list of permissible investment options will be further limited in accordance with any applicable law, regulations, or other restrictions applicable to the Trustee or Custodian, including, but not limited to, internal operational procedures adopted by such Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable). The actions of a Discretionary Trustee named in the Adoption Agreement will also be subject to the funding policy statement provided by the Adopting Employer. If any Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) invests all or any portion of the Fund pursuant to written instructions provided by the Adopting Employer (including an investment manager appointed by the Adopting Employer pursuant to Plan Section 7.22(C)) or any Participant pursuant to Plan Section 7.22(B), the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be deemed to have invested pursuant to the Adopting Employer's funding policy statement.

To the extent the assets of the Plan are invested in a group trust, including a collective trust fund or commingled funds maintained by a bank or similar financial organization, the declaration of trust of such composite trust will be deemed to be a part of the Plan, and any investment in such composite trust will be subject to all of the provisions of such declaration of trust, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

If the responsibility for directing investments for Elective Deferrals (and earnings) is executed by someone other than the Participants, the acquisition of Qualifying Employer Securities and Qualifying Employer Real Property will be limited to tenpercent of the fair market value of the assets of the Plan, to the extent required by ERISA section 407(b)(2).

E. Matters Relating to Insurance

- 1. Unless prohibited by the Plan Sponsor pursuant to Plan Section 7.22(D), a life insurance contract may be purchased on behalf of a Participant. No life insurance contract may be purchased unless the insured under the contract is the Participant, the Participant's Spouse or another individual in whom the Participant has an insurable interest. If a life insurance contract is to be purchased for a Participant, the aggregate premium for certain life insurance for each Participant must be less than a certain percentage of the aggregate Employer Contributions allocated to a Participant's Individual Account at any particular time as follows.
 - a. Ordinary Life Insurance For purposes of these incidental insurance provisions, ordinary life insurance contracts are contracts with both nondecreasing death benefits and nonincreasing premiums. If such contracts are purchased, less than 50 percent of the aggregate Employer Contributions allocated to any Participant's Individual Account will be used to pay the premiums attributable to them.
 - b. Term and Universal Life Insurance No more than 25 percent of the aggregate Employer Contributions allocated to any Participant's Individual Account will be used to pay the premiums on term life insurance contracts, universal life insurance contracts, and all other life insurance contracts that are not ordinary life.
 - c. Combination The sum of 50 percent of the ordinary life insurance premiums and all other life insurance premiums will not exceed 25 percent of the aggregate Employer Contributions allocated to any Participant's Individual Account.

The above incidental benefits limits do not apply to life insurance contracts (1) purchased by an Employee who has been a Participant in the Plan for five or more years, (2) purchased with Employer Contributions that have been in the Participant's Individual Account for at least two full Plan Years, measured from the date such contributions were allocated or (3) purchased using rollover contributions. For purposes of this Plan Section 7.22(E)(1), transfer contributions will be considered Employer Contributions, and therefore may be used to pay contract premiums. No part of the Deductible Employee Contribution account will be used to purchase life insurance.

- 2. Any dividends or credits earned on insurance contracts for a Participant will be allocated to such Participant's Individual Account derived from Employer Contributions for whose benefit the contract is held.
- 3. Subject to Plan Section 5.10, the contracts on a Participant's life will be converted to cash or an annuity or distributed to the Participant upon separation from service with the Employer. In addition, contracts on the joint lives of a Participant and another person may not be maintained under this Plan if such Participant ceases to have an insurable interest in such other person.
- 4. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) shall apply for and will be the owner of any insurance contract(s) purchased under the terms of this Plan. The insurance contract(s) must provide that proceeds will be payable to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable). However, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be required to pay over all proceeds of the contract(s) to the Participant's Designated Beneficiary in accordance with the distribution provisions of this Plan. A Participant's Spouse will be the designated beneficiary of the proceeds in all circumstances unless a Qualified Election has been made in accordance with Plan Section 5.10. Under no circumstances will the Fund retain any part of the proceeds. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Plan and the terms of any insurance contract purchased hereunder, the Plan provisions will control.

- 5. The Plan Administrator may direct the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) to sell and distribute insurance or annuity contracts to a Participant (or other party as may be permitted) in accordance with applicable law or regulations.
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision herein, and except as may be otherwise provided by ERISA, the Employer will indemnify and hold harmless the insurer, its officers, directors, employees, agents, heirs, executors, successors, and assigns, from and against any and all liabilities, damages, judgments, settlements, losses, costs, charges, or expenses (including legal expenses) at any time arising out of or incurred in connection with any action taken by such parties in the performance of their duties with respect to this Plan, unless there has been a final adjudication of gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of such duties.

Further, except as may be otherwise provided by ERISA, the Employer will indemnify the insurer from any liability, claim, or expense (including legal expense) that the insurer incurs by reason of, or which results in whole or in part from, the reliance of the insurer on the facts and other directions and elections the Employer communicates or fails to communicate.

- F. Diversification Requirements When Employer Securities are Held as Investments in the Plan For Plan Years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, Code section 401(a)(35) requires qualified retirement plans that hold employer securities to allow Participants, Alternate Payees with Individual Accounts under the Plan, or Beneficiaries of deceased Participants to diversify their investments. This Code section and other relevant guidance govern the diversification procedures, which include the following.
 - Employee Contributions and Elective Deferrals Invested in Employer Securities In the case of the portion of an Individual
 Account attributable to Nondeductible Employee Contributions and Elective Deferrals (if applicable) that are invested in
 employer securities, the Participant, Alternate Payee, or Beneficiary, as applicable, may elect to direct the Plan to divest any
 such securities and to reinvest an equivalent amount in other investments that meet the investment option requirements
 below.
 - 2. Employer Contributions Invested in Employer Securities In the case of the portion of an Individual Account attributable to Employer Contributions other than Elective Deferrals that are invested in employer securities, a Participant who has completed at least three Years of Vesting Service (Periods of Service, if applicable), an Alternative Payee with respect to a Participant who has completed at least three Years of Vesting Service (Periods of Service, if applicable), or a Beneficiary, as applicable, may elect to direct the Plan to divest any such securities and to reinvest an equivalent amount in other investments that meet the investment option requirements below. Notwithstanding the preceding, if the Plan provides for immediate vesting, the three years of service requirement will be satisfied on the day immediately preceding the third anniversary of the Participant's date of hire.
 - 3. Investment Options The diversification requirements above are met if the Plan offers not less than three investment options, other than employer securities, to which a Participant, Alternate Payee, or Beneficiary, as applicable may direct the proceeds from the divestment of employer securities, each of which is diversified and has materially different risk and return characteristics. The Plan may limit the time for divestment and reinvestment to periodic, reasonable opportunities that occur no less frequently than quarterly. Except as provided in regulations, the Plan must not impose employer securities investment restrictions or conditions that are not imposed on the investment of other Plan assets (other than restrictions or conditions imposed by securities laws or other relevant guidance) except that a Plan may allow for more frequent transfers to or from either a stable value fund or a qualified default investment alternative.
 - 4. Exception for Certain Plans The diversification requirement does not apply to a one-Participant retirement plan, an employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) if 1) there are no contributions or earnings in the ESOP that are held within such plan and that are subject to Code sections 401(k) or (m), and 2) such plan is a separate plan for purposes of Code section 414(l) with respect to any other defined benefit plan or defined contribution plan maintained by the same employer or employers, or to a retirement plan where employer securities are held in an investment fund as described in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(35)-1(f)(2)(B)(3)(ii).
 - 5. Transition Rule for Securities Attributable to Employer Contributions In the case of the portion of an Individual Account attributable to Employer Contributions other than Elective Deferrals that are invested in employer securities, including, a Participant who has completed at least three Years of Vesting Service (Periods of Service, if applicable), an Alternate Payee with respect to a Participant who has completed at least three Years of Vesting Service (Periods of Service, if applicable), or a Beneficiary, as applicable, the employer securities acquired in a Plan Year beginning before January 1, 2007, will be subject to the following divestiture and reinvestment transition schedule, which applies separately with respect to each class of securities.

For the Plan Year in which diversification requirement applies, the applicable percentage subject to diversification is:

•	First
•	Second
•	Third100%

This three-year phase-in requirement does not apply to a Participant who has attained age 55 and who has completed at least three Years of Vesting Service (Periods of Service, if applicable) before the first Plan Year beginning after December 31, 2005.

Notwithstanding the preceding, if the Plan provides for immediate vesting, the three-years-of-service requirement will be satisfied on the day immediately preceding the third anniversary of the Participant's date of hire.

7.23 PROCEDURES AND OTHER MATTERS REGARDING DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDERS

- A. To the extent provided in any Qualified Domestic Relations Order, the former Spouse of a Participant will be treated as a surviving Spouse of such Participant for purposes of any benefit payable in the form of either a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity or Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity.
- **B.** The Plan will not be treated as failing to meet the requirements of the Code, which generally prohibits payment of benefits before the Participant's Termination of Employment or Severance from Employment, as applicable, with the Employer, solely by reason of payments to an Alternate Payee pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.
- C. In the case of any Domestic Relations Order received by the Plan:
 - 1. the Plan Administrator shall promptly notify the Participant and any other Alternate Payee of the receipt of such order and the Plan's procedure for determining the qualified status of Domestic Relations Orders; and
 - 2. within a reasonable period after receipt of such order, the Plan Administrator shall determine whether such order is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order and notify the Participant and each Alternate Payee of such determination.

The Plan Administrator shall establish reasonable procedures to determine the qualified status of Domestic Relations Orders and to administer distributions under such qualified orders.

D. During any period in which the issue of whether a Domestic Relations Order is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order is being determined by the Plan Administrator, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or otherwise, the Plan Administrator shall segregate in a separate account in the Plan or in an escrow account the amounts which would have been payable to the Alternate Payee during such period if the order had been determined to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order. If within 18 months the order or modification thereof is determined to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, the Plan Administrator shall pay the segregated amounts (plus any interest thereon) to the person or persons entitled thereto. If within 18 months either 1) it is determined that the order is not a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, or 2) the issue as to whether such order is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order is not resolved, then the Plan Administrator shall pay the segregated amounts (plus any interest thereon) to the person or persons who would have been entitled to such amounts if there had been no order. Any determination that an order is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order that is made after the close of the 18-month period will be applied prospectively only.

7.24 INDEMNIFICATION OF PROTOTYPE DOCUMENT SPONSOR

Notwithstanding any other provision herein, and except as may be otherwise provided by ERISA, the Employer shall indemnify and hold harmless the Prototype Document Sponsor, its officers, directors, employees, agents, heirs, executors, successors, and assigns, from and against any and all liabilities, damages, judgments, settlements, losses, costs, charges, or expenses (including legal expenses) at any time arising out of or incurred in connection with any action taken by such parties in the performance of their duties with respect to this Plan, unless there has been a final adjudication of gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of such duties. Further, except as may be otherwise provided by ERISA, the Employer will indemnify the Prototype Document Sponsor from any liability, claim, or expense (including legal expense) that the Prototype Document Sponsor incurs by reason of, or which results in whole or in part from, the reliance of the Prototype Document Sponsor on the facts and other directions and elections the Employer, Plan Administrator, or Investment Fiduciary communicates or fails to communicate.

7.25 MILITARY SERVICE

Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, contributions, benefits, and service credit with respect to qualified military service will be provided in accordance with Code section 414(u), including, but not limited to the following.

A. Benefit Accrual in the Case of Death or Disability Resulting from Active Military Service.

- 1. Benefit Accrual For benefit accrual purposes, an individual who dies or becomes disabled while performing qualified military service (as defined in Code section 414(u)) will be treated as if the individual resumed employment in accordance with the individual's reemployment rights under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA), on the day preceding death or Disability (as applicable) and terminated employment on the actual date of death or Disability. Subject to items (2) and (3) below, any full or partial compliance by the Plan with respect to the benefit accrual requirements will be treated for purposes of Code section 414(u)(1) as if such compliance were required under USERRA.
- 2. Nondiscrimination Requirement Part A, item (1) above will only apply if all individuals performing qualified military service with respect to the Employer (as determined under Code sections 414(b), (c), (m), and (o)) who die or became disabled as a result of performing qualified military service (as defined in Code section 414(u)) before reemployment by the Employer are credited with service and benefits on reasonably equivalent terms.
- 3. <u>Determination of Benefits</u> The amount of Nondeductible Employee Contributions and the amount of Elective Deferrals of an Employee treated as reemployed under Part A, item (1) for purposes of applying Code section 414(u)(8)(C) will be determined on the basis of the individual's average actual Nondeductible Employee Contributions or Elective Deferrals for the lesser of
 - a. the 12-month period of service with the Employer immediately before qualified military service (as defined in Code section 414(u)), or
 - b. if service with the Employer is less than such 12-month period, the actual length of continuous service with the Employer.

B. Vesting in the Case of Disability Resulting from Active Military Service

- 1. Years of Vesting Service (Periods of Service, if applicable) If elected in the Adoption Agreement, for vesting purposes, an individual who becomes disabled while performing qualified military service (as defined in Code section 414(u)) will be treated as if the individual resumed employment in accordance with the individual's reemployment rights under USERRA, on the day preceding Disability (as applicable) and terminated employment on the actual date of Disability. If the Employer elects to treat an individual as having resumed employment as described above, subject to item (2) below, compliance by the Plan with respect to the vesting requirements will be treated for purposes of Code section 414(u)(1) as if such compliance were required under USERRA.
- 2. <u>Nondiscrimination Requirements</u> Part B, item (1) above will apply to the extent permitted under other applicable rules, including the rules provided in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(4)-11(d)(3), which provides nondiscrimination rules for crediting imputed service. Under Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)(4)-11(d)(3), the provisions crediting vesting service to any Highly Compensated Employee must apply on the same terms to all similarly situated non-Highly Compensated Employees.
- C. Death Benefits In the case of an individual Participant who dies on or after January 1, 2007, while performing qualified military service (as defined in Code section 414(u)), the Participant's survivors are entitled to any additional benefits (other than benefit accruals relating to the period of qualified military service) provided under the Plan had the Participant resumed employment with the Employer and then terminated employment on account of death.

SECTION EIGHT: TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN

8.01 FINANCIAL ORGANIZATION AS CUSTODIAN

This Plan Section 8.01 applies when the Adopting Employer, by execution of the Adoption Agreement, appoints the entity named therein as Custodian for the Plan, and the entity accepts such appointment, all subject to the terms of the Basic Plan Document. The Adopting Employer represents and warrants to the entity that it has all requisite right, power, and authority and has taken all required actions necessary under the Plan and applicable law to designate the financial organization as Custodian of the Plan pursuant to the terms of the Basic Plan Document. The Employer, Plan Administrator, any Trustee, any other Investment Fiduciary, and the Custodian so appointed will be bound by all the terms of this Basic Plan Document and Adoption Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision hereof regarding the responsibilities of or granting powers to the Custodian, the Custodian will serve as a nondiscretionary, directed Custodian of the Fund, will have no discretionary authority with respect to the management or administration of the Plan or the Fund, and will act only as directed by the entity or individual who has such authority.

- **A. Responsibilities of the Custodian** The Custodian's responsibilities may be further limited by the Plan Trustee(s) and, notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, may also be further limited by the terms of a separate agreement between the Custodian and the Adopting Employer. Subject to the previous sentence, the responsibilities of the Custodian will be limited to the following.
 - 1. To receive Plan contributions and to hold, invest and reinvest, and distribute the Fund as authorized by the Adopting Employer or its designee without distinction between principal and interest; provided, however, that nothing in this Plan will require the Custodian to maintain physical custody of stock certificates (or other indicia of ownership of any type of asset) representing assets within the Fund.
 - 2. To maintain accurate records of contributions, investments, earnings, receipts, disbursements, withdrawals, and other transactions with respect to the Fund, and all accounts, books, and records relating thereto will be open at all reasonable times to inspection and audit by any person designated by the Employer; provided, however, that the Custodian is given reasonable advance notice of such inspection by the Employer. On direction of the Adopting Employer or Plan Administrator, and if agreed to in writing by the Custodian, the Custodian may provide annual or interim accountings, valuations, or other reports concerning the assets of the custodial account subject to payment of all required additional fees for such reports. The Custodian's accounting will be at the Custodial Account level rather than the Participant level, and the Custodian will not be responsible for Participant-level record-keeping, reporting, or communication unless it agrees to do so in a separate written agreement with the Adopting Employer or Plan Administrator. The Custodian will also furnish the Adopting Employer with such other information as the Custodian possesses and which is necessary for the Adopting Employer to comply with the reporting requirements of ERISA, as applicable. An accounting will be deemed to have been approved by the Adopting Employer unless the Adopting Employer or Plan Administrator objects to the contents of an accounting within sixty (60) days of its mailing or electronic transmission by the Custodian. Any objections must set forth the specific grounds on which they are based. Upon approval, the Custodian will be forever released from any and all liability with respect to the Account.
 - 3. To make disbursements from the Fund to Participants or Beneficiaries upon the proper authorization of the Plan Administrator.
 - 4. To furnish to the Plan Administrator an annual statement that reflects the value of the investments in the custody of the Custodian as of the end of the period and as of any other times as the Custodian and Plan Administrator may agree to in writing, including an agreement regarding the application of additional fees for such additional report.
 - 5. To invest the Fund only in investment options selected by the Investment Fiduciary. Such selection will be made from among the types of property that the Prototype Document Sponsor makes available in Plan Section 7.22(D). Notwithstanding the first sentence of Section 7.22(D), the Prototype Document Sponsor and not the Custodian is responsible for choosing to make such investments available for investment and for determining the fair market value of each such investment, and the Custodian has determined only that it is functionally and operationally willing and able to provide its services hereunder with respect thereto. The Investment Fiduciary will be responsible for ensuring compliance with all conditions, limitations, and restrictions concerning investment in any investment option. The Custodian shall place monies or other property received by it in such

permitted investments as the Custodian will be directed from time to time by instructions of the Investment Fiduciary (or Participant, if applicable) provided to it. If Participant direction in Plan Section 7.22(B) has been selected, the investment instructions of the Participants will be aggregated and delivered to the Custodian by the Plan Administrator or its agent. In the absence of Participant direction, the investment instructions of the appropriate Investment Fiduciary will be delivered to the Custodian by the Plan Administrator or its agent. The Custodian may hold the assets attributable to the Fund in omnibus accounts with assets of other retirement plans for which the Custodian serves as custodian or trustee. Nothing herein will preclude the Investment Fiduciary from otherwise investing any Plan assets as permitted by the Plan, but the Custodian will not be Custodian or Trustee thereof or have any duties or responsibilities with respect thereto.

- 6. The Custodian is not obligated to place orders for the investment of the Fund if sufficient cash is not available in the Fund for use in placing such orders. The Custodian is authorized, but is not obligated, to advance funds or to arrange for another financial organization (which may be an affiliate of the Custodian) to advance funds from time to time for the purchase of investment assets, for distributions from the Fund and for other purposes before receipt of sufficient funds (whether contributions or proceeds of the liquidation of other investments). All such advances will be made subject to the requirements of ERISA and the rules, regulations, rulings, and interpretations thereunder, including but not limited to the U.S. Department of Labor's Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption 80-26, as amended from time to time. If sufficient funds to repay any such advance are not received by the following business day, the Custodian may, in its discretion, then or at any time thereafter before such repayment, sell, redeem, or otherwise liquidate any assets of the Fund in order to repay such advance. Any gain realized upon such liquidation, after payment of any related costs and expenses, will belong to the Plan. The Employer shall reimburse the Custodian on demand for any portion of any such advance and the related costs and expenses not repaid from the proceeds of the liquidation.
- 7. The Custodian shall keep such portion of the Fund in cash or cash balances as may be directed from time to time by the applicable Investment Fiduciary. The Custodian will not be liable for any interest on any cash balances so maintained nor for interest on any cash or cash balances maintained in the Fund pending investment in accordance with appropriate directions. Monies being transferred to and disbursed by the Custodian may be held in non-interest bearing transaction accounts in financial organizations selected by the Custodian (which may be affiliates of the Custodian) for purposes of collections and processing transfers and disbursements. The Custodian may transfer monies from the Fund to such accounts before issuance of wire transfer orders or checks, drafts, or other instruments payable from such accounts. The Custodian will not exercise its powers in Plan Section 8.01(B)(1) except pursuant to the instructions of the Investment Fiduciary transmitted to the Custodian.
- 8. Should the Investment Fiduciary instruct the Custodian to use the services of any broker, dealer, employee, or representative of either, or any other person ("Broker") to render services to the Fund, or should the Custodian require the services of such persons in order to fulfill its obligations pursuant to the Plan, the applicable Investment Fiduciary will be solely responsible for the selection or designation of such Broker and will be solely responsible for the acts of such Broker. The Custodian shall fully comply with the written instructions, if of a continuing nature, until revoked.
- 9. In connection with payments and disbursements made from the Fund for any purpose, the Custodian shall be responsible for issuing checks or drafts to such parties and for such amounts as the Plan Administrator will instruct. The Custodian will be fully protected in making such payments pursuant to such instructions from time to time and will be charged with no responsibility whatsoever respecting the purposes or propriety of such payments or the application of such monies.
- 10. The Custodian shall provide any materials received by it relating to voting securities to the applicable Investment Fiduciary, which will be responsible for voting securities or arranging for such securities to be voted in accordance with the Plan and applicable law. It is understood that the Custodian will exercise the powers described in Plan Section 8.01(B) only pursuant to instructions of the Investment Fiduciary transmitted to the Custodian.
- 11. The Custodian shall determine or have determined the value of the Fund as of each Valuation Date. The Custodian shall rely exclusively upon, and will not be responsible for, share and unit values established by third parties, or unit values established by the Custodian in its capacity as a mutual fund recordkeeper, transfer agent, or Custodian to the extent that the Custodian establishes such unit values in reliance on third-party information, including, but not limited to:
 - a. in connection with mutual funds, the net asset value reported to the Custodian by such mutual funds or the transfer or other agents of such mutual funds or any generally recognized pricing service;
 - b. in connection with bank collective funds, the unit value as reported by the trustee of such funds or its agent;
 - in connection with policies and contracts with insurance companies or other financial institutions, the book value or
 other value ascribed to such policies or contracts by the insurance company or its agent or other financial organization or
 its agent; and
 - d. in connection with publicly traded securities, the market price of such securities as reported to the public in a generally available form.

The Custodian will have no liability from the failure or delay of any pricing source to provide a valuation as of any Valuation Date. If values for any investment of the Fund are not generally available, the Custodian shall rely upon instructions provided to it by the applicable Investment Fiduciary as to valuation procedures. With respect to the portion of the Fund that is invested by an investment manager or other named fiduciary, the Custodian may conclusively rely upon the value of any securities or other property in that portion of the custodial account as reported to the Custodian by the investment manager or other named fiduciary, for all purposes hereunder.

- 12. All records maintained by the Custodian with respect to the Fund will be held for such period as may be required under applicable law. Upon the expiration of any such required retention period, the Custodian will have the right to destroy such records. The Custodian will have the right to preserve all records and accounts in original form, electronically, or on microfilm, magnetic tape, or any other similar process pursuant to applicable federal law and subsequent rules promulgated by the IRS or DOL.
- 13. Except as provided below, the Custodian will conclusively presume that the Employer, Trustee, Plan Administrator, or other responsible party has made all filings required by law as of the date required. Should the Custodian incur any liability by reason of any party's failure to timely file, the Employer shall indemnify and hold the Custodian, any parent, subsidiary, related corporation, or affiliate of the Custodian, including their respective directors, managers, officers, employees, and agents harmless for any and all liabilities, costs, expenses (including reasonable attorney's fees), and other obligations, including penalties and interest, incurred by the Custodian.
 - Notwithstanding the provisions of Plan Section 5.11, in connection with the disbursement of assets from the Fund to a Participant, the Custodian shall withhold and remit to the IRS and other applicable taxing authorities the amount of any income tax withholding required by law pursuant to instructions provided by the Plan Administrator.
- 14. Except for the disbursement of loan proceeds and reinvestment of loan payments pursuant to instructions received hereunder, under no circumstances will the Custodian have or be allocated any responsibility for the administration of any Participant loan program in Plan Section 5.14.
- **B.** Powers of the Custodian Except as otherwise provided in this Plan, and subject to receipt of instructions from the Adopting Employer, Plan Administrator, or Investment Fiduciary, as appropriate, the Custodian will have the power, but, in the absence of proper direction as provided in Plan Section 8.01(A) above, not the duty to take any action with respect to the Fund which it deems necessary or advisable to discharge its responsibilities under this Plan including, but not limited to, the following powers.
 - 1. To invest all or a portion of the Fund (including idle cash balances) in time deposits, savings accounts, money market accounts, or similar investments bearing a reasonable rate of interest in the Custodian's own savings department or the savings department of another financial organization;
 - 2. To vote upon any stocks, bonds, or other securities; to give general or special proxies or powers of attorney with or without power of substitution; to exercise any conversion privileges or subscription rights and to make any payments incidental thereto; to oppose, or to consent to, or otherwise participate in, corporate reorganizations or other changes affecting corporate securities, and to pay any assessment or charges in connection therewith; and generally to exercise any of the powers of an owner with respect to stocks, bonds, securities, or other property;
 - 3. To hold securities or other property of the Fund in its own name, in the name of its nominee (as allowed under Department of Labor Regulation section 2550.403a-1(b)), or in bearer form; and
 - 4. To make, execute, acknowledge, and deliver any and all documents of transfer and conveyance and any and all other instruments that may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers herein granted.

8.02 TRUSTEE

This Plan Section 8.02 applies when either a financial organization has and/or one or more individuals have, indicated in the Adoption Agreement that it will serve as Trustee with respect to all or a portion of the assets of the Fund. The responsibilities and powers of the Trustee may not be expanded except with its prior written consent and, notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, may be further limited by the terms of a separate agreement between the Trustee and the Adopting Employer. Notwithstanding any provision hereof regarding the responsibilities of or granting powers to the Trustee, a Directed Trustee will have no discretionary authority with respect to the management or administration of the Plan or the Fund, and is subject to the proper and lawful directions of the Plan Administrator, who has authority with respect to receipt of the Plan's assets.

- **A.** Responsibilities of the Trustee The responsibilities of the Trustee will be limited to the following duties.
 - 1. To receive Plan contributions and to hold, invest, and reinvest the portion of the Fund for which it serves as Trustee, as authorized by the Employer or its designee, without distinction between principal and interest; provided, however, that nothing in this Plan will require the Trustee to maintain physical custody of stock certificates (or other indicia of ownership) representing assets within the Fund;
 - 2. To maintain accurate records of contributions, investments, earnings, receipts, disbursements, withdrawals, and other transactions under the trust;
 - 3. To make disbursements from the portion of the Fund for which it serves as Trustee to Participants or Beneficiaries upon the proper authorization of the Plan Administrator; and
 - 4. To furnish to the Plan Administrator a statement that reflects the value of the investments in the custody of the Trustee as of the end of each Plan Year and as of any other times as the Trustee and Plan Administrator may agree in writing.
- **B.** Powers of the Trustee Except as otherwise provided in this Plan, the Trustee will have the power, but, in the absence of proper direction, as provided in Plan Section 8.02(A) above, not the duty to take any action with respect to the portion of the Fund for which it serves as Trustee that it deems necessary or advisable to discharge its responsibilities under this Plan including, but not limited to, the following powers.

- 1. To purchase or subscribe for securities or other property and to retain them in trust; to sell any such property at any time held by it for cash or other consideration at such time or times and on such terms and conditions as may be deemed appropriate; to exchange such property and to grant options for the purchase or exchange thereof, and to convey, partition, or otherwise dispose of, with or without covenants, including covenants of warranty of title, any securities or other property free of all trusts; to charge the trust for the cost of all securities purchased or received against a payment and to credit the trust with the proceeds received from the securities sold or delivered against payment. For any trades not settled immediately upon placement, the Trustee will have the right to sell securities from the trust in a reasonably prudent fashion sufficient to recover any funds advanced;
- 2. To oppose, or consent to and participate in, any plan of reorganization, consolidation, merger, combination, or other similar plan; to oppose or to consent to any contract, lease, mortgage, purchase, sale, or other action by any corporation pursuant to such plan, and to accept and retain any securities or other property issued under any such plan; to deposit any such property with any protective, reorganization or other similar Plan Administrator; to delegate discretionary power thereto and to pay and agree to pay part of its expenses and compensation and any assessments levied with respect to any such securities or other property so deposited;
- 3. To assign, renew, extend, or discharge, or to participate in the assignment, renewal, extension, or discharge of any debt, mortgage, or other lien, upon such terms, including a partial release, as may be deemed advisable by the Trustee, and to agree to a reduction in the rate of interest thereon or to any other modification or change in the terms thereof or of any guarantee pertaining thereto, in any manner and to any extent that may be deemed in the best interest of the Fund; to waive any default, whether in the performance of any covenant or condition of any note, bond, or mortgage or in the performance of any guarantee, or to enforce any such default in such manner and to such extent as may be deemed advisable; to exercise and enforce any and all rights of foreclosure and to exercise and enforce, in any action, suit, or proceeding at law or in equity, any rights or remedies in respect of any debt, mortgage, lien, or guarantee;
- 4. To exercise all conversion and subscription rights pertaining to any securities or other property;
- 5. To collect and receive any and all moneys, securities, or other property of whatsoever kind or nature due or owing or belonging to the Fund and to give full discharge and acquittance therefore;
- 6. To exercise, personally or by general or limited power of attorney, any right, including the right to vote or grant proxies, discretionary or otherwise, appurtenant to any assets held by the trust, and the right to participate in voting trusts with other stockholders. The Plan Administrator will have responsibility for instructing the Trustee as to voting such shares and the tendering of such shares, by proxy or in person, except to the extent such responsibility is delegated to another person, under the terms of the Plan or under an agreement between the Adopting Employer and an investment manager, in which case such persons will have such responsibility. In no event will the Trustee be responsible for the voting or tendering of shares of securities held in the trust or for ascertaining or monitoring whether or how proxies are voted or whether the proper number of proxies is received;
- 7. To register any securities or other property held by it hereunder in the name of the Trustee or in the names of nominees (as allowed under Department of Labor Regulation section 2550.403a-1(b)), with or without the addition of words indicating that such securities or other property are held in a fiduciary capacity, to take and hold the same unregistered or in form permitting transferability by delivery, to deposit or arrange for the deposit of securities in a qualified central depository even though, when so deposited, such securities or other property may be held in the name of the nominee of such depository with other securities deposited therein by other persons, or to deposit or to arrange for the deposit of any securities or other property issued by the United States government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, with a Federal Reserve bank, provided that the books and records of the Trustee shall at all times disclose that all such securities or other property are part of the Fund;
- 8. To settle, compromise, or submit to arbitration (aside from controversies involving Plan qualification), any claims, debts, or damages due or owing to or from the Fund; to commence or defend suits or legal proceedings whenever, in its judgment, any interest of the Fund so requires, and to represent the Fund in all suits or legal proceedings in any court of law or equity or before any other body or tribunal and to charge against the Fund all reasonable expenses and attorney's fees in connection therewith;
- 9. To borrow money from others, excluding the Trustee in its corporate capacity or any party-in-interest, for the purposes of the Fund, and upon such terms and conditions as the Trustee may deem proper, and for the sum so borrowed or advanced, the Trustee may issue its promissory note as Trustee and secure the repayment thereof by creating a lien upon any assets of the Fund;
- 10. To invest all or part of the Fund in interest bearing deposits with a bank or similar financial institution related to the Trustee if such bank or other institution is a fiduciary with respect to the Plan, as defined in ERISA, including but not limited to investments in time deposits, savings deposits, certificates of deposit, or time accounts that bear a reasonable interest rate;
- 11. To invest and reinvest all or a part of the Fund in any available investments and to dispose of all or any part of the securities or other property that may from time to time or at any time constitute the Fund;
- 12. To invest and reinvest all or a portion of the Fund pursuant to an agreement between the Adopting Employer and the Trustee establishing a special designated "pooled investment fund" primarily for the purpose of valuing certain trust assets held by the Trustee in a fiduciary capacity;

- 13. To register Fund property in the Trustee's own name, in the name of a nominee (as allowed under Department of Labor Regulation section 2550.403a-1(b)), or in bearer form, provided the Trustee's records and accounts show that such property is an asset of the Fund;
- 14. To exercise or dispose of any right it may have as the holder of any security, to convert the same into another security, to acquire any additional security or securities, to make any payments, to exchange any security, or to do any other act with reference thereto:
- 15. To exchange any property for other property upon such terms and conditions as the Trustee may deem proper, and to give or receive money to effect equality in price;
- 16. To deposit any security with any protective or reorganization committee, to delegate to that committee such power and authority as the Trustee may deem proper, and to agree to pay out of the Fund that portion of the expenses and compensation of that committee as the Trustee may deem proper;
- 17. To invest in Qualifying Employer Securities;
- 18. To appoint agents as necessary or desirable, including legal counsel who may be counsel for the Employer;
- 19. To hold that portion of the Fund as the Trustee may deem necessary for ordinary administration, the transfer of assets to another trust or fiduciary, pending investment instructions, and for the disbursement of funds in cash, without liability for interest, by depositing the same in any bank (including deposits that bear no interest or a reasonable rate of interest in a bank or similar financial institution supervised by the United States or a State, even where a bank or financial institution is the Trustee, or otherwise is a Fiduciary of the Plan, subject to the rules and regulations governing such deposits, and without regard to the amount of any such deposit);
- 20. To retain insurance contracts that are guaranteed investment contracts;
- 21. To invest cash balances held by the Trustee, from time to time, in short-term cash equivalents having ready marketability, including but not limited to interest bearing accounts, money market mutual funds, U.S. Treasury bills, commercial paper (including such forms thereof, other than the Trustee's own paper, as may be available through the Trustee's own trust department), certificates of deposit, and similar types of securities; and
- 22. Generally to do all such acts, execute all such instruments, initiate such proceedings, and exercise all such rights and privileges with relation to property constituting the Fund as if the Trustee were the absolute owner thereof, and, to the extent not inconsistent with the express provisions hereof, the enumeration of any power herein will not be by way of limitation, but will be cumulative and construed as full and complete power in favor of the Trustee. In addition to the authority specifically herein granted, the Trustee will have such power to do all acts as may be deemed necessary for full and complete management of the Fund and appropriate to carry out the purposes of the Fund, and will further have all powers and authorities conferred on trustees by the laws of the Trustee's domiciliary state.

8.03 COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES

The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will receive such reasonable compensation as may be agreed upon by the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) and the Adopting Employer. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be entitled to reimbursement by the Employer for all proper expenses incurred in carrying out their duties under this Plan, including reasonable legal, accounting, and actuarial expenses. Such compensation will include any earnings on funds retained pursuant to Plan Sections 8.01(A)(7) and 8.02(B)(19) hereof in non-interest bearing accounts and any such earnings will not become a part of the Fund. The Adopting Employer expressly acknowledges that the ability of the Trustee or the Custodian, as applicable, and any affiliated financial organization of the preceding, to earn income on amounts held in such non-interest bearing accounts has been taken into consideration in establishing the Trustee's or Custodian's fees hereunder. If not paid by the Employer, all such compensation and expenses may be charged against the Fund. Notwithstanding the preceding, a Participant will not be entitled to compensation even if they serve in the capacity as a Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable).

The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be reimbursed by the Employer or from the Fund for all taxes of any kind whatsoever that may be levied or assessed under existing or future laws of any jurisdiction upon or in respect of the Fund. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) shall promptly notify the Employer with regard to any levies or tax assessments that it receives on any income or property maintained in the Fund and, unless notified to the contrary by the Employer within ninety (90) days, shall pay any such levies or assessments. If the Employer notifies the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) within said period that it is its opinion or the opinion of counsel that such levies or assessments are invalid or that they should be contested, then the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) shall take whatever action concerning payment of the levy or assessment as is indicated in the notice received by the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable); provided, however, that the Employer, and not the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), will be responsible for contesting any such levies or assessments or litigating any such claims.

8.04 NO OBLIGATION TO QUESTION DATA

The Employer shall furnish the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) and Plan Administrator the information which each party deems necessary for the administration of the Plan including, but not limited to, changes in a Participant's status, eligibility, mailing addresses and other such data as may be required. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) and Plan Administrator will be entitled to act on such information as is supplied to them and will have no duty or responsibility to further verify or question such information.

8.05 RESIGNATION

Any person serving as Trustee or Custodian may resign at any time by giving thirty (30) days advance written notice to the Adopting Employer. The resignation will become effective thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice unless a shorter period is agreed upon. If the Adopting Employer fails to appoint a successor Trustee or Custodian following notice of resignation, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will have the power to appoint a successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable).

The Adopting Employer may remove any Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) at any time by giving written notice to such Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) and such removal will be effective thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice unless a shorter period is agreed upon. The Adopting Employer will have the power to appoint a successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable).

In the event the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) is removed, resigns, dies, or becomes incapacitated and the Adopting Employer or Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not or cannot appoint a successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) within a reasonable period of time thereafter, a majority of Participants in the Plan will have the authority to appoint a successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) but will not be obligated to do so if engaging a majority of Participants would result in unreasonable time, expense, or administrative burden.

Upon such resignation or removal, if the resigning or removed Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) is the sole Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), they shall transfer all of the assets of the Fund then held by such Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) as expeditiously as possible to the successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) after paying or reserving such reasonable amount as they will deem necessary to provide for the expense in the settlement of the accounts and the amount of any compensation due them and any sums chargeable against the Fund for which they may be liable. If the Funds as reserved are not sufficient for such purpose, then they will be entitled to reimbursement from the successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) out of the assets in the successor Trustee's (or Custodian's, if applicable) hands under this Plan. If the amount reserved will be in excess of the amount actually needed, the former Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will return such excess to the successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable).

Upon receipt of the transferred assets, the successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will thereupon succeed to all of the powers and responsibilities given to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) by this Plan.

Where a financial organization is serving as Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) and it is merged with or bought by another organization (or comes under the control of any federal or state agency), that organization shall serve as the successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) of this Plan, but only if it is the type of organization that can so serve under applicable law. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) or any subsequent assignees may, by prior written notice to the Employer, and without the need for the Employer's consent or prior approval, assign all or any part of its rights and obligations under this Plan to any affiliate (which term includes, without limitation, any parent, subsidiary, or sister entity) of the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) or the assignee.

Where the Trustee or Custodian is serving as a nonbank trustee or custodian pursuant to Treasury Regulation section 1.408-2(e), the Adopting Employer will appoint a successor Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) upon notification by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that such substitution is required because the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) has failed to comply with the requirements of Treasury Regulation section 1.408-2(e) or is not keeping such records or making such returns or rendering such statements as are required by forms or regulations.

8.06 DEGREE OF CARE – LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be under no duty to take any action other than its express responsibilities under this Plan unless the responsible party under the terms of the Plan will furnish the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) with written instructions; provided that in no event may the Trustee's (or Custodian's, if applicable) responsibilities be expanded except with its prior written consent. Any instructions hereunder may be delivered to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) directly by the responsible party or by other mutually agreed upon parties. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith in reliance upon any instructions received hereunder or any other notice, request, consent, certificate, or other instrument or paper reasonably believed by it to be genuine and to have been properly executed. A Directed Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will have no duty to inquire into the purpose or propriety of any order, instruction, or other communication received hereunder and may conclusively presume that any such order, instruction, or other communication is accurate and complete. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not be responsible for determining that all instructions provided to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) are being given by the appropriate party and are in proper form under the provisions of the Plan and applicable law. The Trustee (or Custodian, Plan Administrator, Trustee, or Participant, as applicable, pursuant to the terms of the Plan and applicable law.

The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not be responsible for the validity or effect or the qualification under the Code or the Plan. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not be required to take any action upon receipt of any notice from the IRS or other taxing authority (unless such notice relates to the performance of the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) responsibilities in Plan Sections 8.01(A) or 8.02(A)) except to promptly forward a copy thereof to the Employer. Further, it is specifically understood that the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will have no duty or responsibility with respect to the determination of matters pertaining to the eligibility of any Employee to become a Participant or remain a Participant hereunder, the amount of benefit to which a Participant or Beneficiary will be entitled to receive hereunder, whether a distribution to Participant or Beneficiary is appropriate under the terms of the Plan, the size and type of any policy to be purchased from any insurer for any Participant hereunder, or any other similar matters, it being understood that all such responsibilities under the Plan are vested in the Plan Administrator.

8.07 INDEMNIFICATION OF TRUSTEE AND CUSTODIAN

Notwithstanding any provision hereof, the Adopting Employer hereby agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable), and its affiliates, and their respective directors, managers, officers, employees, agents, and other representatives harmless from any losses, costs, expenses, fees, liabilities, damages, claims, suits, or actions and appeals thereof resulting from their reliance upon any certificate, notice, confirmation, or instruction purporting to have been delivered by a representative of the Adopting Employer or the Plan that has been duly identified to the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable) in a manner required or accepted by such Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable) ("Designated Representative"). The Adopting Employer waives any and all claims of any nature it now has or may have against the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable) and its affiliates, and their respective directors, managers, officers, employees, agents, and other representatives, which arise, directly or indirectly, from any action that it takes in good faith in accordance with any certificate, notice, confirmation, or instruction from a Designated Representative of the Adopting Employer. The Adopting Employer also hereby agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable), and any parent, subsidiary, related corporation, or affiliates of the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable), including their respective directors, managers, officers, employees, agents, and other representatives, harmless from and against any and all loss, costs, damages, liability, expenses, or claims of any nature whatsoever, including but not limited to legal expenses, court costs, legal fees, and costs of investigation, including appeals thereof, arising, directly or indirectly, out of any loss or diminution of the Fund resulting from changes in the market value of the Fund assets; reliance, or action taken in reliance, on instructions from the Adopting Employer or its Designated Representative; any exercise or failure to exercise investment direction authority by the Adopting Employer or by its Designated Representative; the Trustee's or Custodian's refusal on advice of counsel to act in accordance with any investment direction by the Adopting Employer or its Designated Representative; any other act or failure to act by the Adopting Employer or its Designated Representative; any prohibited transaction or plan disqualification of a Qualified Plan due to any actions taken or not taken by the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable), in reliance on instructions from the Adopting Employer or its Designated Representative; or any other act the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable), takes in good faith hereunder that arises under the Plan or the administration of the Fund.

The Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable), will not be liable to the Adopting Employer for any act, omission, or determination made in connection with this Agreement except for its gross negligence or willful misconduct. Without limiting the generality of the preceding, the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable) will not be liable for any losses arising from its compliance with instructions from the Adopting Employer or its Designated Representative; for executing, failing to execute, failing to timely execute, or for any mistake in the execution of any instructions, unless such action or inaction is by reason of the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Trustee (or Custodian, as applicable).

The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be accountable only for monies or property actually received by it. If any portion of the Fund is held by another custodian or trustee, the term "Fund" herein will mean only that portion of the Fund from time to time held by the applicable Trustee or Custodian. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not be deemed accountable, responsible, or liable for the acts or omissions of any other custodian or trustee of the Plan. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will have no duty or responsibility for the determination of the accuracy or sufficiency of the contributions to be made under the Plan, the collection thereof, the transmittal of the same to the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), or compliance with any statute, regulation, or rule applicable to such contributions. A Directed Trustee (or a Custodian, if applicable) will have no discretion as to investment of the Fund or administration of the Plan and will not be deemed a "fiduciary" as that term is used in ERISA. The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) is signing the Adoption Agreement solely to signify its acceptance of appointment as Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) and the Employer will have sole responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, legal sufficiency, and due execution thereof, including consulting with legal counsel and tax advisors as the Employer deems appropriate in connection therewith.

The provisions of this Plan Section 8.07 will survive the termination or amendment of the Plan.

8.08 MISCELLANEOUS

- **A.** Governing Law To the extent not preempted by ERISA, Plan Sections 8.01 and 8.02 will be construed and enforced, to the extent possible, according to the laws of the State in which the Custodian or Trustee maintains its principle place of business and all provisions hereof will be administered according to the laws of said State and any federal laws, regulations, or rules that may from time to time be applicable.
- **B.** Necessary Parties To the extent permitted by law, only the Employer and the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be necessary parties in any application to the courts for an interpretation of Plan Sections 8.01 or 8.02 or for an accounting by the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable), and no other Plan Fiduciary, Participant, Beneficiary, or other person having an interest in the Fund will be entitled to any notice or service of process. Any final judgment entered in such an action or proceeding will, to the extent permitted by law, be conclusive upon all persons claiming in Plan Sections 8.01 or 8.02.
- C. Force Majeure The Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will not be responsible or liable for the failure or delay in performance of its obligations arising out of or caused, directly or indirectly, by circumstances beyond its reasonable control, or that could not be avoided by the exercise of due care, such as an act of God or any mechanical, electronic, or communications failure.
- **D.** Agents In performing its obligations under this Plan, the Trustee (or Custodian, if applicable) will be entitled to employ suitable agents, counsel, sub-custodians, and other service providers.

8.09 LIMITED TRUSTEE

This section applies where either a financial organization and/or one or more individuals has/have indicated in the Adoption Agreement that it will serve as Limited Trustee with respect to the Fund or where one or more individuals has/have indicated in the Adoption Agreement that they will serve as individual trustee(s) and a separate Limited Trustee(s) has not been indicated on the Adoption Agreement. At no time will a financial organization that is serving as a Trustee be considered a Limited Trustee without their express authorization shown by its signature on either the Adoption Agreement or a separate form approved by the financial organization. The responsibilities and powers of the Limited Trustee may not be expanded except with its prior written consent and, notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, may be further limited by the terms of a separate agreement between the Limited Trustee and the Adopting Employer.

A. Responsibilities of the Limited Trustee

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the responsibilities of the Limited Trustee will be limited to ensuring the timely collection and deposit of Employer Contributions.

B. Compensation and Expenses

The Limited Trustee will receive such reasonable compensation as may be agreed upon by the Limited Trustee and the Adopting Employer. The Limited Trustee will be entitled to reimbursement by the Employer for all proper expenses incurred in carrying out their duties under this Plan, including reasonable legal, accounting, and actuarial expenses. If not paid by the Employer, all such compensation and expenses may be charged against the Fund. Notwithstanding the preceding, a Participant will not be entitled to compensation even if they serve in the capacity as a Limited Trustee.

C. No Obligation to Question Data

The Plan Administrator and/or Employer shall furnish to the Limited Trustee the information that the Limited Trustee deems necessary for complying with its responsibilities under the Plan. The Limited Trustee will be entitled to act on such information as is supplied and will have no duty or responsibility to further verify or question such information.

D. Resignation

Any person serving as Limited Trustee may resign at any time by giving thirty (30) days advance written notice to the Adopting Employer. The resignation will become effective thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice unless a shorter period is agreed upon. The Adopting Employer may remove any Limited Trustee at any time by giving written notice to such Limited Trustee and such removal will be effective thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice unless a shorter period is agreed upon. The Adopting Employer will have the power and the duty to appoint a successor Limited Trustee. If the Adopting Employer fails to appoint a successor Limited Trustee following notice of resignation, the Trustee will have the power, but not the duty, to appoint a successor Limited Trustee. In no event will the Trustee become a Limited Trustee unless the Trustee acknowledges the appointment by executing the Limited Trustee section of the Adoption Agreement.

Where a financial organization is serving as Limited Trustee and it is merged with or bought by another organization (or comes under the control of any federal or state agency), that organization will serve as the successor Limited Trustee of this Plan, but only if it is the type of organization that can so serve under applicable law. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Limited Trustee or any subsequent assignees may, by prior written notice to the Employer, and without the need for the Employer's consent or prior approval, assign all or any part of its rights and obligations under this Plan to any affiliate (which term includes, without limitation, any parent, subsidiary, or sister entity) of the Limited Trustee or the assignee.

E. Degree of Care - Limitations of Liability

The Limited Trustee will be under no duty to take any action other than its express responsibilities under this Plan unless the responsible party under the terms of the Plan shall furnish the Limited Trustee with written instructions; provided that in no event may the Limited Trustee's responsibilities be expanded except with its prior written consent. Any instructions hereunder may be delivered to the Limited Trustee directly by the responsible party or by other mutually agreed upon parties. The Limited Trustee will not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith in reliance upon any instructions received hereunder or any other notice, request, consent, certificate, or other instrument or paper reasonably believed by it to be genuine and to have been properly executed. The Limited Trustee will not be responsible for determining that all instructions provided to the Limited Trustee are being given by the appropriate party and are in proper form under the provisions of the Plan and applicable law. The Limited Trustee may conclusively presume that any instructions received have been duly authorized by the Employer, Plan Administrator, or Discretionary Trustee, as applicable, pursuant to the terms of the Plan and applicable law. The Limited Trustee will not be responsible for the validity or effect or the qualification under the Code or the Plan.

F. Indemnification of Limited Trustee

Notwithstanding any provision hereof, the Adopting Employer hereby agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold the Limited Trustee, and its affiliates, and their respective directors, managers, officers, employees, agents, and other representatives harmless from any losses, costs, expenses, fees, liabilities, damages, claims, suits, or actions and appeals thereof resulting from their reliance upon any certificate, notice, confirmation, or instruction purporting to have been delivered by a representative of the Adopting Employer or the Plan that has been duly identified to the Limited Trustee in a manner required or accepted by such Limited Trustee. The Adopting Employer waives any and all claims of any nature it now has or may have against the Limited Trustee and its affiliates, and their respective directors, managers, officers, employees, agents, and other representatives, which arise, directly or indirectly, from any action or act the Limited Trustee takes in good faith hereunder that arises under the Plan or the administration of the Fund.

The Limited Trustee will not be liable to the Adopting Employer for any act, omission, or determination made in connection with this Agreement except for its gross negligence or willful misconduct. Without limiting the generality of the preceding, the Limited Trustee will not be liable for any losses arising from its compliance with instructions from the Adopting Employer or its Designated Representative; for executing, failing to execute, failing to timely execute, or for any mistake in the execution of any instructions, unless such action or inaction is by reason of the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Limited Trustee

The Limited Trustee is signing the Adoption Agreement solely to signify its acceptance of appointment as Limited Trustee and the Employer will have sole responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, legal sufficiency, and due execution thereof, including consulting with legal counsel and tax advisors as the Employer deems appropriate in connection therewith.

The provisions of this Plan Section 8.09 will survive the termination or amendment of the Plan.

SECTION NINE: ADOPTING EMPLOYER SIGNATURE

Adoption Agreement Section Nine must contain the signature of an authorized representative of the Adopting Employer evidencing the Employer's agreement to be bound by the terms of the Basic Plan Document, Adoption Agreement, and, if applicable, separate trust or custodial agreement.



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

Plan Description: Prototype Standardized Profit Sharing Plan With CODA

FFN: 31257412704-001 Case: 201500823 EIN: 04-3523567

Letter Serial No: J200157a Date of Submission: 09/22/2015

NATIONAL FINANCIAL SERVICES LLC 245 SUMMER STREET BOSTON, MA 02210

Contact Person: Janell Hayes Telephone Number: 513-263-3602

In Reference To: TEGE:EP:7521

Date: 09/24/2015

Dear Applicant:

In our opinion, the form of the plan identified above is acceptable under section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code for use by employers for the benefit of their employees. This opinion relates only to the acceptability of the form of the plan under the Internal Revenue Code. It is not an opinion of the effect of other Federal or local statutes.

You must furnish a copy of this letter, a copy of the approved plan, and copies of any subsequent amendments to each employer who adopts this plan. Effective on or after 10/31/2011, interim amendments adopted by the sponsor on behalf of employers must provide the date of adoption by the sponsor.

This letter considers the changes in qualification requirements contained in the 2010 Cumulative List of Notice 2010-90, 2010-52 I.R.B. 909.

Our opinion on the acceptability of the form of the plan is not a ruling or determination as to whether an employer's plan qualifies under Code section 401(a). The employer can generally rely on the letter as described in Rev. Proc. 2011-49, 2011-44 I.R.B. 608, provided the terms of the plan are followed in operation.

Our opinion does not apply for purposes of Code section 401(a)(10)(B) and section 401(a)(16) if an employer ever maintained another qualified plan for one or more employees who are covered by this plan. For this purpose, the employer will not be considered to have maintained another plan merely because the employer has maintained another defined contribution plan(s), provided such other plan(s) has been terminated prior to the effective date of this plan and no annual additions have been credited to the account of any participant under such other plan(s) as of any date within the limitation year of this plan. Also, for this purpose, an employer is considered as maintaining another plan, to the extent that the employer maintains a welfare benefit fund defined in Code section 419(e), which provides postretirement medical benefits allocated to separate accounts for key employees as defined in Code section 419A(d)(3), or an individual medical account as defined in Code section 415(l)(2), which is part of a pension or annuity plan maintained by the employer, or a simplified employee pension plan.

An employer that adopts this plan may not rely on this opinion letter with respect to: (1) whether any amendment or series of amendments to the plan satisfies the nondiscrimination requirements of section 1.401(a)(4)-5(a) of the regulations, except with respect to plan amendments granting past service that meet the safe harbor described in section 1.401(a)(4)-5(a)(3) and are not part of a pattern of amendments that significantly discriminates in favor of highly compensated employees; or (2) whether the plan satisfies the

NATIONAL FINANCIAL SERVICES LLC

FFN: 31257412704-001

Page: 2

effective availability requirement of section 1.401(a)(4)-4(c) of the regulations with respect to any benefit, right or feature.

An employer that adopts this plan as an amendment to a plan other than a standardized plan may not rely on this opinion letter with respect to whether a benefit, right or other feature that is prospectively eliminated satisfies the current availability requirements of section 1.401(a)(4)-4 of the regulations.

Our opinion does not apply for purposes of the requirement of section 1.401(a)-1(b)(2) of the regulations applicable to a money purchase plan or target benefit plan where the normal retirement age under the employer's plan is lower than age 62.

This is not a ruling or determination with respect to any language in the plan that reflects Section 3 of the Defense of Marriage Act, Pub. L. 104-199, 110 Stat. 2419 (DOMA) or U.S. v. Windsor, 570 U.S. 12 (2013), which invalidated that section.

The employer may request a determination (1) as to whether the plan, considered with all related qualified plans and, if appropriate, welfare benefit funds, individual medical benefit accounts, and simplified employee pension plans, satisfies the requirements of Code section 401(a)(16) as to limitations on benefits and contributions in Code section 415 and the requirements of Code section 401(a)(10)(B) as to the top-heavy plan requirements in Code section 416; (2) with respect to whether a money purchase or target benefit plan's normal retirement age which is earlier than age 62 satisfies the requirements of section 401(a)-1(b)(2) of the Income Tax Regulations; (3) that the plan is a multiple employer plan; (4) whether there has been a partial termination; and (5) to comply with published procedures of the Service (e.g. minimum funding waiver request). The employer may request a determination letter in these circumstances by filing an application with Employee Plans Determinations on Form 5300, without restating for the Cumulative List in effect when the application is filed.

If you, the master or prototype sponsor, have any questions concerning the IRS processing of this case, please call the above telephone number. This number is only for use of the sponsor. Individual participants and/or adopting employers with questions concerning the plan should contact the master or prototype sponsor. The plan's adoption agreement must include the sponsor's address and telephone number for inquiries by adopting employers.

If you write to the IRS regarding this plan, please provide your telephone number and the most convenient time for us to call in case we need more information. Whether you call or write, please refer to the Letter Serial Number and File Folder Number shown in the heading of this letter.

You should keep this letter as a permanent record. Please notify us if you modify or discontinue sponsorship of this plan.

Sincerely Yours,

Karen J Zms

Karen D. Truss

Director, Employee Plans Rulings and Agreements